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- 3.—Hamburg Steak and
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- 4.—Chicken Pilau
- 5.—Roast Fore Quarter of Lamb
- 6.—Cold Roast Beef, Potato Salad
- 7.—Roast Potatoes
- 8.—Boiled Potatoes
- 9.—Green Peas
- 10.—Fried Apple Fritters
- 11.—Fruit 12.—Tea 13.—Coffee

THE WORLD'S TRADE DEPRESSION.

ITS REAL CAUSE.

THE COLLAPSE OF PRICE-FIXING.

The following article by Prof.
Gustav Cassel recently appeared in
the *Manchester Guardian*:

It is remarkable to observe how
difficult it is for people to form a
comprehensive view of what is
happening at the present time, and
how they fail to understand cor-
rectly the fundamental connections
between the economic events of
their own period, even when these
events can be clearly compared
with those of past periods. The
strong and general fall in prices
of goods which has been causing
uneasiness during the last twelve
months is, in fact, a phenomenon
which is by no means without pre-
cedents in economic history. And
yet the public has so far failed to
realise what are the fundamental
reasons of the extraordinary dif-
ficulties which we are at present
facing.

For the last ten years experts
have issued warnings of the danger
of too greatly restricting the gold
supply of the world, and have
pointed out the necessity of meet-
ing this danger by a systematic
policy of saving the gold reserves
and of making the supplies of
means for payments, as it were,
independent of gold supplies. It
has been stated in the most un-
equivocal terms that any deviation
from such a programme would ex-
pose the world economy to a strong
decline in prices and a correspond-
ing general depression.

Now we have reached this point.
Recent times have been charac-
terised rather by a relentless
struggle for gold than by a con-
scious collaboration aiming at that
limitation of the demands which
would have been necessary in order
to stabilise the purchasing power
of gold. The result has been a fall
in prices, the extent of which is
unique, if we except the deflation
of the post-war period. This col-
lapse of prices resulted in a general
depression which found its expres-
sion not only in heavy losses on
the stock exchanges and in econo-
mic difficulties for industrial, com-
mercial, and transport undertakings
but also in an industrial unemploy-
ment which has assumed disquieting
proportions in almost every country.
To this was added a very serious
agricultural crisis which spread
over virtually the whole world.

Responsibility of the Central Banks.

And yet people fail to see, or
do not want to see, the connection.
The business world follows its usual
tendency to ascribe any and every
decline in prices to unfavourable
market conditions within a given
branch of business, and does not
consider the higher point of view
which demands that the fall in
prices should be taken as a general
fact the prime reasons for which
are to be found in the change of
money values. Just in the same
way, financiers, when interviewed
by the newspapers, talk of the
unrest in China and Russia or the
short skirts of the women as the

probable causes of decrease in de-
mand and the continued decline in
prices! Old over-production theories
buried long ago are revived. In
the financial Press, writers who
claim to be experts in economics
are using comprehensive but ill-
digested technical arguments and
an equally ill-digested statistical
material in an attempt to prevent
a scientifically correct explanation
of the true facts. In the final re-
sult this kind of article-writing
aims at proving that there is
neither a definite nor a necessary
connection between the economic
crisis—and, above all, between the
level of the prices of goods—and
the world's supply of means of
payment, and that therefore we
cannot speak of a responsibility of
the central banks for the general
collapse of prices. If such confu-
sion of thought characterises the
writers on economics—unfortun-
ately even in leading financial jour-
nals—then we need not wonder
that the general public fails to find
its bearings.

Banks and Prices.

The central banks have in fact
always shown a tendency to decline
any responsibility for whatever
happens to the purchasing power
of money. They and their com-
rades at arms even go so far as
to deny that the central banks have
any influence whatsoever on the
fixation of prices. On the other
hand, there are still some people
who have not forgotten to what
absurdities this method led during
the inflation of the war and post-
war periods. Although at that time
the impossibility of maintaining
such a view became evident to
everybody, it is now hoped that the
world will obediently return to the
belief in the perfect exemption
from responsibility of the central
banks for the evolution of the price
level and the fate of the world's
economy which depends upon it.

How Events Have Given Them the Lie.

The absolute incompetence of
those directorates of central banks
who object to any scientific analysis
was proved conclusively during the
post-war period by the actual
developments. Nevertheless, cer-
tain central banks are again as-
suming the same attitude. These
same authorities stated only a
year ago that the central banks
were following the development of
the gold market with an attention
which rendered any interference by
economic scientists unnecessary.
To-day we all know what the ex-
pression of this attention has been.
It is especially remarkable that the
Bank of France has consistently
and quite unnecessarily acquired
enormous amounts of gold without
troubling in the least about the
consequences which such a proce-
dure was bound to have on the
gold supply of the rest of the world,
and therefore on the world's
economic position. As late as last

winter a prominent so-called econo-
mist stated that the gold-saving
policy was mainly of theoretical in-
terest and could only assume any
practical importance in a distant
future. He evidently did not dream
how soon, how completely, and how
disastrously the actual events would
disprove his assertion.

Harmful Tendencies.

It is indeed uncanny that a ques-
tion which is of such importance to
the economic welfare of the people
can be treated in such a way. If
only a better understanding of the
nature of the problem had been
allowed to develop—if the pro-
gramme of the 1922 Genoa Confer-
ence, embodying a definite colla-
boration between the central banks
for the limitation of the gold de-
mands, had been really carried
through; if the other central banks
had acted in the spirit of the Bank
of England, especially in regard to
the liberation of money supplies
from too great dependence on the
gold supply—then indeed the
world's economic position would
to-day be very different. This, of
course does not mean that all our
present difficulties are due to the
gold policy, which has unques-
tionably driven up the value of gold.
Unfortunately, we have to reckon
with other harmful tendencies, like
the Protectionist cutting up of the
world market, monopolies in several
other forms, and impediments to
the international movement of
capital. The change in the value
of money is nevertheless a factor
of prime importance, and, more-
over, a factor which could have
been the easiest of all to control
with a little insight and goodwill.

Further Depression Possible.

Now the whole world is waiting
for an improvement of the economic
situation, while it is being argued
that prices have fallen to such an
extent that they are bound to have
reached their lowest level. This is
indeed a somewhat simple argu-
ment. If grave mistakes have been
made in the management of money
matters, then the results must not
be assumed to be the outcome of
a predetermined cycle of events,
and no improvement can be expected
before the mistakes have been
realised and put right again. If,
for instance, the American Federal
Reserve Board should repeat the
fateful mistake committed a year
ago, when in order to counteract
the sharp speculation the supply of
money was reduced and thereby the
general price level was forced down,
then the world may still expect
a further fall in prices of goods
and a further increase in the
economic depression.

A real and reliable change for
the better can only be expected
after we have realised the funda-
mental evils of our present econo-
mic position, and are again in a
position to give a more or less satis-
factory stability to the unit in which
we calculate the price of our goods.

Diary of Coming Events.

To-day.

(September 2.)

Theatre Royal: Efron Zimbalist,
Violin Recital.
Queen's Theatre: "Such Men are
Dangerous."
World Theatre: "The Changing
Age" (Chinese film).
Star Theatre: "Resurrection."
Central Theatre: "The Dance of
Life."
Majestic Theatre: "The Wife's
Relations."
Sanitary Board Meeting, 4.15
p.m.
Sale of Crown Land, K.L.L. No.
2375, at offices of Public Works De-
partment, 3 p.m.
Tennis: "A" Div. I.R.C. v.
C.B.C.
Dinner Dance, Peninsula Hotel,
8.30 p.m.
European Mail—Inward: Europe
via Siberia (Sarpedon). Outward:
Europe via Siberia (Autolyus),
2.30 p.m.; Europe via Marseilles
(Sarpedon), 6 p.m.
Tides: High, 4.15 a.m.; Low,
12.52 p.m.

Wednesday.

(September 3.)

Queen's Theatre: "Such Men are
Dangerous."
World Theatre: "The Changing
Age" (Chinese film).
Star Theatre: "Resurrection."
Central Theatre: "The Dance of
Life."
Majestic Theatre: "The Wife's
Relations."
Water Polo: 1st Div. Chinese
Athletic v. V.B.C.
Dinner Dance: Hong Kong Hotel
8.30 p.m.
Tides: High, 5.40 a.m. and 6.24
p.m.; Low, 1.33 p.m. and 11.56 p.m.
Thursday,
(September 4.)
Queen's Theatre: "Broadway
Melody."
Central Theatre: "The Dance of
Life."
World Theatre: "Three Passions."
Star Theatre: "Mare Nostrum."
Majestic Theatre: "The Secret
Hour."
Water Polo: 1st Div. Kowloon
S.C. v. Chinese Bathing Club.
Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel,
8.30 p.m.
European Mail—Outward: Europe
via Marseilles (Katori
Maru), 6 p.m.
Tides: High, 7.41 a.m. and 9.51
p.m.; Low, 12.57 a.m. and 2.46 p.m.

Annual Dinner and Dance: Por-
tuguese Company, H.K.V.D.C. at
Club de Recreio.

European Mail—Outward:
Europe via Vancouver, B.C. (Emp.
of Canada), 10 a.m.
Tides: High, 6.48 a.m. and 9.38
p.m.; Low, 2.14 p.m.

Friday.

(September 5.)

Queen's Theatre: "Broadway
Melody."
World Theatre: "Three Passions."
Star Theatre: "Mare Nostrum."
Central Theatre: "The Dance of
Life."
Majestic Theatre: "The Secret
Hour."
Water Polo: 1st Div. Kowloon
S.C. v. Chinese Bathing Club.
Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel,
8.30 p.m.
European Mail—Outward:
Europe via Marseilles (Katori
Maru), 6 p.m.
Tides: High, 7.41 a.m. and 9.51
p.m.; Low, 12.57 a.m. and 2.46 p.m.

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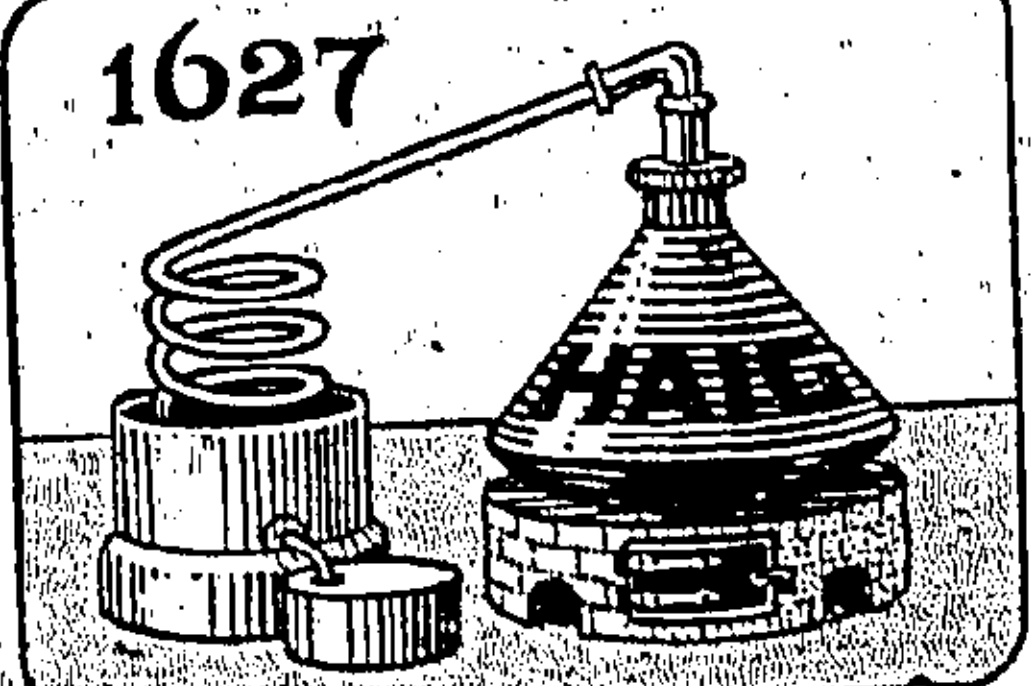
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ELECTRICITY OR
CANDLES?BATTLE OF LIGHTS IN
ANCIENT CHURCH.

An unusual petition came before Mr. F. H. L. Errington at a sitting of the Consistory Court of London in St. Paul's Cathedral last month, when the rector and churchwardens of the Church of St. Mary the Virgin, Monken Hadley (Middlesex) applied for a faculty to install a system of electricity in the church in place of the candles now used. The petition was opposed by Mr. J. Percy Callard, of the Priory, Monken Hadley, on the ground that it would destroy the character of the church, which dates back to 1494.

Mr. W. A. Forsyth, an architect, gave evidence in support of the petition, stating that to light the church adequately with candles required a large number, and the fumes were detrimental to the congregation. With candles it was impossible for the whole congregation to enter fully into the service.

In reply to Mr. G. E. Emery, who appeared for Mr. Callard, Mr. Forsyth said there would be a risk of fire in case of a short circuit, but expensive tacking would be used to avoid the risk. There was more risk from a falling candle than from a wire fusing. With the system they proposed to install it would be possible to have a dim religious light when necessary during the service.

Dr. Walter Mercer, a former church warden, also opposed the petition. He said he had been a worshipper at the church for forty years, and did not think there was any danger from the use of candles. For a medical point of view he would give the church a clean bill of health. For the aesthetic point of view candles were undoubtedly more impressive than electric light.

The Rector (the Rev. Gilbert Richardson) said that they spent over £20 a year in candles, and the black smoke blown into one's mouth was most objectionable. He thought the aesthetic argument had been pushed too far. They were living in modern times, and had to maintain their congregations and pay their way. It was essential that the lighting should be adequate.

Mr. Callard said that the old church was famous for its great beauty, and any form of electric light would spoil that beauty. Forty-four parishioners had signed a memorial against the proposed change.

The Chancellor, in granting the faculty, said that from a purely aesthetic point of view lighting by candles was probably the more effective for the church, but the primary use of the church was for congregational worship, and he must attach particular importance to the views of the congregation. As there had been an almost unanimous vote of the parochial church council for the change, he did not feel justified in refusing the petition.

CRACK SHOT AT 100.

DEATH OF SWEDISH
SKI-RUNNER.

The little village of Groetholm in the vast forests of Dalecarlia, the heart of Sweden, recently lost its grand old man, the pride of the village. Knut Halvarsson, a sturdy peasant and the oldest inhabitant of Dalecarlia, recently died in his 102nd year, but shortly before his death he scored a bull in a rifle competition and afterwards returned on skis to his cottage several miles away. This Swedish peasant, born in 1828 on a little farm in the dense and isolated woods of northern Dalecarlia, remained true to the soil all his life and lived to see the little farm emerge from its isolation and grow into a village with electric light, telephones, and motor-buses.

Halvarsson himself despised such modern innovations and continued to work as before trusting to his indefatigable physical strength. When age did not allow him to plough, sow, and harvest any longer he wandered in the woods hunting and fishing. Vital and active unto his last breath he read his Bible and his newspaper without spectacles, and in summer he would mount his horse to assist driving the cattle to the pasture grounds in the hills. Not until he was a hundred years old did he apply for and receive a State pension. When Sweden's famous ski-runner, the Dalecarlian Hedlund from Serna, was congratulated on his victory in the St. Moritz ski races, he answered: "Why, that is nothing, I just met old Knut Halvarsson on skis on my way home!"

JUDGE TALKS ABOUT BEER.

MAN DRINKS 12 PINTS EACH
EVENING.

A claim at Greenwich County Court for damages arising out of a motor-car accident at Bromley led to a piquant discussion on beer.

William Stevens, of Malham Road, Forest Hill, the plaintiff, agreed that he usually drank about twenty-five half-pints of beer in the evening at the end of his day's work.

"I have been drinking all my life," he said. "On Sunday it is a quite time, and I only have about two and a half pints."

Judge Moore: "I suppose there are various stages one reaches when one takes a considerable amount of beer. There is the happy and careless state. How many glasses would it take for you to reach that?"

Stevens: "I do not know that I have even been like it."

Mr. H. Edmunds (defending counsel): "What, never happy?" Stevens added that the twenty-five half-pints were in addition to what he drank at midday.

"I Go out Properly."

Mr. Edmunds: That is drinking from the time they open to the time they throw you out!—They never throw me out, I go out properly. I am a man who is respected.

A man who can take twenty-five half-pints might well be respected. Is that what you are respected for?—I am an upright, straight and truthful man.

Harry Barnett, described as a stevedore, a witness, told the judge that he could probably take more than twenty half-pints and still be quite sober.

Barnett added that they had a public-house open for them between six and eight in the morning, so that they could have a drink before going to work, and Mr. Edmunds suggested that he brought them both strength and courage for their work.

Barnett said that the beer served nowadays would not hurt any one, and twenty half-pints would not make any one drunk.

Mr. Edmunds: Have you ever been drunk?—I don't know what you mean by drunk.

Judge Moore: That is a puzzle to a good many people.

Mr. Edmunds: "He it not drunk who from the floor can rise and ask his friends for more"—is that it?—Yes.

Judgment was given for the defendant.

THE PRINCE ORDERED OFF.

HAPPY ENDING TO GOLF
COURSE COMEDY.

A delightful incident happened recently at the new golf course at Le Touquet, which is to be opened in September.

Allen Gault, the English green-keeper, was passing the first tee on his way home in the afternoon when he saw a young man in plus fours, a grey pullover, and a black and white cap ready to swing on his ball.

As strict orders had been given against any one playing on the course, Gault did not wait until he reached the tee but called out warningly, "Don't you know that these links are not open yet, and that no one is allowed to play here? Who are you?"

The young man with the golf club raised his head for the first time, and replied with a smile, "I am the Prince of Wales."

Then, noticing Gault's chagrin, he added in a friendly tone, "Don't be upset. You are quite right. You are doing your duty. I know that play has not started here yet, but I received special permission to practise here, and I suppose that some one failed to notify you."

VICAR'S SON AS
STOWAWAY.

WANTED TO SEE THE WORLD.

An 18-year-old undergraduate of London University, who stowed away in the Blue Star liner Avila Star, bound for South America, was brought back to England recently from the Cape Verde Islands.

The youth whose adventure was thus cut short is Michael Langley, son of the Rev. H. L. Langley, vicar of Wombourne, Wolverhampton.

He hid in the vessel just before it sailed from London and he was not found until the ship had left Madeira.

Four Days In Lifeboat.

The captain landed him at St. Vincent, where he stayed nine days until the Avila Star's sister ship, Andalucia Star, arrived on the voyage home.

"His sole idea in going was to add to his experience of the world and pick up information for articles and stories," said his father.

Michael Langley told a reporter that he spent four days in a lifeboat, living on two ham sandwiches, a bar of chocolate, and water from the lifeboat keg. He was exhausted when he gave himself up.

SHOCK FOR STAG-HUNTERS.

EXMOOR COVERTS CLOSED.

A "bombshell" has been dropped among the Devon and Somerset Stag-hunters, who have been forbidden to hunt over one of the best bits of ground on the whole of Exmoor just a few days before their opening meet at Cloutsham.

This latest ban has been placed on the Stag-hunters by Mr. J. Walker King, who has publicly warned all hunters that in future he will permit no hunting over his land at Watercombe Farm on the coverts at Cutcombe, near Minehead. The land concerned lies close to Dunkery Beacon, which was recently acquired for stag-hunting purposes.

Mr. King, who is the prospective Labour candidate for Taunton, is a bitter opponent of stag-hunting, which he has frequently denounced for its barbarity and cruelty.

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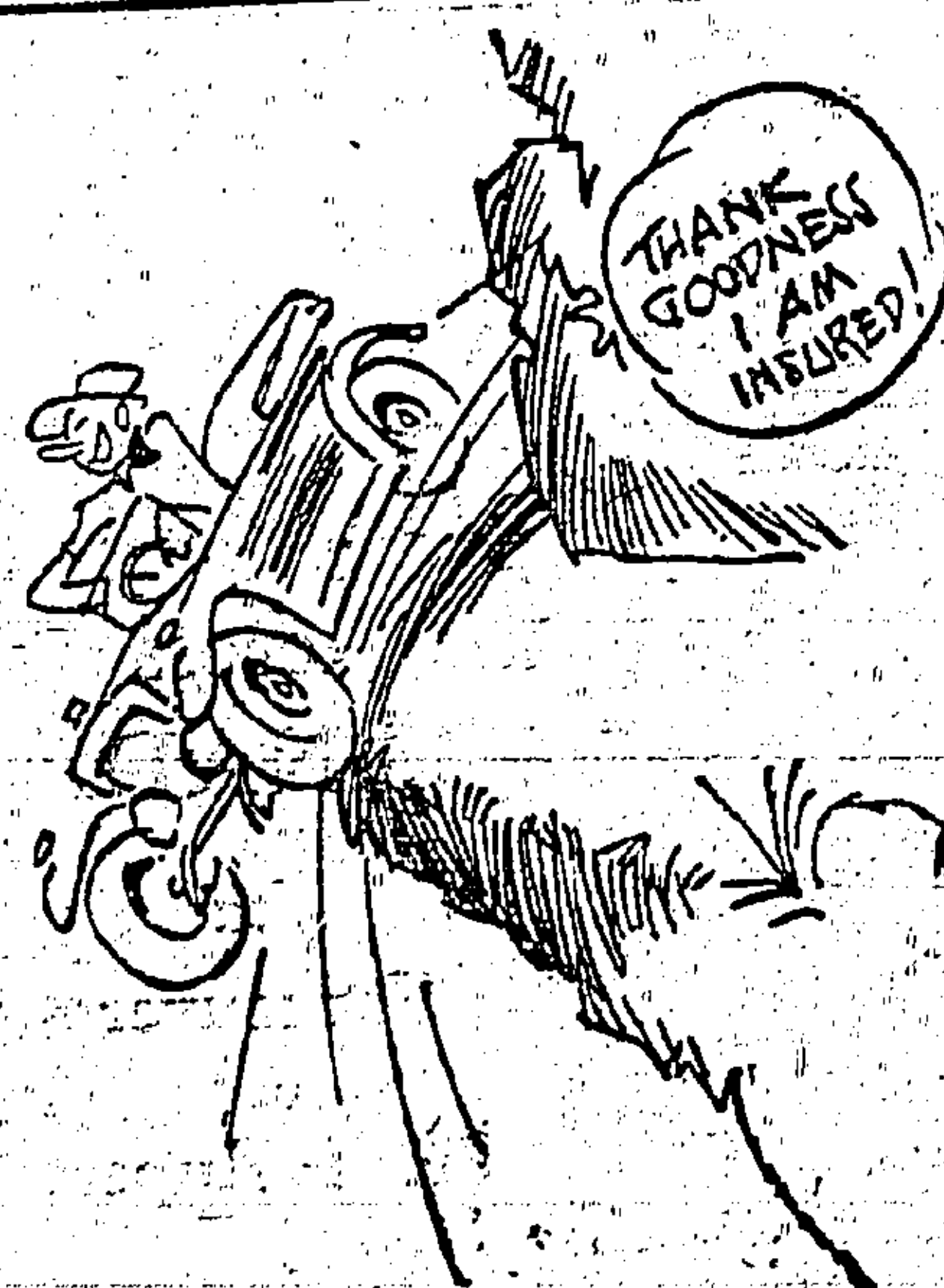
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Teacher: "In which zone is the United States of America?"
 Boy: "In the temperance zone, sir."

"How do you get such excellent fitting suits from your tailor?"
 "He believes I'm an orchestra leader."

"Mother, can I keep a diary?"
 "Certainly, Willie."
 "Well, it's one I found in Sister's desk."

First Picnic: Isn't this an ideal spot for a picnic dinner?
 Second Ditto: It must be wrong. Fifty million insects can't be.

"I hear the nursemaids are on strike. What's it all about?"
 "They're demanding taximeters on the babies' perambulators."

"Women, in my opinion, are different now from what they used to be."
 "How's that?"
 "There's my daughter, for instance—she's taking up the law, whereas her mother always lays it down."

"I suppose you'll want me to give up my job, Henry, when we are married?"
 "How much do you earn?"
 "Five pounds a week."
 "That's not a job, it's a career. I wouldn't want to interfere with your career, darling."

Teacher: "History states, from time to time the age limits were extended until at last it was said that the enemy was robbing the cradle to get soldiers for its armies."

Pupil: "Oh, I know what kind of soldiers they were. They call them the infantry!"

Mrs. Nurich was going abroad for six months and she was forced to leave her beloved Dodo in the care of a dog's home.

"Dodo is very fussy about his food," said the woman to the attendant. "I want to be sure that he gets the very best."

The attendant picked up the small dog in his hands.

"That's all right, mum," he said, off-handedly. "We don't feed any of the dogs the first day after they come in, and then they ain't so fussy."

"Look at the lovely radio set I got to-day, dear, and only \$5 a month."
 "For how many months?"
 "Oh, I forgot to ask."

"Be careful, Junior. See that you don't hit your fingers with the hammer."
 "I shan't, Mother. Daddy's going to hold the nail for me!"

"My wife takes excellent care of me—she takes off my shoes for me every evening."
 "When you come in?"
 "No, when I want to go out!"

Mother: "Frankie, these are lemons you brought from the store. I told you to get eggs."
 Frankie: "I know, Ma, but the road slippery, and I thought I'd better get lemons."

Weather Man: "Put down rain for a certainty this afternoon."
 Assistant: "Are you positive, sir?"
 Weather Man: "Yes, indeed. I've lost my umbrella, I'm planning to play golf, and my wife's giving a lawn party."

A grammar-school student was set a question in an examination paper: "If 20 men reap a field in eight hours, how long will it take 15 men to reap the same field?"

The student thought long and carefully before writing the answer, and when he handed in his paper this is what the examiner read: "The field having been reaped by the 20 men could not be reaped by the 15."

It's one of the most amazing and baffling tricks. And we do it perfectly. The disappearing-girl stunt looks like the work of an amateur in comparison.

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Then... presto!... It's gone! Vanished. Absolutely and completely. Not up, our sleeve. Just gone.

It's a weird act. We've done it for years. It's so mystifying we have given up trying to figure it out. Can't even recall when we learned the trick. But then other people seem to have the same trouble every week with their salaries.

PARADE

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



ABANDONED ON GLACIER.

INJURED WOMAN WITH CHILDREN ROBBED.

An astonishing story concerning the recent incident on Theodule Pass, near Zermatt, when a woman among a party of Italian fugitives broke her leg and was left in the snow, is related by the *Gazette de Lausanne*.

It was at first reported that the other members of the party made her as comfortable as possible and went on to Zermatt for help. The *Lausanne* paper alleges that the party acted in a heartless fashion.

The woman who was accompanied by her two little girls, was one of a party of ten. On the pass, covered overnight with 18 inches of snow, she fell exhausted. The others attempted to restore her with alcohol and she proceeded, supported by the men.

Near Gandergrut Hut she slipped and fell, breaking her leg. Her companions, it is stated, then abandoned her on the edge of a glacier about a hundred yards from the hut, took her money and made for Zermatt.

Her cries and those of the two children who remained with their mother awoke people sleeping in the hut, who went out and brought her in. Zermatt was informed by telephone and police held up the party on arrival.

COLOURS THAT SCARE A FLY.

JAM FACTORY PROTECTED BY YELLOW GLASS.

In the course of the report, issued last month of the Chief Inspector of Factories and Workshops there occurs the following interesting note on the house fly:—

"It was noticed in a large jam factory where the windows of the warehouse had been glazed with yellow glass to prevent discoloration of the jam by the action of daylight that house flies never entered the warehouse, though there were plenty in the corridors. Messrs. Pilkington Bros., Ltd., the makers of the glass, contributed a record of this to 'Nature,' and added that they had experimented under advice from Professor Newstead and found that:

"Other things being equal, the house fly prefers white light to coloured light, and that red and yellow are the best deterrents. Blue and green are not nearly so effective. The loss in illumination with red glass being too great for general use, it appears that yellow is the best. Although it cannot be claimed that the use of yellow glass is an absolute preventive, it is a very effective deterrent and valuable for use in connection with the storage of food.

"We do not suggest the use of yellow glass for any building in which people are continually employed, because it has been found that yellow light is bad for the eyes and general health."

A SOCIAL STORM IN WASHINGTON.

EDITRESS AND SPEAKER'S WIFE.

Social and political Washington's summer calm has been rudely disturbed by the outbreak of a long-smouldering feud between Mrs. Alice Roosevelt Longworth, wife of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and Mrs. Eleanor Patterson, the former Countess Giszka, who recently became editor of the *Washington Herald*.

Under the heading "Interesting but Not True," prominently displayed on the newspaper's front page, the new editor denied stories that Mrs. Longworth would take part actively in the Illinois senatorial campaign on behalf of Mrs. Ruth Hannan McCormick, who is a cousin of Mrs. Eleanor Patterson. "The truth is," wrote Mrs. Patterson, "that Mrs. McCormick takes no advice, political or otherwise, from Mrs. Longworth. Her assistance will therefore resolve itself, as usual, into posing for photographs."

The printed announcement has caused excited gossip at Washington, and everybody is wondering whether Mrs. Patterson will now lose her influence by championing the cause of Mrs. Dolly Gann, sister of Vice President Curtis, whose social status is challenged by Mrs. Longworth. The Speaker's wife maintains that in the absence of a Mrs. Curtis (the Vice President's bachelor) she should have precedence over Mrs. Dolly Gann.

HONG KONG POLICE RESERVE.

[ORDERS BY THE HON. MR. E. D. C. WOLFE, C.M.G., INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE.]

Aquatic Sports.

Members of the Police Reserve are reminded that the entries for the 6th annual aquatic sports of the Police and Prison Departments to be held at the V.R.C. on Saturday, September 13, must be sent to Sergeant R. J. Hunt on or before September 8.

General.

Revolver Practice.—The regular weekly revolver practice (voluntary) will take place at the Bowen Road Revolver Range on Wednesday, September 3, from 5.30 p.m. to 7.30 p.m. It will be open to all ranks of the H.K.P., Special Constables, Chinese Company and Flying Squad, Hong Kong Police Reserve and to all persons holding permits to carry arms.

Police Training School.

The weekly classes for Police Reservists at the Police Training School, Kowloon, will be held on Tuesday, September 2, at 5.30 p.m. All members of the Chinese and Indian Companies, and of the Flying Squad who have not yet passed Part 2 of Training Course should attend.

Chinese Company.

Revolver Practice.—Members of Chinese Company, who have passed Parts 1 and 2 of Training Course, will attend at the Bowen Road Revolver Range on Wednesday evening, September 3, at 6 p.m. sharp for revolver practice under Musketry Instructor E. Carpenter.

Indian Company.

Parade.—All ranks of the Indian Company are reminded of the parade to be held at Police Headquarters under P/Sergeant R. J. Hunt on Tuesday, September 2, at 5.30 p.m. sharp. Dress: White uniform, belt and cap with white cover.

Flying Squad.

Revolver Practice.—All ranks of the Flying Squad (Hong Kong Section) will attend at the Bowen Road Revolver Range on Wednesday, September 2, at 5.30 p.m. sharp for revolver practice under Musketry Instructor E. Carpenter. The weekly instructional patrol of the Kowloon Section will take place on Tuesday, September 2, Fall in at Tsimtsatui Fire Brigade Station at 5.30 p.m. sharp. Dress: Khaki uniform and cap with khaki cover.

The weekly instruction patrol of the Hong Kong Section will take place on Friday, September 5. Fall in at the Central Police Station at 5.15 p.m. sharp. Dress: Khaki uniform and cap with khaki cover.

"Sharpshooters" Company. Revolver Practice.—The usual fortnightly revolver practice will not be held on Wednesday, September 3, as the range is not available that day, but will take place on September 10 at the usual hour.

Motor Patrol.—A detachment of the Company will accompany the Flying Squad on their weekly patrol on Friday, September 5. Members with cars and motor cycles will fall in at Police Headquarters at 5.15 p.m. sharp. Uniform: Caps with khaki covers, tunics, shorts, puttees, belts, holsters and revolvers. (Sgd.) D. L. King, D.S.P. (R.). Hong Kong, September 1, 1930.

THE SILVER SCREEN.

NEW EFFECT IN SOUND AND COLOUR.

Sound and colour have been successfully combined on the same narrow strip of motion picture film and the surprisingly successful combination will be seen at the Central Theatre, to-morrow in "The Dance of Life," the all-talking, all-singing, all-dancing picturization of the successful stage play, "Burlesque."

The perfected sound-and-colour process has been used to photograph and record a lavish stage revue in "The Dance of Life." The stage and performers appear in natural colours, showing the brilliant jewels, the gorgeous gowns, the dancing choruses and beautiful settings. Eighty dancing girls are used in the production and the sound of their steps and voices are distinctly heard. A 33-piece orchestra and the song of a soloist are packed together on a single bit of celluloid scarcely more than an inch square.

The perfected system of combining sound and colour on motion picture film is the work of scientists of the Technicolor Corporation, working with sound engineers of the Paramount studios. The use of this process in "The Dance of Life" is the first that has been successful enough to present to the public.

"The Dance of Life," a story of life behind and before the footlights, is particularly adapted to the use of this medium. In the sequences where colour is used, the elaborate stage presentations, which work into the plot of the story, are intensified by the use of colour.

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME.

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON 335 METRES.

11 to 11.30 a.m.—Commercial News.

11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.—Chinese programme.

12.30 p.m.—European programme.

1.30 p.m.—Weather report.

2 p.m.—Close down.

6 p.m.—European programme of Victor records selected and supplied by Messrs. Moutrie & Co.

Dreams of Schubert—Medley Waltz—Hungarian Rhapsody Orchestra.

The Old Superb (Stanford) and Homeward Bound (Stanford), Peter Dawson, Bass Baritone.

Gold and Silver—Waltz (Lehar) and Emperor—Waltz (Strauss), International Novelty Orch.

Tannhauser—Evening Star (Wagner) and Two Grenadiers (Schumann), Reinhold Wernersath, Baritone.

A Night in Vienna (Paepke) and A Night in Budapest (Paepke), Hungarian Rhapsody Orch.

Gonna Get a Girl and Just Like a Butterfly, Melville Gideon, Baritone.

Martha—Overture (Flotow) and Under the Bamboo Tree, Victor Symphony Orchestra.

The Good Little Boy and The Bad Little Boy, Norman Long, Humorous.

Gems from "Tales of Hoffman" (Offenbach) and Gems from "Mignon" (Thomas), Victor Opera Company.

Sincerely (Clarke) and Oh, Could I But Express in Song (Malashkin), Peter Dawson, Bass Baritone.

Jewels of the Madonna—Intermezzo Victor Symphony Orch. Ethiopia Saluting the Colours (Wood) and Son of Mine (Wallace), Stuart Robertson, Baritone.

Gypsy Souvenir—Medley Waltz and Hungarian Flower—Waltz, Hungarian Rhapsody Orch.

Glory of the Sea (Sanderson) and The Border Ballad (Cowen), Peter Dawson, Bass Baritone.

The Waltzing Doll (Poldini) and At Dawn (Caden), Victor Concert Orchestra.

The Pride of Tipperary (Lookhead) and Simon the Cellarer, Peter Dawson, Bass Baritone. La Poloma—Waltz (Yradier) and Capriccio—Waltz (Strauss), Stahl's Band.

8 p.m.—Relay from the Ko Shing Theatre.

9 p.m.—Weather report. Relay continued.

11 p.m.—Close down.

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SCENE IN COURT.

WORDS BETWEEN MAGIS-
TRATE AND CLERK.

There was a scene at the Oldham Police Court last month between Councillor A. J. Howcroft, a magistrate and chairman of the Conservative party in Oldham, and Mr. Herbert Booth, magistrates' clerk. The case was one in which Alice Crabtree, of 5, Rudd Lane, Mytholmroyd, near Hebden Bridge, was summoned for failing to pay a railway fare, giving a wrong address, and attempting to avoid payment. The case for the prosecution was that on May 29 the woman arrived at Royton Junction Station and represented that she had travelled from Rochdale. A railway detective afterwards saw her, and it was alleged that the woman made to him an admission of having travelled on the railway from Hebden Bridge.

After the evidence had been given for the railway company, Council Howcroft asked what proof there was that the woman had travelled from Hebden Bridge.

Mr. Booth remarked that the proof was in the statement made to the detective by the woman. Soon afterwards Mr. Booth observed that Council Howcroft did not know the laws of evidence, and later said, "Mind your own damned business," Council Howcroft retorted that he was minding his business.

Mr. Booth: You are interfering too much and going beyond your powers as a magistrate.

The woman gave evidence of having travelled from Hebden Bridge to Rochdale by means of a motor-bus, she then Councillor Howcroft observed: "It is as if I said."

The railway company have proved nothing, and are hoping that this woman will trip herself up."

The Clerk: That is a very wrong statement to make from the Bench. After the magistrates had considered the case in private they decided to impose a fine of 10s.

ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

READERS are reminded that inquiries relating to the share market are answered on page 12 every Tuesday by "Kufan." Letters should be sent to this office, and must be accompanied by the coupon appearing below, bearing the writer's name and address, not for publication. Letters should be addressed to "Kufan," care of the Editor, "Hong Kong Daily Press."

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H.D.P.]

DOCTOR ON HIS AILMENTS.

LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM
AND SCIATICA.

A 71-year-old butcher, George Cooper, pleaded not guilty at London Sessions last month to being drunk in charge of a motor-car.

After hearing the evidence, Sir Robert Wallace, K.C. (chairman) said he understood that Cooper had sold his car and would not drive again. "I am going to assist him in that resolve," Sir Robert said. "I have always held the view that the real way to deal with these matters is to prevent people from doing this. He will be bound over on the undertaking that he does not drive again. We are told that at 70 you are not likely to last much longer, so I will make the suspension of licence for two years."

Mr. Burt (for Cooper) gave an assurance that Cooper would never drive again.

Mr. St. John Hutchinson, prosecuting, said that on the evening of June 18 a police officer holding up traffic in Cheyne-walk noticed a motor-car driven by Cooper coming along Chelsea Embankment.

"It went on to the pavement," said Mr. Hutchinson, "recovered, and came straight across at the police officer, who shouted and jumped to one side. The car just missed him, swung round, and went on the proper side of a refuge, then turned right round to the right and came along to the refuge. It finished its somewhat erratic course by running into the back of a vehicle."

"Senile Decay Or —"

The policeman went up to the driver and asked him why he was driving in such a dangerous manner. Cooper replied, "Don't talk silly."

The officer decided that he was drunk, and took him to Chelsea Police Station. On the way Cooper became very violent, used bad language, and eluded to some garden railings. At the police station he remarked, "He's made a bloomer. I am not drunk." The divisional surgeon asked him to write down his name.

"In my submission," said Mr. Hutchinson, "it was either suffering from senile decay, or something which made his writing look like that of a very drunken man indeed. When the surgeon asked him if he were suffering from anything he replied, 'I am suffering from shortage of money.'"

Dr. J. S. Higgs, the divisional surgeon, describing the tests to which he put Cooper, said that he told him to close his eyes, stand to attention and touch his nose with his index finger. "It seemed almost impossible for him to find where his nose was," said the doctor. The man's pulse was beating very fast—140 to the minute, which was almost double the normal rate. The doctor said that he had since learned that Cooper suffered from lumbago, rheumatism and sciatica.

Cooper, in evidence, said that he lived at Croydon. On June 16, after calling at Smithfield, he drove to Greenford, where he had two drops of whisky and tea over three hours before the accident. Just before reaching the Albert Bridge on the drive back from Greenford he felt ill and dazed, and had a very indistinct recollection of what occurred.

FRANCE AND MR. WELLS' BOOK.

SUPPOSED CARICATURE OF A FRENCH STATESMAN.

The Temps, a newspaper in Paris, recently published a column and three-quarters from its London correspondent about Mr. Wells' new book, "The Autocracy of Mr. Parham," which has evidently caused the correspondent great annoyance. He gives translations of long extracts from the book, including a conversation at the Quai d'Orsay between Lord Paramount and Mr. Parham, who, the correspondent says, is a malicious caricature of "a universally respected French statesman."

Mr. Wells, the correspondent says, shows in the book that hatred of France that was patent at the Washington Conference eight years ago, when the Daily Mail refused to account to continue to publish Mr. Wells' articles.

The correspondent of the Temps seems to think that Mr. Wells libels France when he says that the army and the nation are one, and when he suggests that official France would be ready to take part against Bolshevism. But the former statement is a commonplace of French political orators and of the French Press, and a crusade against Bolshevism is being preached at present by influential persons and newspapers.

WOMAN ADDING TO HEIGHT AT 30.

GREW 1 1/2 INCHES IN SIX DAYS.

The strange case of a woman 30 years old who has just added another two inches to her stature is described in the recent issue of the British Medical Journal by Dr. D. I. Connolly, of Sale.

She stayed in bed six days suffering from jaundice, and was given small doses of calomel and a bismuth mixture.

When she got out of bed, she and her husband were astonished to notice that she seemed appreciably taller.

Measurements were taken, and it was found she had grown 1 1/2 inches. A fortnight later she had grown another half-inch. That was five weeks ago. Since then her height has remained stationary at 5ft. 6in. Very Rare.

Dr. Connolly stated that it is exceedingly rare for a woman of that age to grow so rapidly. He doubted whether it was possible for most people to grow two inches after adolescence.

In this case, he added, both the parents are tall, and a brother, younger than the patient, and two elder sisters are all 6ft. 1in. in height. The case, he considered, is one for investigation as to the cause of the renewed growth.

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- 7.—Cold Frankfurt Sausage
- 8.—Vermicelli Pudding
- 9.—Cheese
- 10.—Fruit
- 11.—Tea or Coffee

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A non-oil-containing rust paint with a covering expanse larger than any rust paint on the market. For this reason—MOST ECONOMICAL.



TROPIC PAINTS FOR SHIP COATING.

This paint is used by many of the most important Shipping Companies, and is regarded as one of the best and most economical products on the market.

Sole Agents:

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4th Floor, China Building, Tel. 22221.

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Wo Fat, 34, Des Voeux Road, Tel. 20861.

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COLD As the Land of the Midnight Sun

The Dairy Farm Ice Cream—lusciously concocted of pure cream, Sugar and Fruits.

Cool as an iceberg, tasty beyond compare—as inexpensive as it is good.

**DAIRY FARM
ICE CREAM**

CHINESE PASSPORT REGULATIONS.

ALL FOREIGNERS TO
PRESENT PASSPORTS.

PROVISION AGAINST
DEPORTEES.

Nanking, August 26.—Important provisions relating to the entry of foreigners into China are contained in a set of regulations governing the examination of passports of foreign travellers, which has been promulgated by the Executive Yuan. The following is a free translation of the Regulations:—

Art. 1.—Unless otherwise provided by law or treaties, all foreigners entering the territory of the Chinese Republic shall submit their passports for examination in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations.

Art. 2.—A passport must contain the following particulars:—
(1) Name of holder, (2) Sex, (3) Age, (4) Place of birth, (5) Domicile, (6) Occupation, (7) Purpose of coming to China, (8) Latest photo, and be signed by the proper Chinese Diplomatic or Consular authority abroad. Wife, minor children, and servants of the holder shall be admitted upon presentation of the passport of the holder, provided that names and other particulars of the aforesaid persons are indicated on the passport and their photos affixed thereto.

Art. 3.—The duty of examining passports shall be carried out by the local Administrative Government organ concerned. Where necessary, it may invoke the assistance of the Customs or Transit Duty Station Authorities. The Central Government Ministry concerned may, if it deems necessary, appoint special delegates to supervise over the examination.

Entrance to be Refused.

Art. 4.—The local Government Administrative organ concerned may prevent the entrance of an alien:—
(1) If he failed or refuses to present his passport.

(2) If the passport he presents is found to be forged or defective, (that is, does not conform to the legal requirements).

(3) If there is reason to fear that his activities are likely to endanger the interests of the Party and the Government or public peace and order.

(4) If he is found to be a pauper.

(5) If he is found to be bringing with him contraband or articles contrary to public morals.

(6) If he has been previously deported from the country.

Art. 5.—Where in the course of examination, doubts arise as regards the points mentioned in the preceding Articles, the officials responsible for the examination shall immediately apply for instructions from a higher authority, and may also temporarily detain the foreigner in question pending the receipt of such instructions.

Art. 6.—Sections (3), (4), (5) and (6) of Article 4 and Article 5 shall also be applicable to those aliens who, according to law or treaty provisions, are exempt from the necessity of presenting passports.

Provisions for Air Traffic.

Art. 7.—Detailed regulations for the enforcement of these regulations shall be drawn up separately.

Art. 8.—The Regulations shall become effective four months after the date of promulgation.

According to the detailed regulations for the enforcement of the new Regulations, examination of passports of foreigners entering the country shall be held at the following places:—

(A) For those who come by land:—
Manchuria, Suifu, Hanchun, Yenki, Harbin, Chinchow, Suifu, (Manchuria), Changchun, (Kalgan), Eli, Kashgar, (Sinkiang), Tsinhsin, Tsinhsin, (Kwangtung), Lungchow (Kwangsi), Tengueh, Szechuan, Mengtashien, and Hukow (Yunnan).

(B) For those who come by sea route:—Canton, Pakhoi, Samahui, Kongmoon, Chungshan Harbour, Swatow, Amoy, Foochow, Shanghai, Woosung, Tsingtao, Chefoo, Weihaiwei, Lungkow, Tientsin, Tangku, Chinwangtao, Huludao, Yikao, Antung, Aigun, Tacheio, Tungkiang.

(C) For those who come by air:—Before the establishment of aviation stations along the border; examination of passports of aliens entering the country by airplane shall be made at the first place where the landing of the plane is authorized.

**A FATHER GAMBLER WITH
DEATH.**

**LINER CAPTAIN OPERATES
ON HIS SON.**

The story has been revealed of a father's gamble with death which resulted in saving the life of his son.

While Captain R. W. Crane of the Ellerman liner City of Alexandria, was taking his nine-year-old son on a voyage for the sake

(Continued at foot of next column.)

INTERNATIONAL LAW.

CONFERENCE IN NEW YORK

VALIDITY OF CONTRACTS IN
TIME OF CRISIS.

One hundred and fifty international lawyers, representing 20 countries, will be in New York from September 2 to 9 to attend the first conference of the International Law Association held in America since the war.

Plans for the meeting call for study of a number of subjects in international law, such as neutral rights in war time, legislative control over international cartels, the growth of which have been stimulated by the rise of tariff barriers; the effect of war on contracts; legalization of documents; air law, and radio. One formal report will be read on each subject, followed by free discussion.

Rights of Neutrals.

The question of neutral rights in war time is so important that the further progress of disarmament depends in large measure upon some substantial agreement between nations on this subject, said Arthur K. Kuhn, chairman of the conference committee, in announcing the programme.

At the last conference of the International Law Association, held at Warsaw in 1923, a small committee was appointed with Judge Thorwald Boye, of the Supreme Court of Norway, at its head to draft a convention on the rights and duties of belligerents with regard to neutral property at sea. The draft is to be presented at this meeting, along with a proposed treaty on neutrality in land warfare.

There is at present no international treaty generally recognized on neutrality in maritime warfare other than the Declaration of Paris of 1856. The London Declaration of 1909 was never ratified. The draft treaty now proposed embodies some of the provisions of the London Naval Treaty, but it goes far beyond that treaty into the more detailed provisions on contraband, blockade, prize, and other questions.

Contracts and War.

A subject which is of great interest to international commerce even in time of peace is the effect of war on contracts. Unless there be some certainty as to the classes of contracts dissolved by war, and the extent to which persons in neutral countries are likely to have their contracts suspended or made void, there will be a consequent dislocation of international commerce even in peace time.

This conference will consider how far measures of coercion short of war, contemplated by such instruments as the Kellogg Pact and the League Covenant, will effect contracts with persons with the particular country against which such measures are taken.

The session will be opened in New York by Mr. John W. Davis on the morning of September 2.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE.

DONATIONS TO BRIGADE
FUNDS.

The hon. treasurer of the St. John Ambulance acknowledges with thanks the receipt of the following donations to Brigade funds, collected through the Railway Division:—

The Customs Staff, Shum	\$75.00
Chun	
The inhabitants of Shum	63.00
Chun Market and others	
The inhabitants in and	66.00
around Shum Shui	
Fauling Station	24.00
Tai-po Market Station	34.40
Tai-po Station	20.00
Shatin Station	10.00
Yau-mai Station	117.00
Kowloon Station	28.70
Caterer's Staff, Express	
Trains	14.00
Lee Hing Motor Transport	20.00
Co.	7.70
Anonymous	50.00
Mr. R. Baker	50.00
T. B. Trevor (to make up to \$500)	7.20
	\$500.00

of the boy's health from New York to Brisbane the boy, who had been previously operated on for empyema, was taken dangerously ill.

Examining his son, the distracted father saw the mark of the previous operation and decided to take a chance to save his life.

The operation was carried out without anaesthetics and without any surgical experience was successful.

The boy landed unaided when the ship reached Brisbane, and he is now serving an apprenticeship at sea. The operation was presumably an incision to release fluid from the region of the lungs.

A HARDENED CRIMINAL.

LAUGHS AT SENTENCE OF
SIX MONTHS' GAOL.

Convicted of stealing \$200 from a Chinese passenger on the a.s. Sungham Maru Chan To, described by Detective Sergeant Humphreys as a hardened criminal, was sentenced to six months' hard labour when he appeared before Mr. Whyte-Smith at Kowloon Magistracy yesterday.

Detective Sergeant Humphreys intimated that the complainant was not in the Colony, but on the defendant pleading guilty, his Worship decided to proceed with the case.

The facts, according to the Police officer, were that after the a.s. Sungham Maru had arrived in port on Saturday, the complainant was on the point of going ashore on a sampan. At the top of the gangway he was brushed by the defendant and, suspecting that something might be amiss, complainant felt in his pocket to ascertain if his money was intact. To his surprise, he discovered that the money was no longer there.

He at once seized the accused, who was seen to attempt to drop something into the sampan below. The complainant, however, succeeded in seizing \$100 before the defendant had disposed of the money. A further \$75, found in the sampan, was recovered, so that complainant's loss amounted to only \$25. Another man was along with the defendant at the time, but the Police were not prosecuting him on the charge of theft as there was no evidence against him. He would, however, be charged before the Marine Court with boarding the steamer without a permit.

Addressing the Magistrate, Detective Sergeant Humphreys said that the defendant was a prominent leader among local pickpockets, and had a very bad record. After his Worship had passed sentence of six months' hard labour on defendant, the prisoner laughed and fell down the stairs in the dock.

His Worship: He is so busy laughing that he fell down the stairs!

Sergeant Humphreys: "He is a hardened criminal. I suppose he expected to get three years."

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

FLATS TO LET.

TO LET—One furnished FLAT at 16, MACDONNELL ROAD. Apply to XAVIER BROS., LTD., Tel. 23116 or 22722. [1930]

TO LET From 1st AUGUST, 1930, SECOND FLOOR, No. 3, CAMPBELL BUILDING (No. 302 Nathan Road), Kowloon. Apply to: CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT, 4th Floor, FRENCH BANK BUILDING. [1930]

SHOP TO LET.

TO LET, on Lease, SHOP in the Most Central Position of Hong Kong, Facing on Two Main Roads. Early Occupation could be arranged. Rent: Reasonable.—Apply Box No. 9242, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [1930]

GODOWN TO LET.

TO LET—GODOWN at DUNDAS STREET, Mongkok—Water Frontage and use of pier. Area: 90 ft. x 24 ft.—Apply Box 9301, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [1930]

LOST.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.—Lost SUNDAY AFTERNOON Small Black DOG with Curly Tail and White Chest attached to Chain. Anyone finding please return to COMMANDING OFFICER, H. M. S. OCEANIA, H. M. DOCKYARD. [1930]

FOR SALE.

BLUE SPOT LOUD SPEAKER with Cabinet and also 3 Brand New Tubes (1 Valve), 2 Cosmos Valves and 1 Gram Valve.—For Particulars and Price please apply to Box No. 9729, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [1930]

POSITIONS WANTED.

YOUNG CHINESE Well equipped with Knowledge of English, Correspondence, Book-keeping, Typing and Office Routine, at present employed, desires POSITION in any Capacity. Outfits preferred. Excellent References.—Please write to Box No. 9735, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [1930]

MISCELLANEOUS.

SAFE, Sure and Guaranteed Cure for Leprosy, Leucoderma, Patches, Marks, Eruptions, etc., in Four Weeks. Rs. 7/8—Per Week. Full Particulars of Treatment Free under Cover. Apply to: Post Box No. 11413, CALCUTTA INDIA. [1930]

PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:—

SITUATIONS VACANT.

HOUSES AND APARTMENTS TO BE LET.

HOUSES AND APARTMENTS WANTED.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

When so required replies to box numbers will be posted to advertisers daily. Extra stamps for postage should be remitted.

All advertisements must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender.

Announcements not exceeding 25 Words are inserted under this heading at a Pre-paid Rate of One Dollar for THREE INSERTIONS. If Charges collected, \$1.50.

THIS FORM MAY BE USED.

Please insert.....times.....		Enclosed.....in payment.	
Signature.....		Address.....	

Address:—The ADVERTISEMENT MANAGER, "Hongkong Daily Press," 11, Ice House Street, or P.O. Box 1.

and weigh only 3 ozs.



Scott's Soft Felt Hats

Correctly made of light weight all fur felt, and particularly suitable for present wear. Snap brim, raw edge, unlined with new grease-proof head tip. New shades of grey, fawn and drab.

Mackintosh's

EVERYTHING **G.E.C.** ELECTRICAL

GECOPHONE

B.C. 3049. SCREEN GRID FOUR PORTABLE RECEIVER.

CABINET MODEL, IN SOLID MAHOGANY.

An entirely new model incorporating the new "STORK" Loud Speaker movement and "HIFLUX" Transformer.

PRICE COMPLETE: £26.0.0

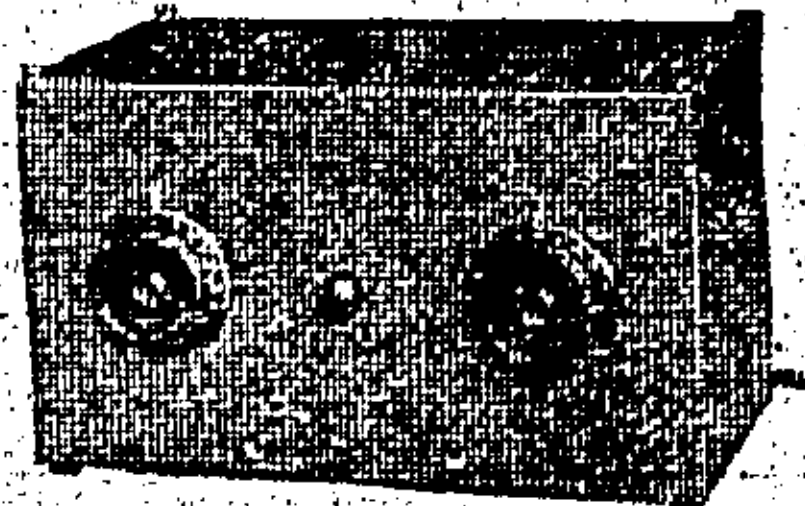


B.C. 3036. SCREEN GRID SHORT WAVE RECEIVER.

THREE VALVE MODEL.

For wavelengths of approximately 14 to 100 metres. Metal case, finished dark brown crystalline enamel. Incorporates two tuning condensers with double spaced vanes. A potentiometer is fitted for varying the bias on the detector valve. A screen grid valve precedes the detector and this enables the set to oscillate easily on all wave bands irrespective of the length of the aerial; there are no "blind" spots. By using appropriate coils, this set may be used on ordinary broadcast wavelengths.

PRICE: £15.0.0.



LATEST GRAMOPHONE RECORDS

are obtainable at

THE WING ON CO., LTD.

(Music Department)

THE BIBLE AND THE "PEKING MAN."

THE TRUTH OF THE DELUGE.

ORIGIN AND AGE OF "LOESS" DEPOSITS AND THEIR FOSSILS.

[By TSE TSAN TAL]

When I read of leading Churchmen in England and the United States publicly declaring the Bible story of the Flood to be a myth, it makes me tremble for the future of Christianity and civilization.

If Churchmen are of this frame of mind, when preaching to their flocks, it is no wonder that the number of church-goers and believers in the Bible should be rapidly and alarmingly on the decrease. And matters are made worse by the broadcasting of reports in newspapers that scientists have discovered the skeletal remains of human beings and animals over 3,000,000 years old!

When the leading scientists of the World support these discoveries of the so-called "Anthropoid apes" ("missing link")—the imaginary child of their own creation—it is not surprising that misguided Churchmen should lose faith and regard the Bible story of the Flood as a myth, thereby helping to discredit God's creation of Man and bring into ridicule the belief that the Bible is the Book of God.

Since this growing and dangerous disbelief in the Bible is rapidly undermining the foundations of God's religion, and increasing the number of "unbelievers" throughout the World, I believe it is my duty for the glory of God to help in proving the truth of the Bible record of the Flood, and exploding the erroneous and misleading belief that the skeletal remains of human beings and animals (mastodons) recently discovered in a limestone cave at Chou Kou Tien in a lake-bed in the Gobi Desert north-west of Peking are 3,000,000 years old.

Diluvian Tidal Wave.

These fossilised bones of adult and infant mastodons (Platybelodon) were discovered at the bottom of a dried up lake-bed by the members of the Central Asiatic Expedition of the American Museum of Natural History. The animals were not "trapped in a bog and overwhelmed" as erroneously believed by these scientists, but they were suddenly caught and drowned by the flood waters of the Diluvian Tidal Wave, and their bodies swamped together with those of other animals, etc., and deposited at the bottom of the lake. Many similar deposits of skeletal remains will be found to exist in other parts of the Gobi Desert (the great upheaved dried up Diluvian Inland Sea), and big deposits of the bones of drowned wild horses and other contemporary animals have also been found in Europe and North America, all proving the truth of the Universal Deluge recorded in Genesis (B.C. 2348).

Before attempting to fix the age of the skeletal remains of human beings and animals found in these limestone caves and ancient lake-beds of the Gobi Desert, it is necessary to discover and settle for good the origin and the age of "loess" deposits.

So far, the excavation of "loess" deposits has proved the existence of fossils of two distinctly separate "life-ages," viz.:

- (a) The age of gigantic lizards or dragons (Dinosaurs), and flying creatures (Pterodactyls).

(The creatures of this age were all destroyed by flood and earthquake; but not the "Flood" of Genesis).

Genesis, Chapter 1-20 says:—
"And God said, Let the waters bring forth abundantly the moving creature that hath life (i.e., Dinosaurs, etc.), and fowl that may fly (i.e., Pterodactyls) above the earth in the open firmament of heaven."

- (b) The age of huge mammals (mastodon, mammoth, elephant), wild and domestic animals, creeping things, and finally Man.

(Man and the creatures of this age were destroyed by the Flood as recorded in Genesis of the Bible).

Genesis, Chapter 1-24 says:—
"And God said, Let the earth bring forth the living creature after his kind, cattle, and creeping things, and beast of the earth after his kind and it was so."

Genesis, Chapter 1-28 says:—
"And God said, Let us make man in our image, after our likeness; and let them have dominion over the fish of the sea, and over the fowl of the air, and over the cattle, and over all the earth, and over every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth."

Identification of Fossils.

This means that there exist two or more deposits of "loess" and fossils, one on top of the other, and it is most important that their ages should not be confused, and that the fossils of each age should be carefully identified and separated.

The mixing up of the fossils of these two separate and distinct ages has been misleading and confusing, and has resulted in the fossils of the recent deposit of "loess" being mistakenly classed with the fossils of the ancient deposit of "loess."

The question is what is the age of Dinosaurs, extinct mammals, and Prehistoric man?

Certainly not 3,000,000 years, as believed and taught by our scientists; and this I will now prove.

As I have already explained in my books and 27 supplementary pamphlets (see note) and newspaper articles dealing with the "Cradle of the Human Race" and the "Flood," published between the years 1914 and 1926, all the continents of the World were flooded by a tidal wave caused by the upheaval of Central Asia and the subsidence of a large mass of continental land in the Pacific Ocean.

The truth of this tidal wave is proved beyond doubt, by the extensive "loess" (Mud, etc.) deposits of Chinese Turkestan, Gobi Desert, and the Whang Ho Valley (400,000 sq. miles) of China, Russian Turkestan (600,000 sq. miles), Euphrates Valley, Indus River Valley, Lower Egypt, Sahara and Kalahari deserts of Africa, Colorado River and Mississippi River, valleys of North America, and the deserts and plains of South America and Australia.

This is the tidal wave that destroyed all prehistoric (antediluvian) races and civilizations, creating the mysterious "blank" in the history of all races, which has been perplexing our historians up to the present day.

The majority of our scientists believe that "loess" deposits are wind-blown, and that "loess" and its fossils are therefore millions of years old! But of course they are hopelessly in error, when they teach and preach that these "loess" areas consist of deposits of fine dust from wind-eroded rocks!

Mistaken Theory.

It is true that it must take millions of years for the wind to blow and transform rocks into dust, but such a theory is impossible of belief and therefore absurd. Again, our scientists never explain how such vast quantities of dust are carried and deposited by the wind in the valleys and river basins of the different continents. It is this mistaken theory that has led to our scientists attaching such fabulous ages to the fossils which have been found in "loess" deposits.

"Loess" is, in fact, a water-borne deposit, and consists of mud, surface-soil, etc., which has been washed down from the highlands and plateaus and deposited in the valleys and river basins by the tidal wave flood waters of the Deluge (Flood of Genesis).

"Deposits of 'loess,' salt lakes and salt deserts exist in all the different continents, and such physical changes of the Earth's surface wrought by the devastating passage of this tidal wave around the World, are indisputable proofs of the universal flooding of the World, and will help to solve the many scientific and geological riddles, which are, at present, baffling and perplexing our scientists and thinkers."

This is the only scientific explanation of the origin and the age of the World's "loess" deposits, and proves the truth of the record of the flood of Genesis of the Bible, historically, scientifically and geologically.

When our scientists and geologists are convinced that the "loess" deposits of the World are diluvian (water-borne) and not wind-blown, and that the flooding of all the continents of the World was due to a tidal wave created by the upheaval of Central Asia and the subsidence of a large mass of continental land in the Pacific Ocean, it will mean the reconciliation of science and religion, and the proving that the Bible is the Book of God, and that the record of the flood is a historical and scientific fact, and not a myth, as is generally believed and taught by our scientists and also many of our leading Churchmen, who have been misled by their erroneous theories and teachings.

Earth Takes a List.

It was this great upheaval and subsidence of continental land that caused the Earth to make a list of about 15 degrees, removing the antediluvian North Polar regions from Latitude 75 and Longitude 40 of Greenland to the North of Asia, and resulting in "overlapping" and the four so-called "Ice Ages."

The whole Earth (excepting the North and South Polar regions) has never been enveloped in ice at any time of its existence, and the theory of "Four Ice Ages" as taught by our geologists and scientists is false and misleading, and is fully proved by a careful study of the geological and physical conditions of the different continents.

The advancing Arctic cold suddenly froze Alaska and Siberia, which were then enjoying a semi-tropical climate, and preserved in the solid ice the bodies of the huge mammoths, which were suddenly caught browsing and drowned by the tidal wave. These mammoths did not die a natural death as believed by scientists.

Scientists and "unbelievers" have been ridiculing the Bible record of the flood by stressing the scientific impossibility of the flooding of the whole Earth and the covering of the highest mountain tops by 40 days and 40 nights of rain.

But they are woefully amiss, and in their vain efforts to ridicule and belittle the Bible, they overlook the important fact, that the Bible does not say that the Flood was caused by this 40 days and 40 nights of rain.

The Bible clearly and distinctly states beyond a shadow of doubt that the "Flood" was caused by a tidal wave, followed by hurricanes and torrential rains, lasting 40 days and 40 nights, and this is my finding:—

Book of Genesis.

GENESIS:—

Chapter VII-11 says: "In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in the second month, the seventeenth day of the month the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and the windows of heaven were opened." Chapter VII-12 says: "And the rain was upon the Earth forty days and forty nights."

The words "The same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up" clearly indicate and mean that the "land and sea" were convulsed by a terrific earthquake ("broken up") and that the subsidence of land in the Pacific Ocean ("great deep") created a tidal wave ("fountains of the great deep").

"And the windows of heaven were opened" clearly means that hurricanes accompanied this tidal wave. "And the rain was upon the Earth, forty days and forty nights" means that the hurricanes were followed by forty days and forty nights of torrential rain.

When Asia, the Pacific continent, and Central America were convulsed by this terrific earthquake, which upheaved Central Asia and sent a continent together with its vast cities and wicked millions to the bottom of the Pacific, which is proved beyond doubt by the remains of Prehistoric cities and megalithic remains that exist on nine of the widely scattered island groups, the heat of the surrounding atmosphere must have been intense, being charged with the red-hot volcanic smoke and ashes of this terrible and awe-inspiring manifestation of God's righteous wrath.

The heated atmosphere accounted for the hurricanes and torrential rains, and scientifically explains the 40 days and 40 nights of rain as recorded in Genesis.

"The Peking Man."

Having proved the truth of the Deluge and the water-borne origin of the World's "loess" deposits, I believe all scientists and thinkers will agree that it effectually explodes the theory that the "Peking man" (Sinanthropus Pekinensis) and the skeletons of the mastodons, etc., of the Gobi Desert are 3,000,000 years old.

And having discovered and proved historically, scientifically and geologically that the Chinese Turkestan of the Central Asian Plateau is the "Cradle of the Human Race," and the destruction of mankind by the "Flood" having taken place in B.C. 2348, some 4,278 years ago, I am firmly convinced that Prehistoric man and contemporary mammals, etc., are not more than 16,000 years old.

Regarding the age of Dinosaurs and their kind, I can say for a certainty that they cannot be anything near the fabulous "millions of years" as taught and preached by our scientists, and not wishing to hazard a guess or to be speculative, I leave this question for our geologists and thinkers to solve.

Magna est veritas et prevalet. Note:—Mr. Tse Tsan Tai's books and pamphlets are already in the Libraries of the principal Universities, and scientific institutions of the World.

"SPOONERISMS" A MYTH.

ALL EXCEPT ONE INVENTED BY OTHERS.

Dr. W. A. Spooner, whose death was reported in yesterday's issue of the Daily Press, to whom all the Spoonerisms in the world have been attributed, and Mrs. Spooner celebrated their golden wedding in September, 1923, when the truth about "Spoonerisms" was revealed. The famous slips of the tongue by Dr. Spooner are a myth.

One of his oldest pupils, Mr. Robert Seton, who has been Recorder of Deeds for 25 years, confessed his share in perpetuating the legend. He was the eldest M.A. of New College at the party.

"Kinkering Kongs Their Titles Take."

"The dear old Doctor," said Mr. Seton, "made, to my knowledge, only one 'Spoonerism' in his life. That was in College in the early part of 1878. He was conducting a service, and stood up in the pulpit to announce a hymn. He gave it out as 'Kinkering Kongs: Their Titles Take.' There was a hush, and the Doctor, calmly repeated his slip. I am afraid that we all burst into laughter. I think the Doctor then saw his mistake."

"It was the talk of Oxford in those days," he said, "and we used to spend hours in inventing 'Spoonerisms.' I collaborated with a friend, who afterwards became the Rev. Arthur Sharp, and it was he who brought out a book of 'Spoonerisms.' About the time that Sharp published his book a man named Ward, at Pangbourne, published a similar book. I believe they caused a big stir in Oxford at the time."

The "Town Drain."

"Although Dr. Spooner has denied having uttered these slips of the tongue, he appreciates the humour of them," added Mr. Seton, "and I believe that occasionally he has made a 'Spoonerism' deliberately to raise a laugh."

About 500 guests were present, and for all of them Mr. Spooner had a kindly greeting but never a "Spoonerism."

Many of the guests, however, enjoyed recalling them, after announcing that they had travelled to Oxford on the "town drain."

"Kistomary to Cuss the Golden Brides."

There was one who wanted to know if "hags should be flung out of the windows" in honour of the golden wedding, and whether he should tell Dr. Spooner that "it is kistomary to cuss the golden bride."

It is to Dr. Spooner that the origin of the "Spoonerism" is attributed, and the word is to be found in the Oxford Dictionary with a reference to his name.

"Tasted a Whole Worm."

One of these slips of speech attributed to Dr. Spooner is: "We all know what it is to have a half-wormed fish within us" (for "half-formed wish"); while on another occasion he is said to have reproved an undergraduate with the words: "Sir, you have tasted a whole worm" (for "wasted a whole term").

"Is the Bean Dizzy?"

"It is empty work preaching to beery wenches" (for "weary work preaching to empty benches") and "I have found such a nice rosy little cook" (for "cosy little nook"), and "Is the bean dizzy?" (for "Is the bean busy?") are other Spoonerisms attributed to him.

Spoonerisms.

This seems an appropriate moment, however, to recall a set of verses which were said to have been found in the wastepaper basket of a well-known Oxford dignitary and which were published many years ago in a newspaper, since defunct:

My mind was filled with rests of thought,
No more by currying wares distraught.
As lazily dreamily I lay
In my Cannoodian canopy.

"Ah me!" I thought, "how leef were swite
If men could neither reek nor spite,
No tangles, then, to trip the tang,
No overing bloomers, no milks."

No more the undergradgerring tite
Would exercise their woolish fits
On tidal aies, and false, I wis,
Of my fame-farred tamethesis!

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT FOR HABITUAL THIEVES.

CANTON POLICE INSTITUTE DRASTIC MEASURE.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, Sept. 1.

Ten burglars who had thrice been convicted of larceny were taken to the execution ground on the north-eastern suburb of Canton yesterday late in the afternoon and there made to face the firing squad.

Owing to the numerous thefts constantly occurring on the streets, the Canton Police are again compelled to resort to capital punishment for those having three offences against them. Anyone who has committed larceny is strongly warned and has to go to the penitentiary for a certain period, depending upon the seriousness and the nature of the theft. A second offence merits a much longer period in the penitentiary in addition to a stronger warning, and capital punishment is meted out to those having three such offences charged against them.

Of the 60 or so burglars rounded up recently in the city, 10 were found to have had two previous charges against them. These were executed as a poignant warning to the remainder, and in accordance with the law governing burglary. The others were taken to the penitentiary at Nam Shek Tau.

The police are of the opinion that such severe punishment will quickly minimize the number of thefts in Canton.

DEATH OF MR. ABDUL SABHAN ABBAS.

FORMER EMPLOYEE OF H.M. NAVAL YARD.

It is with regret that we have to announce the death of Mr. Abdul Sabhan Abbas, recently connected with the local staff of H.M. Naval Yard.

The late Mr. Abbas had a record of 44 years' service with H.M. Naval Yard, where he first joined as an engineer. He was later appointed as a technical writer to the Engineer Department, and he remained attached to the Naval Yard until 1928, when he retired on account of old age.

The deceased, who was 68 years of age, died from an attack of pneumonia at the Government Civil Hospital yesterday. Always of a jovial disposition, the late Mr. Abbas had made a host of friends both inside and outside the Mohammedan community.

The deceased was buried at the Mohammedan Cemetery yesterday, when the funeral was attended by a large number of friends and relatives.

He is survived by his widow, five sons and two daughters and many relatives, to all of whom the deepest sympathy of friends is extended.

ZIMBALIST AT THEATRE ROYAL.

PROGRAMME FOR TO-NIGHT'S CONCERT.

The great violin virtuoso, Efrem Zimbalist, and his accompanist Harry Kaufman arrived in the Colony yesterday from Manila. Mr. Zimbalist is now making his fifth circuit of the East under the management of A. Strok. Reports from various centres indicate that Mr. Zimbalist has scored heavily in Java, Straits Settlements and in Manila.

Mr. Zimbalist's appearance at the Theatre Royal to-night will be in the nature of a gala performance. Probably no other great artist has so captivated local audiences in the past as Zimbalist has done. The fact that this is his fifth appearance in the Colony is a tribute to his great drawing powers. The following interesting programme has been arranged for to-night's concert:—

1. (a) Preludium Bach.
- (b) Concerto Glazounov.
2. Suite Bizarre (1st performance) Achron.
- a. Einzelles.
- b. Yuasi Valse.
- c. Grace.
- d. Grimeces.
- e. Galantrie.
- f. Pastorale.
- g. Moment dramaticque.
- (a) Marche de l'Enfer Brahms.
- (b) Liebesleid Kreisler.
- (c) Liebesfreud Kreisler.
- (d) La Rondo des Lutins Bazzini.

At the Piano: Harry Kaufman.

BUYING A GRIFFIN FOR THE RACES.

TRAVELLER'S INTERESTING ACCOUNT OF JOURNEY TO MANCHURIA.

PICTURESQUE DESCRIPTION OF PONY FAIRS.

The following account of a traveller's experience in Manchuria among the homes of pony dealers will no doubt interest those who are in any way connected with racing in Hong Kong. One obtains some idea from this article of the difficulties that are encountered by those who take the trouble to go right into the heart of the pony-breeding centres of Manchuria. The picturesque pony fairs, the interesting visits to the homes of dealers, the difficulty of establishing the racing quality of a pony and the interesting journey to Hailar and Manchuli, the towns where the fairs are regularly held, are all described below.

PONIES FROM \$200 TO \$5,000 EACH.

"Buy this pony, Sir! He is a brother of the grey which won the Champions in Hong Kong in 1929!" This from a Russian horse dealer, in one of the fairs at Hailar, where thousands of animals are offered for sale at the pony fairs which take place every Saturday throughout the year.

"But a grey did not win the Champions in 1929 in Hong Kong!" answers the prospective buyer with more than a note of suspicion.

"I don't mean the Champions, I mean the Derby. I am getting mixed up somewhat. I have several very good ponies to sell and each has some relationship to some of the best animals racing in Shanghai, Hong Kong and Tientsin. You see, I own a very good sire!"

"Do you? Well, that's interesting." The buyer hesitates. Two things are puzzling him. First, how did the dealer know that he came from Hong Kong and secondly, how did the man know that he was there to buy race ponies? Then: "How can I make sure of the sire you speak of?"

"Do you want to see the sire, really? Well, my place is a little beyond Manchuli at Abagaitui on the Russian border. You have been to Manchuli? Yes, I can see that. Well, if you care to go to Abagaitui ask for me and I will give you proof of the pedigree of some of my animals."

"Good, I will be there next week." With that the buyers passes on to another dealer and goes all over the pony fair asking questions and making appointments as he goes along.

Unshorn and Unshod!

The fairs are arranged in Hailar, Manchuli, and other cities, every week. Saturday is the day usually chosen. Each dealer, who is a breeder in a very small way, brings his animals to the fair. Good-looking ponies, ugly looking hags, strong ones, weak ones, big ones and small ones, China ponies and cross-breeds, are all gathered here. Unshorn and unshod, they look like the last thing that anybody would buy for racing purposes, but sometimes a shrewd buyer can pick out a worthy animal, but these are few and far between. The dealers at the fairs travel two or three days to bring the ponies there. Each takes with him about a dozen animals and a few assistants. The smaller breeder brings his humble quota of two or three.

For a distance of many miles to the North and West of Hailar are the horse farms. As one approaches Hailar by train from Harbin one sees ponies employed for all kinds of work on the farm and pulling carriages, etc. The pony is the true beast of burden in Manchuria.

The fairs to which these dealers bring their animals are usually arranged on a large piece of barren ground about the size of Happy Valley. It is very dusty, this being due to the fact that the fair ground is mostly sandy. The dealers drive long pegs into the ground to which they secure their ponies. The sites on the fair ground are chosen at random by the dealers who then proceed to keep a lookout for likely customers. These are mainly in the shape of farmers and others requiring farm or cart horses or ponies. Many animals suitable for these purposes can be obtained for a hundred dollars a piece.

Russians and Mongols.

The dealers are mainly Russians and Mongols with a sprinkling of Cossacks and they speak a peculiar mixture of Russian and Chinese. Prospective buyers talk with them through the services of an interpreter, who is not paid by the dealer unless some business eventuates, and then only according to the price which the interpreter has secured over and above what the dealer wanted for his animal! Those who go to Hailar or Manchuli to buy race ponies are shown some of the best specimens, but there is no guarantee as to performing ability and there is no means of trying out the animals.

A race pony bought at a fair may cost as much as \$200 to \$600, but the experienced buyer never purchases anything for racing purposes from these fairs or bazaars. Instead he makes discreet inquiries as to good animals that might be seen at the farms, and on the days following the fairs he visits on horseback the homes of these dealers, each of whom has promised something rare.

With the exception of the breeding farm belonging to the Russian Government, there is really no breeding farm worthy of the name. In the hilly districts in the North of Manchuria each Mongol or Russian or Cossack looks after his own animals and breeds them in a small way. The animals are unshorn and rarely shod. A few animals are specially kept to breed racers, but on the whole the farmers do not specialise in any sense.

When a farmer or dealer has a good racer in his possession he asks a high price for the animal. Nothing less than \$2,000 has to be paid to secure a performer of any merit at all. To buy any at a lesser figure is to take a big risk as even a cross-bred so purchased has been known to fail to come up to the scratch of a sub-griffin. As in everything else, there are exceptions, and once in a while a good pony is sold among a lot of cart-horses at the price of the latter, but race-owners know, to their sorrow, what percentage of chance they have in making a purchase of this kind.

Visit to Dealers' Homes.

On visiting a horse-dealer's cottage, the visitor is shown several animals. The dealer immediately begins to point out attractive features of the pony he is about to sell. Needless to say he is greatly given to exaggeration and is not to be believed at all. Knowing that his buyer has come a long way to seek a race pony, some of these dealers are very ruthless in their methods of business for they do not care for future business at all, believing in the maxim that "a bird in hand is worth two in the bush." A poor fish in hand, etc., would be nearer the point.

On the journey South from Harbin the pony-owners have to pay a tax of five per cent. to the Chinese authorities, and the ponies are carried as far as Kwonchong-tzu where they have to walk a few hours before reaching Changchun. Here they embark on a train for Dairen, where another tax is levied at the rate of twenty yen per pony. At Dairen, the purchaser has the option of either entraining for Tientsin or proceeding by steamer to Shanghai and Hong Kong.

After visiting several villages, the buyer eventually comes to an old Russian's farm. Here he sees that more than usual attention is paid to a certain pony. "Why all the petting!" the buyer asks, to which a reply will be given that the pony is an animal amongst animals and is likely to make history in racing. "He has been sold and will be taken to Harbin in a few days when our guide returns. He has gone down to Harbin with a lot that I have sold to a buyer in Shanghai. When he comes back, he will take this one away: \$5,000 we asked for him and it was paid on the spot. Would you like to see a very similar one that we have? A sturdy looking bay! He will be very good for anything over a mile."

An Attractive Pony.

At this, a young man will disappear to the back of the shack and presently march to the front with a pony on the lead. The prospective buyer examines it. It looks good and answers in every detail to his requirements. He asks the price and then a great deal of haggling follows, and finally the buyer departs with the pony sold to him for a mere \$2,000 or \$3,000.

At another farm he sees another attractive animal and again a lengthy process of bargaining takes place. At the end of a week's search he may find half a dozen animals to his liking. Having made his purchase the question now is to get the ponies down South, but before dealing with this, perhaps a few notes of the journey from Dairen to the pony farms at Manchuli may not be out of place.

Dairen itself strikes a visitor as a nice place with plenty of walks and parks and hotels where one could spend one's time quite comfortably. The next city that one passes is Moukden. On this journey one will see ponies and cattle hitched on to ploughs working together on the fields. From Moukden one goes on to Changchun. So far the train service leaves little to be desired; the accommodation and food is good and the scenery quite interesting. A number of cities are passed on this journey from Dairen to Changchun. At Changchun one gets the first glimpse of pony fairs and it is believed that this is the city where a recent consignment of Hong Kong subscription griffins was purchased. At Changchun the Japanese train ceases and the traveller has to put up with a very uncomfortable Chinese train service. The journey from Dairen to Changchun by train is little under 12 hours.

Harbin.

The next stop after Changchun is Harbin. The train leaves Changchun at 12 midnight and arrives at Harbin at 8 in the morning. Harbin is a very large city where the majority of the population is Chinese but there are thousands of Russians working for a living in this city. An interesting sight is the drosky, a small vehicle driven by horses. A short ride will cost about twenty cents. Harbin has another very interesting thing. This is a very large sand track race-course, which is not in use as there are no races held nowadays.

The next step from Harbin is to proceed westward, going through the towns of Ando, Teishar, Chalan-tan, Mientaba, Hailar and Manchuli. The railway service from Harbin to Manchuli is quite good with good meals served. The journey from Harbin to Manchuli takes about twenty-two hours.

Ten Days' Walk.

To come back to the question of moving the ponies South after they have been purchased, the buyer generally entrains at Manchuli for Harbin, but the dealers walk down from Manchuli to Harbin and take about ten days in the process. They ride on the newly purchased animals and unless some very substantial cushion is promised, they do not take very much care of the animals.

The first trying ground for the newly acquired animals is at Harbin where the sand track that is closed may be used if permission is obtained from the owner. For those who really want a tryout in the hills of Manchuria, a half mile track at Hailar is available, but this track is wanting in so many details that no real test can be made.

On the journey South from Harbin the pony-owners have to pay a tax of five per cent. to the Chinese authorities, and the ponies are carried as far as Kwonchong-tzu where they have to walk a few hours before reaching Changchun. Here they embark on a train for Dairen, where another tax is levied at the rate of twenty yen per pony. At Dairen, the purchaser has the option of either entraining for Tientsin or proceeding by steamer to Shanghai and Hong Kong.

HAICHING HEROES INVESTED.

IMPRESSIVE CEREMONY AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

REAR-ADMIRAL HILL AND PROF. GERRARD HONOURED.

Government House was the scene of a quiet but impressive ceremony yesterday when His Excellency the Governor, Sir William Peel, K.B.E., C.M.G., held an Investiture for the purpose of conferring honours on seven gentlemen whose names appeared in the last New Year's Honours List.

Those who were invested were:—C.B.E.—Rear-Admiral R. A. S. Hill.

O.B.E.—Dr. W. J. Gerrard, Professor of Medicine at the Hong Kong University; Capt. O. H. Farrar, Master of the s.s. Haiching; Mr. R. Perry, Chief Officer of the s.s. Haiching.

M.B.E.—Mr. F. C. Duxon (Chief Engineer) and Mr. A. J. Johnson (Second Officer) of the Haiching.

Hon. M.B.E.—Mr. A. de Mello, Third Engineer of the Haiching. At eleven o'clock, His Excellency entered the ballroom, preceded by his two Indian A.D.C.'s and accompanied by Capt. T. A. H. Colman (His Excellency's personal aide), and Mr. G. W. A. Tutton, private secretary. The party walked to the dais and, on reaching it, turned round and faced the ballroom when Mr. Tutton read out the grants.

The Processions.

The first procession then approached the dais, this being composed of Capt. Boddam Whetham, Rear-Admiral R. A. S. Hill (recipient) and Surg. Capt. Myles. Mr. Tutton having read the grant, His Excellency invested the recipient.

Next came Surgeon-Commander (Professor) W. I. Gerrard, escorted by Lieut.-Col. Robertson and Mr. Ho Kom Tong. This was followed by the third procession consisting of Lieut.-Col. Wyatt with Capt. Farrar, Mr. Perry, Mr. Duxon, Mr. Johnson and Mr. de Mello (recipients) and Comdr. Parsons.

At the conclusion of the ceremony, the band of the 1st Battalion, The Somerset Light Infantry, played the National Anthem.

His Excellency's Praise.

In investing Rear-Admiral Hill, His Excellency said that the Rear-Admiral joined the Navy in 1894 and came out to the China Station about two years ago. He served throughout the dark days of the Great War and in recognition of his services he was awarded the French Legion of Honour. In 1913 he was Commander and five years later saw him being promoted to the rank of Captain. Early in the present year, he was made Rear-Admiral.

Since his arrival in the Colony, his services to the Admiralty and the help and co-operation he had given to the Hong Kong Government had been greatly appreciated and his many friends would be sorry to know that he would be leaving the Colony shortly.

"Brilliant and Experienced."

Addressing Dr. Gerrard, Sir William referred to his medical services during the Great War. Dr. Gerrard joined the senior service at the beginning of the War and he was almost immediately sent to North Russia. He rendered so good service there that he was invested by the late Czar with a Third Class of St. Andrew.

Dr. Gerrard also served in naval hospitals and was Medical Officer in Charge of Naval Stations. He returned to Russia after the War (at the time of the revolution), and also served twice in Malta. His Excellency said he believed it was chiefly because of Dr. Gerrard's services to the English population and to the Memorial Hospital in Malta that he was being invested.

In 1929, Dr. Gerrard accepted the Rockefeller Chair of Medicine in Hong Kong University. He had done very good work and the University was very fortunate indeed in securing the services of one so brilliant and experienced.

Traditions of the Merchant Navy.

One of the most heroic battles with pirates in China Seas was recalled when His Excellency addressed the officers of the Haiching.

His Excellency said that the circumstances of the piracy which took place less than a year ago was still fresh in the memory of those present, and there was hardly any need to recall them. The officers displayed great courage and in so splendidly dealing with such a serious situation, they had well deserved the honours which had been conferred on them.

His Excellency concluded by saying that more than that your conduct was worthy of the highest traditions of the Merchant Navy. I tender you my most sincere congratulations.

At the conclusion of the investiture, Lady Peel shook hands with the recipients and personally congratulated them.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

U.S. AND CHINA.

THE DANGER OF EXTRA-TERRITORIALITY.

REVISION OF TREATIES NECESSARY.

(UNITED PRESS.)

Williamstown, Mass., August 23.—The end of extraterritorial privilege in China has now become a virtual certainty, Mr. Thomas F. Millard, American adviser to the National Government, told the Institute of Politics to-day.

Mr. Millard declared that the United States must revise its treaties with China or jeopardize the safety of citizens in that country. The presence of foreign warships in China actually imperils foreigners instead of diminishing their danger, he told the Institute.

When foreign irritations have been removed, foreigners will be appreciably safer in China, in the opinion of Mr. Millard.

Mr. Jerome Greene of the Institute of Pacific Relations said that a Dawes Plan might afford a remedy for China's difficulties. What he considered to be China's real need, however, was a Mussolini, a Hoover or a Stalin to direct the destinies of the country.

On a basis of history, however, Mr. Greene was of the view that China is not likely to produce such a leader.

Mr. Sokolsky's Views.

Mr. George Sokolsky, editor of the *Far Eastern Review* in Shanghai, again spoke before the Institute of Politics and declared that China's wars must continue until the feudal groups are destroyed.

This holds true whether one considers the well equipped northern armies or the bandits to the south, he explained.

The process may require many years, Mr. Sokolsky said. It will, however, be possible to modernize and to stabilize the affected areas, in his opinion.

Mr. Sokolsky predicted that Tientsin will be captured by the National Government before winter of this year.

STOWAWAY CHARGED.

TRIP TO MANILA AND BACK.

A Chinese stowaway, whose intention was to go to Manila, found his presence on board the s.s. Empress of Canada discovered before the ship arrived at this port. In consequence he was detained by the ship's authorities and had to make a trip to Manila and back.

He was charged before Mr. Whyte-Smith at Kowloon Magistrate's court yesterday, when Mr. H. King, an officer from the ship, said that the defendant was discovered hidden among some stores one day after the vessel had left Hong Kong. The ship had to take defendant to Manila and back. A sum of \$11.40 was found on him.

Defendant was fined \$40 or three weeks' hard labour on the stowaway charge, and also ordered to pay a fine of \$10, or one week's gaol in default of payment, as compensation to the shipowners.

POSED AS DETECTIVES.

CHINESE ROBBED BY GANG.

Four robbers posing as police detectives, held up a Chinese in Hollywood Road, shortly after 1 o'clock yesterday morning.

The victim was stopped by the gang near the Man Mo Temple, and on the pretence of searching him they seized his purse. The victim then realised they were not detectives and clutched hold of one of them but the others sprang on him and violently assaulted him.

He then raised an alarm and the robbers fled in different directions. A Chinese constable soon came on the scene but no trace of the robbers could be found.

Those Present.

Guests who took their seats on the dais were:—

H.E. Major-General J. W. Sandilands, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.; His Honour Mr. J. B. Wood, Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, C.M.G., C.B.E., Hon. Mr. C. G. Alabaster, K.C., O.B.E., Hon. Mr. C. McI. Messer, O.B.E., Hon. Mr. E. T. Crenay, C.B.E., Hon. Mr. A. E. Wood, Hon. Mr. J. Owen Hughes, Hon. Mr. G. S. Mackie, Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G., Hon. Comdr. G. F. Hole, R.N. (retired), Hon. Dr. Wellington, Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga, Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., LL.D., Hon. Dr. S. W. Tao, O.B.E., LL.D., Hon. Mr. J. J. Patterson, Hon. Mr. Paul Lauder, His Honour Mr. P. Jacks, and Mr. W. W. Hornell, C.I.E., M.A.

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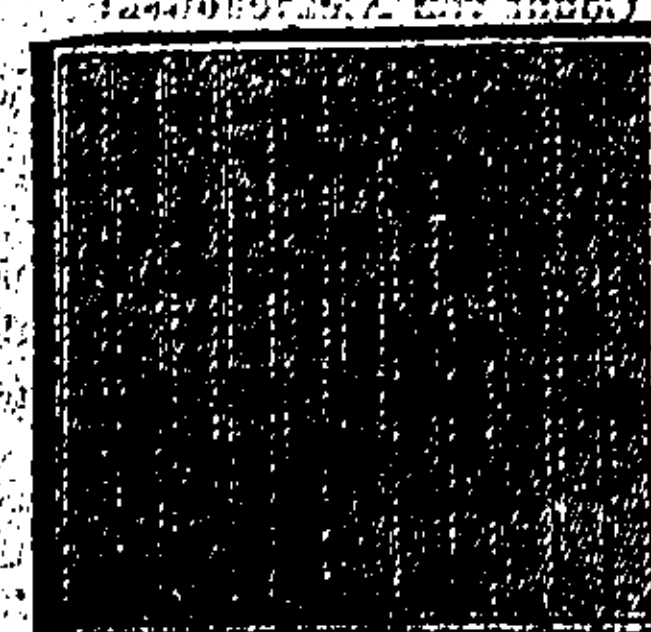
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[1930]

NOTICE.

FROM 1st SEPTEMBER, 1930. Our Address will be No. 17, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONG KONG.
N. S. MOSES & COMPANY, LTD.
[1930]

HONG KONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CLUB will be held in the CLUB HOUSE on FRIDAY, the 5th SEPTEMBER, 1930, at 5.30 P.M.
Business:—As set forth in the Notice posted in the Club.

By Order,
T. A. ROBERTSON, Lieut. Col.,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, 27th August, 1930. [1930]

HONG KONG ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF HONG KONG ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION COMPANY LIMITED, will be held in the BOARD ROOM of Messrs. STEWART, TOMES and COMPANY, 81, GEORGE STREET, HONG KONG, on WEDNESDAY the TENTH DAY of SEPTEMBER, 1930, at TWELVE O'CLOCK noon for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing an Extraordinary Resolution the following Resolution—

That the Capital of the Company be reduced from \$1,000,000 divided into 100,000 shares of \$10.00 each of which \$5,500 have been issued and are now outstanding to \$300,000 divided into 100,000 shares of \$3.00 each and that such Reduction which has been lost or is represented by Available Assets to the extent of \$8.00 Per Share upon each of the 95,500 Shares which have been issued and are now outstanding and by Reducing the Nominal amount of all the shares in the Company's Capital from \$10.00 to \$3.00 Per Share.

AND NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that a further EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF the above named Company will be held at the Same Time and Place on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-SIXTH DAY of SEPTEMBER, 1930, for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings at the before mentioned Meeting and of confirming, if thought fit, the before mentioned Resolution as a Special Resolution.

Dated this Twenty-eighth day of August, 1930.
By Order of the Board,
B. ALVES,
Secretary.

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You get the values, we get the business.

- E. H. Robinson's EVERYMAN'S WIRELESS ... \$3.50
Told in plain, untechnical language. Full of invaluable odds and ends as to requirements, upkeep and improvement.
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A very popular book on England. Everything Mr. Morton touches turns to a story under his hand. He fills his pages with life and character.
- Sir Philip Gibbs' NOW IT CAN BE TOLD ... \$5.00
The most widely known, most important, and most interesting of all books of war revelations. It tells the truth and is a war observer's illumination bomb.
- H. V. Morton's THE CALL OF ENGLAND ... \$7.50
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- The Earl of Birkenhead's FAMOUS TRIALS OF HISTORY ... \$5.00
One of the greatest lawyers of all time gives here the inside history of many famous trials. Written so that every layman can understand them, these stories are among the most dramatic and fascinating in the world.
- THE CRUISE OF THE KNORPRINZ WILHELM. By Count von Nisychowski ... \$10.50
The true story of a famous mystery ship. Introduction by Count Luckner and illustrations from photographs.
- E. Lindsey's THE REVOLT OF MODERN YOUTH ... \$5.00
This keen and vigorous analysis of the problems of youth puts an end to idle talk about the younger generation and leads the way toward intelligently understanding them.
- Emil Ludwig's THE SON OF MAN ... \$5.00
This book deals with Jesus and has not a word to say about the Christ. The author does not meddle with theology; that arose later and he does not pretend to understand it. He tells the story as if the tremendous consequences of the life he describes were unknown to him—as they were unknown to Jesus.
- T. E. Lawrence's REVOLT IN THE DESERT ... \$5.00
The marvellous story of an adventurer, poet, mystic, spy and military genius. Lawrence ruled as a mysterious, spectacular potentate in Arabia.

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WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.40 p.m., stated:—
Pressure is high to the north of Japan and relatively low from the China Sea to Guam.
Local Forecast:—Light S.E. or variable winds; fine to cloudy.

DEATHS.

CHEN.—On August 24 at Shanghai, VINCENT T. S. CHEN, aged 33.
LOUIS.—On August 23, at Shanghai suddenly at 7 p.m. from cerebral haemorrhage. IAN H. LOUIS.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street. Tel. 30251.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, SEPTEMBER 2, 1930.

EMPIRE TRADE AGAIN.

THE cable from London summarising a reply to the recent bankers' statement supporting the Empire Trade crusade makes most interesting reading. The views now expressed represent the opinion not only of bankers but of manufacturers and merchants—men who possibly are just as keen and intelligent as those whose activities are confined to the financing of international trade. This latest manifesto fully confirms the views expressed in these columns on the subject of Empire Trade as advocated by the BEAVERBROOK Crusaders—that it is an impracticable proposition, and can only result in harm, however good the intentions of its advocates.

The self-styled Crusaders fail to realise the utter impossibility of making the British Empire a self-sustaining and self-contained economic unit. The idea of the Dominions all trading freely with each other, and almost—if not entirely—closing their doors against all non-British communities, is quite obviously impracticable. More than half of Britain's exports go to countries outside the Empire. More than half the exports of the Dominions go to foreign countries. Why does trade flow in these non-British directions? Clearly because there is a demand of British goods in countries outside the Empire, and a demand for Dominion products outside the United Kingdom. What is going to happen to that trade if Empire Free-trade comes into operation? The Dominions will and can not take that share of Britain's trade which now goes to places outside the Empire, nor can Great Britain absorb that volume of trade which now goes from the Dominions to foreign countries. A self-sufficing and self-contained Empire is a myth. Empire trade can be further developed, certainly, but not to an extent where by Great Britain and the Dominions can say they will trade between each other freely, but as little as possible with other nations. The idea is absurd, and those who have been carried away by the enthusiasm of the Crusaders cannot have stopped to examine the easily available facts.

The National Association of Merchants and Manufacturers quite rightly points out that if Great Britain acts on the advice given by certain bankers in their July manifesto on Empire Trade, a world-wide tariff war will result, with the still greater danger of a breakdown in trade and credit. The manufacturing industries of Great Britain simply must find an outlet in markets outside the Empire. The Dominions even if they admitted British goods duty-free, an obvious impossibility, since they have their own infant industries to protect—could not absorb Britain's output of manufactured goods. Any attempt to keep Empire Trade a purely family affair

would result in non-British countries putting up their tariffs to a prohibitive height—and then what would the British manufacturer and merchant do? There would be no market open to him in which to dispose of the output remaining after all Empire requirements had been met. Conditions in England are bad enough now, but would be infinitely worse if the British nations scattered over the world decided to boycott every community outside their own circle.

WHAT MONEY CAN BUY.

It is not for the Westerners to say too much in criticism of the mercenary methods followed in so many directions by Chinese officials and private individuals. There are too many glass houses in Europe and America—and even in Australia—to warrant any reckless throwing of stones. Yet in China things are done by the power of the purse which are unparalleled in other countries—not necessarily more wicked, but certainly more extraordinary. Where else in the world is money paid to pirates whereby a safe passage is guaranteed to vessels moving about on their lawful occasions? And where else in the world would it be possible for a man convicted of a criminal offence openly to buy his freedom? Some very questionable incidents have occurred in the United States at times, whereby wealthy men have been enabled to escape the punishment which would have fallen upon a poor man in similar circumstances. But this is not the state of affairs existing in Peiping, where a much more simple method of obtaining freedom is in force.

Because the prisons in Peiping are crowded beyond their capacity, the local authorities are reported to have decided that persons who can afford to do so may buy their freedom by payment of substantial sums. The Chinese Press states that two men already have accepted the offer. The two mentioned are leaders of drug-smuggling rings. One is said to be a former chief of a Tax Bureau, who was sentenced to 30 months and a fine of \$5,000 for smuggling opium and heroin. The prisoner is reported to have paid an additional \$5,000 in lieu of the 30 months! Another man who had his headquarters in the Legation Quarter is reported to have been set free by paying \$10,000. His gang used a warehouse in the Legation Quarter for drug manufacture for several months before the police learned of their existence.

Chinese newspapers say that a long list of prisoners has been prepared, any one of whom will be permitted to buy their freedom if they so desire. There is not room for any more prisoners, and it is asserted that the Courts have agreed to the arrangement. This sale of pardons will also serve another purpose. It will provide funds for the Northern coalition, which is in great need of money to prosecute the civil war. It is not clear whether this strange arrangement has any precedent in Chinese law, or whether it establishes a new precedent, set to solve the problem created by overcrowded prisons, but nowhere else could such an extraordinary plan be officially sanctioned by administrators of justice.

Although "immediate" satisfaction was demanded by Sir Miles Lampson for the assault upon Mrs. Kearns at Fukow early last month, there has been no news yet of the arrest and trial of the culprit.

Whereas the gold export for the purpose of investing abroad in the Japanese bonds in foreign currencies appears to be declining markedly, says the *Japan Chronicle*, there is an increasing inflow of specie from overseas countries, the most noteworthy being that from Siberia and Manchuria, through the Bank of Korea. Both the Government and the Yokohama Specie Bank buy up all the gold imported so as to replenish the latter's gold reserve, which as a result is increasing by ¥100,000 or even more each day. The total inflow of the gold since the lifting of its ban for export is computed somewhere at ¥25,000,000, and this amount apparently has been employed to enrich the gold reserve at the Bank of Japan.

★ News and Views ★

If a dog bites a man, it is not news.
If a man bites a dog, it is hot news.

A visitor to Herne Bay astonished people on the sea front recently by picking up his foxterrier and biting it. The dog gave a startled yelp, ran after his master, bit him—then followed docilely at his heels. "The dog is continually snapping at people, but I do not think it will bite anyone else for a time," the man said afterwards. "I have tried all kinds of things to break the dog of the habit, but everything has failed up till now. I do not want to get rid of the dog, so something had to be done to keep it quiet."

General Walter Reinhardt, the last War Minister of Prussia, died at Berlin on August 28. He was chief of staff of the 7th Army on the German side at the end of the Great War.

Weymouth Town Councillors at a recent meeting of the Council, expressed annoyance at what were described as "invidious distinctions" in the list of names inscribed on the brass tablet (8ft. by 3ft.) on the town bridge recently opened by the Duke of York. The Mayor, Mr. Percy Boyle, is given his M.B.E. and J.P., and the name of the deputy-mayor, Mr. Bartle Pye, appears with J.P. after it. Mere aldermen and councillors, however, are not given any letters after their names. Among them is Alderman Comben, who was awarded the C.B.E. It was decided that the matter shall be rectified, and the town clerk said a new brass plate might have to be obtained, at a cost of £100.

The Pasteur Institute has discovered a new rat poison, for which it is claimed that it is innocuous to human beings, domestic animals, game or poultry, and at the same time terribly rough on rats.

No. 10,000, the London and North Eastern Railway Company's nameless "hush-hush" engine left King's Cross, London, recently on the world's longest non-stop run from London to Edinburgh. The case and silence with which the 166-ton monster hauled her 450-ton load was impressive. The previous day No. 10,000 brought the south-bound Scotman to London and exactly eight and a quarter hours after leaving Edinburgh she drew into King's Cross. (The run had been completed without the loss of a minute. Originally designed for short express runs—she has covered the 44 miles from Darlington to York in 43 minutes.—No. 10,000 has been transferred to long-distance work to relieve the holiday traffic. Her freakish lines attracted a large crowd.)

A Keats Museum is now to be opened at Keats' house, near Hampstead, in a building to be built for the purpose by the Hampstead Borough Council. Conditions are said to have precluded the possibility of using the house itself as a museum.

Mr. H. B. Lees-Smith, the Postmaster-General, in a written reply to a question by Major Colville (Midlothian North, U.) on the subject of an advertisement of Russian oil on the front cover of the Post Office Guide for July says:—It is the practice of the Post Office to try to arrange as far as possible for British rather than foreign goods to receive prominence in the advertisements appearing in its official publications, but I do not feel justified in refusing an advertisement of a foreign product, offered in the usual way through the official advertising agents, to appear in a space which might otherwise have to be left blank or used unremuneratively.

★ Local Notes and Events ★

According to a report made to the Police, an accident occurred in Des Vaux Road Central, near the Post Office, yesterday, as a result of which a young Chinese girl lost her life. It is alleged that she was knocked down by public car No. 508.

Mr. O. Charrington of 4, United Terrace, Kowloon, was bitten by his white bull terrier on both hands and the right forearm whilst playing with the animal on Saturday. He was taken to the Kowloon Hospital for treatment but was not detained.

A chess tournament between British and Chinese will be held at the Chinese Y.M.C.C. Bridges Street, lasting four successive evenings beginning on the 11th instant. Admission tickets are sold at \$1 each. Originally 100 tickets were issued but these were soon sold out and 100 more tickets were issued later and are now being rapidly disposed of.

Mr. and Mrs. Sydney M. Ehrman, of San Francisco, have endowed a research fellowship at Kings College, Cambridge, in memory of their son, who was a student at the College.

The news that Indian women have been persuaded to eat infertile eggs—as being vegetarian and therefore not forbidden—reminds me (writes a correspondent from an egg-exporting Dominion) of a story that deserves to be set beside this. A medical woman who was staying in a vegetarian boarding-house was eating an egg for breakfast when another inmate of the house entered and exclaimed in horror at the sight: "How could you," she said with up-lifted hands, bear to annihilate the motherhood of the hen?" The good lady was not, apparently (as was the medical woman), aware of the phenomenon of the modern poultry farm—the non-fertile egg.

Lord Thomson visited the Irish Free State Air Force Headquarters during the Dublin Horse Show week and paid a visit to Mr. W. T. Cosgrave, President of the Executive Council.

An acknowledged authority on the practice of healing in all departments, surprised his friends recently with the statement that it was reckoned statistically that, owing to the medical and surgical information acquired during the war, and as a result of the war, more lives (which otherwise would have been lost) have since been saved than have been sacrificed in the war. He added that before the war Germany was easily ahead in medical research, but since the war Britain and France had easily outstripped her.

Mr. T. Graham Robertson, K.C., a leading member of the Scottish Bar, has become independent chairman for National General Conference, in Conciliation Claims in the British Shipping Industry, in succession to Lord Macmillan.

A sea of gossip and intrigue is still raging in Bucharest around Queen Helena who, it is reliably reported, is determined to seek refuge in a convent. However, King Carol is reported to be equally determined to prevent such an irrevocable step which would prove a heavy blow to himself as Queen Helena is still extremely popular. The King's emissaries have already gone to the Black Sea coast, Constantza, where Helena is living in retirement, passing, it is said, her days in religious contemplation.

An experimental scheme has been sanctioned by the Home Office at Whitehall for the training of 5 men and 2 women as full time probation officers to deal with the supervision of first offenders and discharged prisoners, with a view of preventing their relapse into criminal habits.

The pleasure of the Sunday afternoon drive would be enhanced so far as safety is concerned, if the Courts generally followed the example of a Judge in Omaha, who, in convicting a man of reckless driving, sentenced him to five days in gaol, with the specification that each one of the five days should be a Sunday.

During a rush to register at the unemployment exchange at Hanley, Stoke-on-Trent, recently, over 20 women fainted. For a time there was a danger that some of them might be trampled under foot, but they were carried outside and attended by others in the queue. The increase in the number of registrations is due to the fact that pottery factories have closed down for a longer period than usual during the August holidays.

The new Turkish Liberal Party held its first meeting last week in Constantinople with Ali Fathi Bey as chairman and President Kemal Pasha's sister, Makbule Hanum, among the members of the party, a fact which caused both sensation and a good deal of speculation as it apparently confirms and was intended to confirm the reports that the Ghazi was in favour of the new party.

Lord Sankey will receive a deputation after the present vacation on the subject of the present cost of litigation in England.

A financial dictatorship has been established throughout Spain by a royal decree conferring upon the new Minister of Finance extraordinary powers to check the downward movement of the peseta and to rehabilitate the country's currency by rigid economy as well as by dealing summarily with all speculators in foreign exchange values.

Prince Tokugawa Iyasato, president of the Japanese Upper House and of the Japanese Red Cross, arrived in Berlin last week from London where he attended the inter-parliamentary conference. He will represent the Japanese Red Cross Society at the September meeting of the International Red Cross at Brussels and in the meantime will study various German welfare organizations.

The Air Ministry have issued new rules to minimise the possibility of collision risks in flying from aerodromes within the neighbourhood of London. The rules are experimental and due to the increased air traffic round the metropolis.

The engagement is announced of Helen, only daughter of Mr. Hugh Guthrie, K.C., of Ottawa and Guelph, Ontario, the former leader of the Canadian Conservative Party, to Captain C. V. R. Binnell-Hollinshead-Blundell, Scots Guards, A.D.C. to the Governor-General, Lord Willingdon. Captain Blundell is the sixth A.D.C. in Ottawa in recent years to choose a Canadian bride.

Some 130,817 aliens landed in Great Britain during the second quarter of 1930 and 107,153 embarked from Great Britain. 481 aliens were refused leave to land. These figures show considerable increases on those for the corresponding period of last year.

The number of rickshaws in Japan is decreasing in a direct ratio to the increase of motor-cars in the country. According to the investigation of the Home Office, motor-cars are increasing at an average rate of 10,000 per year, the total at the end of 1929 having been 66,379, in which 21,718 trucks are included. The number of rickshaws was reduced to 59,058, which was about one-half of the number of 1921.

A rumour that the long-wave National transmitter at Daventry (the old 5 XX) may shortly close down is officially denied by the B.B.C., who stated that they have never even contemplated such an idea. The station in question is probably the most widely listened to of all the B.B.C. transmitters. Owing to its long wave-length, it has a very reliable and wide normal range which makes it particularly popular on the Continent besides the more out-of-the-way parts of Britain. There would be an outcry if it were closed down.

The National Radio Exhibition, organised by the Radio Manufacturers' Association, to be held at Olympia from September 19 to 27, will be the biggest wireless show ever seen in Britain. Demand for space has been so great that the Empire Hall has been taken additionally, and it is expected that a record number of British firms will exhibit. Many of the larger wireless companies are making no attempt to keep secret their new season's models, but it is expected there will nevertheless be a number of surprises.

Looking Back 25 Years.
The new incandescent lamps which have been placed at various parts of Mount Kellett, the Peak and Magazine Gap, were lighted for the first time on Thursday night. They worked satisfactorily, and now Peak residents who have occasion to travel after dark will be lighted by the way.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, September 2, 1905.

Looking Back 50 Years.
It has been decided by the Government to build a wooden wharf at the foot of Pottinger Street, 60 feet long and 20 feet wide, and this work will be commenced shortly. The Government are already building a wharf 40 feet long at the foot of Bonham Strand West. These works will afford the increased facilities for landing which have long been needed.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, September 2, 1880.

NEW GOVERNMENT ESTABLISHED.**CONSISTS OF ELEVEN MINISTRIES.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEIPING, Sept. 1.

The Northern Government was definitely established this afternoon.

The Government will have 11 Ministries, Interior, Foreign, Finance, Justice, War, Navy, Education, Communications, Agriculture and Mining, Labour and Commerce, and Industry.

The Ministers have not yet been appointed.

There will be one Yuan, namely, The Control Yuan, which will exercise jurisdiction independently. Five to seven members will be nominated to the Yuan by the Central Executive Committee.

A Military Council will also be established, and also a Supreme Court Committee, for the codification of laws and a Committee on Mongolian and Tibetan Affairs.

"REDS" ADVANCING ON CHANGSHA.**ANXIETY IN HANKOW.**

According to reliable Chinese telegraphic dispatches from Hankow, the Communist troops in Hunan are as active as ever in spite of the "drastic action" taken by Governor Ho Chien. Changsha, the provincial capital, is now on the verge of being recaptured by the Communist "marauders" who have arrived at a point some 20 li south of the city. Serious fighting has broken out since Sunday.

In view of the fact that it is doubtful whether General Ho's troops will succeed in resisting the Communists, the Japanese Consulate has decided to remove to Hankow until the situation becomes more certain.

The menace to Changsha has roused much anxiety among the Hankow authorities as the objectives of the Communists after Changsha are Wuhan (Wuchang, Hankow and Hanyang). The Third Training Division has been dispatched to the Wuchang-Changsha Railway, and two armoured cars are now patrolling the railway. A section of the Communists are holding Chuchow and Liuyang in Hunan.

Taking advantage of the civil warfare, the Communists are again trying to stage a big demonstration along the Yangtze Valley. It is said that they are under the direction of the Third International, which has instructed them to capture Changsha as their base.

EARTHQUAKE IN KANSU.**HAILSTORM AND FLOODS RUIN CROPS.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEIPING, Sept. 1.

Just as Kansu was recovering from famine and the harvest prospects seemed good, an earthquake, hailstorm and floods have ruined the crop in some districts, according to a letter from Mr. Findlay Andrew from Lanchow dated July 26.

The hailstones were such as were unknown in living memory. Mr. Andrew found blocks of ice nine inches by four after melting all night.

Sheep and birds were killed and trees were stripped.

The devastated area measures 40 miles long by five miles wide.

The earthquake awakened all the inhabitants at Lanchow on July 24.

Reports were still coming in when the letter was written reporting severe damage from the earthquake in certain districts.

It will be recalled that there has been more than one appalling earthquake in Kansu in recent years with much loss of life.

STATE COUNCIL FORMED.**YEN HSI SHAN ACCEPTS PRESIDENCY.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEIPING, Sept. 1.

A message from Taiyuanfu to the vernacular Press states that at a meeting of the Central Executive Committee held on August 30 it was decided that a State Council be formed immediately consisting of 11 members, of whom seven hitherto have been announced, namely, Yen Hsi Shan, Feng Yu Hsiang, Chang Hsueh Liang, Wang Ching Wei, Tang Shao Yi, Li Tsung Jen and Hsu Chung Chih.

Yen Hsi Shan was persistently urged to accept the Presidency of the Council, but after often refusing he felt "obliged to accept."

MUTINY AMONG SHANSI TROOPS.

(Wah Tsai Yai Pao.)

HANCHOWFU, Sept. 1.

It is reliably reported that two battalions of the Shansi troops at Changchow have mutinied.

They defeated the Shansi troops under Feng Yu Sai, and are now concentrating at Machang, openly declaring against Yen Hsi Shan.

The village volunteers near Tientsin are supporting the mutineers.

COLLAPSE OF HEAT WAVE AT HOME.**TEMPERATURE DROPS TO 65 DEGREES.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Sept. 1.

The heat wave collapsed yesterday, a cold north-west wind lowering the temperature to the September normal temperature.

The temperature yesterday was 65 degrees compared with 80 on Saturday.

ANTICIPATED FAMINE IN RUSSIA.**COLOSSAL RELIEF SCHEME.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SYRACUSE, August 31.

Colonel Walter Bell, who was formerly associated with Mr. Hoover in relief work in Russia, has announced that he has accepted the Soviet Government's invitation to begin a colossal scheme of feeding masses of people with the aid of aeroplanes in the anticipated widespread famine in Russia.

KING AND QUEEN AT GLAMIS CASTLE.**SEE NEW GRANDCHILD FOR FIRST TIME.**

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUHRY, August 31.

The King and Queen, accompanied by the Duke of York, arrived at Glamis Castle at lunch time yesterday to see their new grandchild.

No public notice of the intended visit had been given, and even the police en route from Balmoral did not know that the Royal car was to pass.

Their Majesties returned to Balmoral after lunch and many people had gathered and cheered them.

The King, who was dressed in Highland costume, with a Balmoral cap, saluted several times, while the Queen, who was wearing a beige coat with fur trimming and toque to match, bowed and smiled.

The Duke of York remained at Glamis Castle.

Progress of Duchess and Infant Princess.

The following bulletin was afterwards issued from Glamis Castle: "The Duchess of York is very well. Her Royal Highness has made most satisfactory progress during the week. The infant Princess is also very well and has gathered weight steadily. Signed: Henry Simson, David Mole."

Sir Henry Simson has now left Glamis Castle for London.

CYCLE SMASH AT SHANGHAI.**VELODROME COACH IN CRITICAL CONDITION.**

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

SHANGHAI, Sept. 1.

J. Bengston, chief coach at the Velodrome, is in a critical condition and is not expected to recover following a motor-cycle crash on Saturday, when he lost control of the handle-bars, which impinged on his abdomen.

The doctors decided upon blood transfusion on Sunday.

Bengston was a good ordinary cyclist, but he had no motor-cycle experience, and he rode the machine for the second time in his life when attempting a stunt.

POLAND AND HER BORDERS.**NO VIOLATION OF TERRITORIAL RIGHTS.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

WARSAW, August 31.

The recent speech of Dr. Treviranus was the subject of a demonstration by 10,000 people to-day when a resolution was passed condemning all claims aiming at any diminution of Polish territory and declaring that Poland would never allow itself to be deprived of even an inch of liberated territory.

The Foreign Minister, M. Zaleski, to whom the resolution was conveyed, gave an assurance to the delegation that the Government would never permit any violation of Poland's rights.

Speaking recently at a demonstration to celebrate the tenth anniversary of the plebiscite of East Prussia (in which 90 per cent. of the inhabitants expressed a desire to remain in Germany), Dr. Treviranus referred to the Vistula region of Poland as an unhealed wound in Germany's eastern flank. He said the future of Poland could only be assured if Germany and Poland were not kept in a state of perpetual unrest by unjust frontiers.

Dr. Treviranus added: "Our eyes see with grief the land which to-day is lost to us, but one day it may be re-won. A day will come when a fight for justice will free Germany and Europe."

PRIME MINISTER'S NARROW ESCAPE.**HOUSE STRUCK BY LIGHTNING AND ELECTRIC WIRES FUSE.**

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUHRY, August 31.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald had a narrow escape when the house at which he was staying at Catterick Camp was struck by lightning on Friday's storm and when all the electric wires fused.

Mr. MacDonald, who was returning to Lonsdale by air, was forced through bad weather conditions to turn back at the Scottish border and make a landing at Catterick.

Interviewed yesterday, he said the storm was both violent and virulent. It lasted some hours. "If we had been up half an hour later we would have got it." It came suddenly, he added.

LORD MAYOR OF LONDON'S TOUR.**VISIT TO SWEDEN AND DENMARK.**

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUHRY, August 31.

The Lord Mayor of London, Sir William Waterlow, and the Lady Mayoress, accompanied by several Corporation officials, left London last night on a short visit to Sweden and Denmark.

The party will arrive at Gothenburg to-morrow and will be entertained to lunch by the Governor.

They will then travel to Stockholm, where on Tuesday there will be a reception in the Council Hall. The Crown Prince of Sweden will be present.

In Copenhagen on September 2 they will be received by the King of Denmark.

BANK MESSENGER ROBBED.**SEVEN MEMBERS OF GANG ARRESTED AT SHANGHAI.**

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

SHANGHAI, Sept. 1.

Less than three days after a daring robbery of \$100,000 from a bank messenger on his arrival from Hangchow the police arrested seven members of the robber gang, including a woman, and recovered \$3,000 after a series of raids in three districts.

PERUVIAN EX-DICTATOR'S MILLIONS.**MOB SACKS PALATIAL RESIDENCE.**

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, August 31.

According to travellers from Peru one of the reasons for the revolutionaries detaining Le Guia is the report that he has \$23,500,000 in sterling in London banks.

The Peruvian indignation against Le Guia and others who enriched themselves under his regime is shown by the mob sacking Le Guia's residence at Lima and burning the expensive furniture in the street after setting fire to the house.

Ministers' Resignations Accepted.

NEW YORK, August 31.

A message received from Lima states that the new Government is shaking up the Peruvian diplomatic service.

The new Government has accepted the resignations of the Peruvian Ministers to Great Britain, Spain, Vienna and Brussels.

The Minister and Consul-General to France have been superseded and the former has been ordered to return to Lima for an investigation of his conduct.

AIR RACE ROUND ITALY.**ENTHUSIASM FOR ENGLISH LADY COMPETITOR.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ROME, August 31.

"La Miss" otherwise the Englishwoman, Miss Winifred Spooner, arrived second at the Littorio aerodrome on the fourth and last lap of the international air race round Italy.

The crowd was terrifically enthusiastic and roared "Bravo Miss" when Miss Spooner arrived.

Fifty-two competitors started in the race, Miss Spooner being the only British entrant. There was one other woman aviator in the competition, this being Signorina Fumagalli.

The four laps constituting the course included a 450 mile stretch over the Alps. There were ten landing points on the route and many competitors dropped out.

The Italian flyer, Colonel Sacchi, won the first three laps and the German, Lusser, the fourth. Miss Spooner was placed fifth at the end of the third lap, but the final results have not yet been decided.

Miss Spooner is the daughter of a well-known Plymouth business man. She was the only woman competing in the air race round Europe last year; she also competed this year, being placed fifth with 416 points; eleven behind the winner. In the round-Europe race she was easily the highest scorer in the starting and landing tests over 30 foot obstacles.

ANGLO-AMERICAN POLO.**BRITISH PLAYER UNDER-GOES OPERATION.**

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.

Aidan Roark, the reserve member of the British polo team to meet America in the West Chester Cup matches, was operated on yesterday for mastoiditis in the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary.

Dr. Mackenzie-Pedgley, who assisted in the operation, described the patient's condition as "critical," but later it was reported that he was progressing comfortably and that the outlook for his recovery was promising.

Roark underwent a slight operation ten days ago, when the surgeons opened an abscess in an effort to relieve the infection.

RAILWAY OUTRAGE IN AMERICA.**EXPRESS DERAILED BY TRAIN-WRECKERS.**

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 1.

Eleven were killed and 30 injured as the result of the derailment of the express train running between St. Louis and San Francisco.

The disaster is attributed to train-wreckers placing a pile of rocks on the rails.

U.S. LABOUR DAY.**WHAT THE WORKERS WANT.****DEVELOPMENT OF LABOUR MOVEMENT.**

[UNITED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, August 31.—Employment, steady, certain and well-paid employment, is the foremost demand of the American working-class as they prepare to celebrate to-morrow Labour Day—the one holiday of the year set aside especially for them.

This is the view of the representatives of the American Federation of Labour, whose 3,000,000 members constitute the voice and power among the country's 24,000,000 wage-earners.

Parades, meetings, and demonstrations which will be held the length and breadth of the nation by these millions to-morrow will be directed this year to showing the need for protecting the worker's job.

Legal Restraint.

The next most important matter in their minds is curbing the use of the injunction, a Court regulation whereby a judge with "unchecked power" in labour's view, may restrain persons from acts regarded as detrimental to the public good. It is used especially in time of strike to prevent labour carrying out its plans. Aside from these things labour asks for the right of collective bargaining, and freedom for voluntary expansion of various types of social insurance.

The importance of employment, both in the United States and in other countries, was placed first and indicated as most urgent in a statement issued to the United Press on the eve of Labour Day by Frank Morrison, Secretary of the American Federation of Labour.

Unemployment.

"Among the problems facing Labour to-day," he said, "two are outstanding in need for solution. The first of these is unemployment."

"As I see it, a short work-day, a five-day week, and higher wages is the solution to this problem as far as we are concerned. But it is also a world problem, and I may express at this time the hope that the labour movement of other countries may secure early adjustment of their unemployment problems."

"The second problem is to secure passage of some legislation preventing use and abuse of the injunction in labour disputes. A Bill to do this has been submitted to Congress but reported unfavorably by the Committee. It will be taken up at the forthcoming session in December, however, and we feel certain we will secure its adoption by the Senate."

A New Era.

Taking up more general features of the labour movement in the United States, Secretary Morrison said:

"This Labour Day is marked by a pronounced trend toward new economic outlooks and a realization that our nation is at the threshold of another era."

"These viewpoints have been developing since the World War. During the past year, however, more thought has been given to the revolutionary effect of automatic machinery and its displacement of workers, mass production, mergers and the encroachment of Equity Courts in the field of law enforcement."

"These sweeping changes, yet in their infancy, have overturned former concepts. The new cycle has brought adherents to policies that would be considered a few years ago, inconsistent with American principles."

Old-Age Pensions.

"Old-age pensions, long advocated by organized labour, was considered a necessary part of the new economic system."

"The automatic machine, with the army of unemployed workers with the placement of workers who have reached the age of 40 and 45, make old-age pensions a problem of major importance."

"This has been true of other problems, such as abolition of child intelligence and a will to do."

(Continued at foot of next column.)

"NIGHT SCOT" MEETS WITH MISHAP.**CRASHES INTO BUFFER-STOPS AT EUSTON.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Sept. 1.

The "Night Scot," the express train from Glasgow, on arriving at Euston Station this morning hauled by two engines crashed into the buffer-stops.

The driver and fireman of the first engine were buried under the coal and thrown from the tender.

One coach was partly telescoped and scores of windows of the train were broken.

Twenty passengers were slightly injured.

The crowd on the platform awaiting friends were horrified by the crash, which was heard for a considerable distance outside the station.

BOMBAY COTTON MILLS CLOSE.**SIXTY THOUSAND WORKERS IDLED.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BOMBAY, Sept. 1.

Six more cotton mills have closed down, making a total of 24 since the civil disobedience movement started.

Sixty thousand workers are involved.

TOLL OF THE ROAD IN ENGLAND.**BIG INCREASE IN ACCIDENTS.**

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, August 31.

Deaths from accidental injury by mechanical vehicles on the roads increased from 4,492 in 1927 to 5,251 in 1928 and 5,789 in 1929.

This is shown by the Registrar-General's statistical review of England and Wales.

Exclusive of collisions between two different types of vehicles, the deaths caused by motor cars increased from 1,350 to 1,660 and those by motor cycles from 1,043 to 1,162.

LIFEBOAT RACE AT NEW YORK.**KEEN CONTEST EXPECTED.**

[UNITED PRESS.]

NEW YORK, August 31.—The fourth annual lifeboat-race for crews of steamers entering the port of New York will take place to-morrow morning in the harbour here.

The championship crew, the Sud Americano of the Garica and Diaz lines, will be out to-morrow to win their third victory, thereby giving them the William H. Todd cup which they won twice before. They captured the trophy in the first race held in 1927, lost to the Cunard liner crew Mauretania in 1928, only to win again in 1929.

The Cunard line announced that it would again enter the lifeboat crew of the Mauretania, and others that participated in former years will again race. A tough contest is expected between these two former winners.

The three races held thus far developed a keen spirit of competition among the crews of the liners entering port.

The race will be held in the morning and will not be postponed if the weather is bad. The use of grease or pot-lead on the bottoms of the lifeboats will automatically disqualify the craft.

The race is held under the auspices of the Neptune Association.

labour, establishment of workmen's compensation, higher wages, shorter hours, free education, and other issues, now accepted by the general public.

"The past year has been marked by a clearer understanding of the misuse of the injunction. This process is no longer called a labour problem. Equity is rapidly encroaching on the rights of the public Press and business. Labour will continue its agitation against this wrong."

Five-Day Week.

"The universal five-day week is a certainty in the near future. It is necessary because of changing economic conditions, and it is now being enforced in many sections."

"Organized labour faces the new collective age with a better understanding, with increased membership, and a greater faith in their possibilities, through unified action. We will extend our usefulness, just in proportion as we develop intelligence and a will to do."

(Continued at foot of next column.)

GRIM SOLUTION OF ARCTIC MYSTERY.**ANDREE'S REMAINS RECOVERED.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TROMSOE, Sept. 1.

The sealer Bratvaag with the remains of Andree the explorer and his companions, which were found at White Island, between Spitzbergen and Franz Josefland, by a Norwegian scientific expedition on August 6, has arrived at Hasvik West Hammerfest.

It is reported that the bodies are merely skeletons. Two are mostly whole, and the third consists of only the remnants of bone. The skull is separated from the body. The skeleton is supposed to be Andree's.

A party of Swedish scientists are proceeding north in the Government ship Michael Sars, which is expected this evening. They will examine the remains and publish a communiqué.

The work of preservation will be undertaken at the Tromsø Hospital.

Lost at the North Pole.

Andree left Danes Island, Spitzbergen, on July, 1897, in a balloon with two companions, intending to fly to the North Pole. He disappeared, and several expeditions were sent in search of the missing balloonists.

The camp was situated 200 yards from the shore, and bore many evidences that the balloonists had lived for some time after their forced landing.

Andree's body was coated with ice and fully dressed. His diary was in his pocket. Near a boat, in which were vestiges of the remains of the third balloonist, the equipment found included a sled, a book of observations, and instruments. All these will be brought to Norway.

Logbook Entries.

The Captain of the Norwegian sealer Bratvaag, on which are the Norwegian scientists who discovered the bodies of Andree and his comrades, believes that the solution of the mystery is due to the heavy rain melting the ice under which the bodies were buried, as only a fortnight previously the crew of another Norwegian sealer went ashore at the same neighbourhood and found nothing.

Andree's diary and logbook were coated with ice, and it was impossible to open them properly, but one of the last pages of the logbook contains the entry "18/7/1897, 63 degrees north, 32 east," indicating that the expedition reached a more northerly latitude than was generally supposed.

The skeleton of a Polar bear found in the camp was presumably killed for food.

The Norwegian expedition before leaving built a cairn to mark the site of the tragedy.

ANDREE'S LOGBOOKS FOR SWEDEN.**NORWAY TO MAKE NO CLAIM.**

Stockholm, August 25.—The Swedish fears that Norway might claim the diaries and logbooks of the dead explorer Andree and his companions, were quickly dissipated by a statement issued to-day by the Norwegian Foreign Minister to the effect that the question of the legal ownership of the documents had never been considered and that as a matter of fact everything would be handed over to the commander of the Swedish cruiser, Sverdrup, after the arrival of the Sverdrup, the ship of the expedition which discovered the remains of the Andree expedition at Tromsø.

where in the meantime the Swedish Consul concluded his investigations among the crew of the Norwegian whaler Tenningen and announced that there was no reason to doubt the reports concerning the discovery.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FLIGHT.**CAPTAIN COSTE PILOTS "QUESTION MARK."**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Sports News

Lawn Bowls.

CHAMPIONSHIP AND RINK RECORDS.

[BY "BACK WOOD."]

Senior division teams in the lawn bowls league completed their programme on Saturday, the championship going to Craigengower with Civil Service as the runners-up. It was Craigengower's third consecutive victory and this, together with other records, prove conclusively that they are the finest team in the league this year. They are 252 shots up this year, which is four times that of their nearest rivals, while Bradbury's rink claim nearly half this total and have beaten last season's record of 116 shots. Last year Kowloon Dock headed the list with 132 shots, Craigengower coming next with 110 shots and retaining the championship on the replay.

The following are the records of the two Clubs, and the rinks which hold a high position in the two divisions:—

Craigengower C.C.

	For	Agst.	Up	Down
Won (away) v. Kowloon Dock	49	44	3	0
Won (home) v. Kowloon C.C.	79	47	25	0
Lost (home) v. Bowling Green	53	39	0	4
Won (home) v. Police	60	42	18	0
Won (home) v. Club de Recreo	58	45	13	0
Won (away) v. Taikoo	55	53	2	0
Won (home) v. Kowloon Dock	61	37	24	0
Won (away) v. Kowloon C.C.	78	44	34	0
Won (home) v. Bowling Green	73	43	30	0
Won (away) v. Police	70	53	17	0
Won (home) v. Civil Service	69	39	30	0
Won (away) v. Club de Recreo	67	33	34	0
Won (home) v. Taikoo	63	48	15	0
Won (away) v. Civil Service	69	44	24	0
	901	649	356	4

Civil Service C.C.

	For	Agst.	Up	Down
Won (home) v. Taikoo	59	56	3	0
Won (away) v. Club de Recreo	58	47	11	0
Won (home) v. Police	73	38	35	0
Won (away) v. Bowling Green	62	61	1	0
Won (away) v. Kowloon Dock	58	52	6	0
Lost (home) v. Kowloon C.C.	60	76	0	16
Won (away) v. Taikoo	61	60	1	0
Won (home) v. Club de Recreo	57	47	10	0
Won (home) v. Police	63	40	23	0
Won (home) v. Bowling Green	60	43	17	0
Lost (away) v. Craigengower	39	69	0	30
Lost (away) v. Kowloon Dock	54	58	0	4
Won (home) v. Kowloon C.C.	75	48	27	0
Lost (home) v. Craigengower	44	69	0	25
	818	755	158	75

First Division Rinks.

	P.	W.	D.	L.	For	Agst.	Up.
B. W. Bradbury (Craigengower)	14	13	0	1	319	189	123
R. F. Luz (Recreo)	14	11	1	2	333	227	101
R. Wallace (Taikoo)	13	8	0	5	278	200	76
A. W. Grimitt (Civil Service)	14	6	0	8	302	233	69
H. Bana (Craigengower)	14	3	1	10	295	230	65
U. M. Omar (Craigengower)	14	9	1	4	294	230	64
A. M. Holland (K.B.G.C.)	14	9	1	4	304	242	62
J. Fraser (Kowloon C.C.)	14	10	0	4	330	235	45
R. Lapsley (Kowloon Dock)	13	8	1	4	275	231	44
S. Gray (Kowloon Dock)	6	3	0	3	175	151	24
A. O. Brawn (Civil Service)	13	7	1	5	245	223	17
F. Cullen (Kowloon Dock)	9	5	1	3	187	174	13

Second Division Rinks.

	P.	W.	D.	L.	For	Agst.	Up.
W. E. Hollands (Civil Service)	14	8	2	4	321	242	79
G. E. Roylance (K.B.G.C.)	13	9	0	4	288	227	61
A. Chapman (Yacht Club)	13	9	0	4	293	228	57
A. W. E. Davidson (K.B.G.C.)	12	6	1	5	263	210	44
D. Walsley (Taikoo)	12	8	1	3	253	215	38
F. Haynes (Civil Service)	12	7	0	5	262	214	28
J. Cavanagh (Craigengower)	10	7	0	3	210	176	24
W. S. Drake (K.B.G.C.)	12	8	0	4	257	227	30
A. Macfarlane (Yacht Club)	13	6	0	7	274	246	28

The final match between the two Clubs was watched by a large gathering, consisting mostly of the respective supporters. The first few heads were in favour of Civil Service taken all round, and their highest lead was five shots after seven heads. Grimitt and Bradbury were then keeping together with six shots each; Brawn had a lead of 10-1 over Bana; Gregory was four shots down to Omar. The eighth head gave Craigengower the lead by one shot and from then on they had the upper hand. Bana made a wonderful recovery to draw level with Brawn, 12-12 at the 15th head. The latter again took the lead, and in the last head Bana took two shots to make the score 18-18. Gregory's rink went to pieces and lost by 20 shots. They scored on only seven heads which gave a total of ten shots. Omar had a couple of three's, a five and a four and finished with a two to make a total of 20. The champion rinks had a close run. Bradbury scored five in the last head to lead 18-18 and won in the end by five shots.

A demonstration was arranged by supporters of Craigengower for the winners' home. Civil Service members very sportingly joined in the procession to the pavilion. The C.C.C. flag bearer led the way followed by their "band" which played some lively

selections. The Club President, Mr. Bradbury, entertained members and visitors, and many congratulatory speeches were made. Speaking on behalf of the Civil Service C.C., Mr. Grimitt said that he admired the team spirit of the champions which was the main thing in their success. Mr. Brawn, Vice-President of the Association, also congratulated the winners and recalled that he was one of the earliest members of the Club thirty years back when his greatest rival in sport was Mr. Bana.

On Saturday afternoon four members of the Interport team, Messrs. G. McLeod, F. C. Goodman, R. F. Luz and C. G. Silva, left for Shanghai by the s.s. Soochow, which calls at Swatow on the way. Several prominent players were present to see them off and wish them success. Last evening there was another farewell gathering on the President Cleveland by which Messrs. O. Atkinson and W. D. Mackintosh took their departure. Luz has been playing very good bowls this season and there is no doubt that he will be a source of worry to the Shanghai players. Shortly before he sailed he had the satisfaction of winning the championship of the Craigengower C.C., his victims being Cavanagh, Rumjahn, Arculli and Omar.

Hong Kong at Play.

SPORTS NOTES AND COMMENTS.

[BY "BROADCASTER."]

The second half of the racing season will commence this month and already the ponies in Hong Kong are being put through their paces. One or two animals are showing very much improved form over the first half of the year, and there will certainly be a good proportion of upsets on September 27. Some very fine animals will be racing after the summer interval and racing fans will be pleased to hear that practically the whole of the cross-breds in Shanghai will be down here by the next Annual Meeting. One animal, Pride of Tsingtao is already down here and there is already talk of more broken records before the Annual Meeting.

The Fanning Races will be resumed about a month later than those at Happy Valley, and I understand that there will be flat racing in Kwantai this year in addition to steeplechasing. The flat races will be over long distances, and I believe the best ponies on the flat will be barred by the conditions. This makes things all the more interesting. By the way, all the Fanning Race Club's events will in future be recognised by the Jockey Club in Hong Kong and the three race clubs in Shanghai as official races, unless the conditions of the race expressly state otherwise.

The finishing touches are being put to the widening of the straight at Happy Valley. The turf, in spite of the fact that it had to be relaid recently, has come on quite well and there should be no fear of any serious damage being done to it when racing resumes. Jockeys and owners have much to be grateful for this happy state of affairs, and the officials who spent their time during the hot summers days at the Course deserve heartfelt thanks.

Some interesting sport is ahead of us as the entries to the V.R.C. night fete to be held on Saturday, have been very gratifying. In the 100-yards championship for men, S. V. Gittens, W. Lawrence, T. Paget, R. Amery, Lau Ping Piu, Leung Sui Man and Chan Kiu Cheung have entered, and there should be a close struggle. I personally favour the V.R.C. candidates Lawrence and Amery, but there will be no doubt a good number who feel that Leung Sui Man, the Chinese stalwart, will carry the day. Leung's drawback, however, like Gittens, is that he is excellent over two lengths, but for four lengths, I always look elsewhere for the winner.

For the women's 100-yards, the entries are Misses, P. Hunt, D. Hunt, I. Gittens, C. Weir, M. George, E. Booth, A. Anslow E. Allen and Yeung Son King. The entries are good and those familiar with swimming will certainly admit that there is every prospect of a fine race. He would be a bold person who would dare predict the winner. The 100-yards for boys has drawn nine competitors and the 100-yards Breast Strokes has ten entries, seven of whom are Chinese.

Two matches in the senior division of the lawn bowls league were completed on Saturday, closing the programme so far as this section is concerned. There was much speculation as to the outcome of the return meeting between Civil Service and Craigengower. The former lost when they visited their neighbours recently and their supporters were in hopes that they would turn the tables at home. Craigengower, however, won by 25 shots, and their victory was well deserved on the evidence of the way in which they played. Their support, their skips and play with one object to win. Civil Service are now the runners-up, while the Shield remains at Craigengower for another season. The other match was between Club de Recreo and

(Continued on next column.)

WATER POLO.

R.A. BEAT NAVY.

In a keen and interesting water-polo match played at the V.R.C. Bath yesterday, the Royal Artillery just managed to beat the Royal Navy by two goals to one.

Despite the fact that the Navy had made several changes in their team, the Gunners were slightly superior and were only prevented from scoring in the first half by their own faulty shooting.

After the interval the Navy opened their scoring. However, Gray soon equalised for the Gunners, and just before the final whistle blew, Lewis added another to bring them winners by two goals to one.

R.A.—Bibbards, Oliver, Cavanagh, Gray, Lewis, Forester and Malby.

Navy—Parker, Comdr. Morris, Beer, Bonning, Way, Lake and Lt. Comdr. Havers.

SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIPS

Heats in the 100 yards Free Style, 100 yards Breast Stroke, 100 yards Ladies and 100 yards Boys Championships will be swum off at the V.R.C. on Wednesday, September 3, at 6 p.m. sharp.

AMERICAN LAWN TENNIS.

HOLDERS BEATEN IN DOUBLES.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

BROOKLYN, August 31.

In the final of the American national doubles G. M. Lott and J. Doeg (holders) beat J. Van Ryn and W. Allison 8-6, 6-3, 4-6, 12-15, 6-4.

In the mixed doubles final W. Allison and Edith Cross beat Frank Shields and Marjorie Merrill 6-4, 6-4.

the Bowling Green Club. A week before the Bowling Green won at home by 14 shots, but Club de Recreo made honours even on their victory by eight shots in the return match. Luz and Gow finished 18 shots each. Holland beat Ribeiro by four shots. McTavish, however, lost to Gutierrez by 12 shots.

Kowloon C.C. juniors entertained Taikoo and lost by the narrow margin of four shots. Duncan's rink turned the points in favour of the visitors, as he had a majority of eight shots which amply covered a slight loss by Walsley who was opposed to Labrum. The third rink finished with even honours. The only outstanding match in this division is the one between Taikoo and the Yacht Club. Junior championship honours are still open, Civil Service and the Bowling Green having to decide on their replay.

Only one league tennis match was decided over the week-end. This was the "B" division game between South China and the M.B.K., and the former won by six sets to three.

There is one very important fixture in the "A" division down for decision to-day—the postponed match between the Chinese and Indian Recreation Clubs. Both sides are turning out at full strength and those who make the trip to Sookunpoo are bound to be rewarded with some good tennis.

The Indian boys are playing extremely well just now, and at the risk of being called optimistic, I predict a win for them. The Rumlahn cousins—S.A. and H.D.—should win all their sets while "C.A.L." and his partner, ought also to prove a great source of worry to the Chinese.

The Japanese are going strong in their attempt to win the Chinese championship from the Chinese. On Saturday they easily trounced the "Texaco" nine in spite of the fact that their pitching appeared rather "lose". The game on Sunday between South China and the Philippines was a very tame affair. Doing almost what they liked, the Chinese won by the big margin of fourteen runs.

THE TENTH OLYMPIC GAMES IN 1932.

LOS ANGELES WELL AHEAD WITH ITS PREPARATIONS.

STRONG EUROPEAN SUPPORT.

[UNITED PRESS.]

New York, August 4.—The Tenth Olympic Games, the greatest of all sports carnivals ever arranged in the United States, will be held at Los Angeles in 1932, beginning on Saturday, July 30, and ending on Sunday, August 14. The Third Olympic Winter Games will be held at Lake Placid, beginning on Thursday, February 4, and ending on Saturday, February 13. Lake Placid is in the heart of the Adirondack Mountains, at an elevation of 1,600 ft. above sea-level, an overnight ride from New York City.

The following programme of events will be contested at the Games of the Tenth Olympiad:—Track and field, gymnastics, boxing, wrestling, fencing, swimming, rowing, equestrian, road cycling, weight-lifting, yachting, shooting, polo, water polo, and field hockey. Tennis is not included, partly because of the annual competition for the Davis Cup. Soccer may be added if the International Football Association will modify its ruling regarding broken time to conform with the requirements of amateurism established for the Olympic Games. This seems unlikely, however, for, at a meeting held at Budapest, on June 6 and 7, the I.F.F.A. voted not to change their attitude and are still sanctioning compensation to players for broken time if applied for by an affiliated national association.

Women to Compete.

Women will compete in track and field events, swimming, fencing, figure skating, and the gymnastic exhibition if one is arranged. The organizing committee has the privilege of adding demonstrations of two sports, one of which must be a national sport and the other a sport foreign to the organizing country. At the Third Olympic Winter Games at Lake Placid, there will be an event for two-man bobsleds, ski races and ski jumps, with a combined race and jump, figure and speed skating, and hockey. A dog-sled race

has been definitely added as one of the two demonstration events. It is possible that curling may be the other. The State of New York has appropriated \$125,000, and has created a temporary State Commission to co-operate in preparing for organizing, and providing facilities for these games. For this sum, the Olympic bobsled run, designed by St. M. Zentzky, the foremost bob-run engineer in the world, will be built at Van Hoevenburg Mountain.

Bigger European Representation.

The majority of the European nations have pledged themselves to send larger teams than ever before to the Los Angeles Olympiad. The organizing committee submitted a report at the meeting of the International Olympic Committee, held at Berlin, showing that the average cost for each athlete coming from Europe—his housing, meals, and transportation for 30 days in Los Angeles and return to Europe—would be approximately \$400. This extremely low cost is made possible by a low trans-Atlantic base rate, a 40 per cent. reduction below normal rates granted by the American railways and a special rate of \$2 per day per athlete for housing, meals, and local transport while in Los Angeles. A modern Olympic village for the visiting athletes will be erected near the Coliseum, where the major events will take place. The above stated European unit cost makes it obvious that the cost to Pan-American countries and those bordering on the Pacific Ocean, such as Japan, China, Australia, and New Zealand, will be much lower.

WOMEN'S AIR DERBY.

GLADYS O'DONNELL THE WINNER.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Chicago, August 25.—Gladys O'Donnell, who has been disclosed as married and the mother of two children, reached Chicago to-day as winner of the Women's Long Beach to Chicago Air Derby. The contender, came from Madison to-day, stopping at Milwaukee.

The race started on August 18 and Gladys O'Donnell had been a winner at the end of each stage, on a basis of elapsed time. The total elapsed time was 30 hr. 53.4 min. A prize of \$88,000 was awarded to the winner, while the other five contestants will divide smaller awards.

U.S. BASEBALL RESULTS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, August 31. The results of the baseball matches in the National League and American League played to-day are as follows:—

National League.			
New York	4	Boston	3
New York	10	Boston	14
Brooklyn	14	Philadelphia	3
Cincinnati	4	Pittsburgh	1
Chicago	3	St. Louis	8
American League.			
Boston	1	Philadelphia	2
Washington	5	New York	1
Chicago	1	Detroit	4
St. Louis	4	Cleveland	17

ATHLETICS AGAIN BEATEN.

MAJOR BASEBALL LEAGUES HAVE QUIET DAY.

[UNITED PRESS.]

New York, August 25.—After a strenuous Sunday, including several double-headers, most of the major league teams spent to-day in a well-earned rest, but the Washington Senators seized the occasion to administer another trouncing to the American League leaders and world champions. Playing at Philadelphia, the Senators beat the Athletics by 3 to 2, getting eight hits and making one error, while the Athletics got out half-a-dozen hits and committed two errors. This pulled the Athletics down to a percentage of .661 and raised the Senators to .616.

The Detroit Tigers, playing on their home diamond, made 11 hits and profited by two errors by the St. Louis Browns, to beat the Browns by 7 to 5. No other games were played to-day in the American circuit, and the National League had none whatever.

The detailed scores for the day follow:—

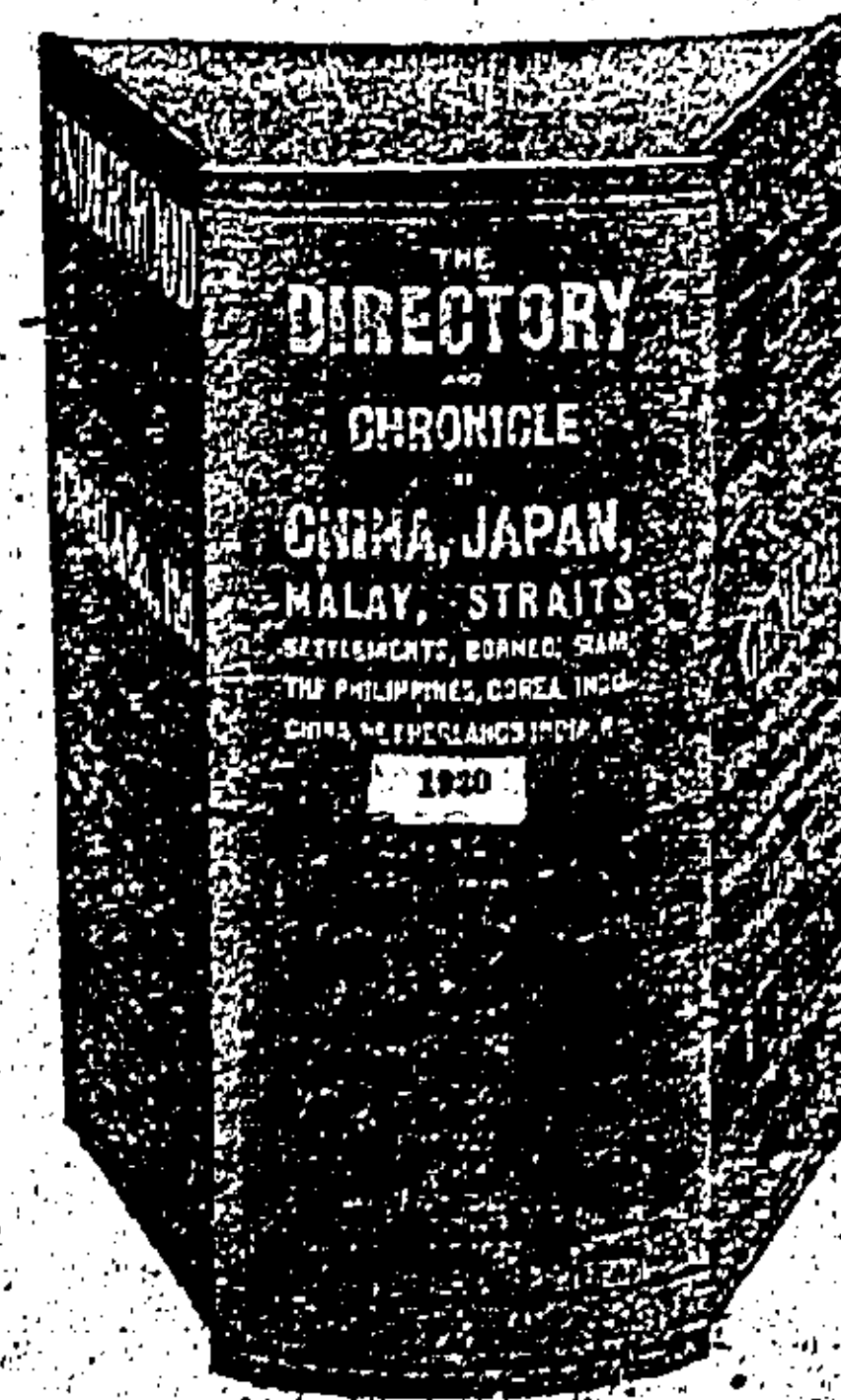
AMERICAN LEAGUE.			
Clubs.	R.	H.	E.
Washington	3	8	1
Philadelphia	2	6	2
St. Louis	5	7	2
Detroit	7	11	0

Standings.			
AMERICAN LEAGUE.			
Clubs.	Won	Lost	Pct.
Philadelphia	84	43	.661
Washington	77	48	.616
New York	73	52	.584
Cleveland	60	60	.504
Detroit	61	66	.480
Chicago	49	74	.398
Boston	43	81	.347

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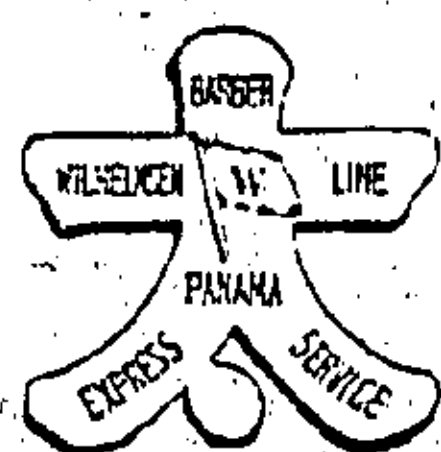
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M.V. "SAUERLAND" (1)	Genoa, Barcelona, Rotterdam, Hamburg	13 Sept.
M.V. "LEVERKUSEN" (1)	Genoa, Rotterdam & Hamburg	11 Oct.
S.S. "SAARLAND" (1)	Genoa, Rotterdam & Hamburg	25 Oct.

Other Ports of Call if Inducement offers.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE. DUE HONG KONG.

M.V. "MUNSTERLAND" (2)	9 Sept.
M.V. "LEVERKUSEN" (1)	15 Sept.
S.S. "SAARLAND" (1)	30 Sept.
M.V. "KULMERLAND" (1)	13 Oct.

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BALLOON RACING.

THE GORDON BENNETT
TROPHY.

FEWER ENTRIES.

Cleveland, Ohio, August 31.—
Leading balloonists of five nations
are entered in the finals of the
nineteenth annual long-distance race
for the Gordon Bennett Trophy,
scheduled to start here to-morrow.

Although weather, technical or
last-minute mechanical troubles
may keep some from the race,
papers have been received from
French, German, Belgian, Canadian
and American pilots. Thousands of
spectators are expected for the
start, and a giant airshow in con-
nection with it is being staged.
With favourable winds the fliers
are expected to travel south-east
toward the Southern Atlantic coast.
Every facility of the Cleveland
Airport, known as one of the
largest and most modern in the
United States, has been placed at
the disposal of the balloonists.
Among the starters are some of the
world's best-known pilots, and
hopes are high that this year may
see a successful attack on the long-
distance balloon record which has
stood for sixteen years despite
great advancements in other lines
of aeronautics.

A Small Field.

The field of entries is smaller
this year than in some previous
years when Argentine, Italian,
Danish, Swedish, and British fliers
have participated. Nevertheless
enthusiasm is high among officials
of the National Aeronautic Asso-
ciation sponsoring the flight.
The race is being advertised as
the "world's most spectacular air
event" and the exhibitions con-
nected with it combine, according to
promoters, to make the occasion
"two of the greatest days in the
history of aeronautics."

Attractive Side-Shows.

Included in these events are
Cleveland to Chicago aerial relay
races, glider contests, glider ex-
hibitions by army experts, bombing
of a fort by the 122nd Observation
Squadron of the Army, parachute
jumping, formation flying by pursuit
squadrons and stunt exhibitions by
individual and squadrons of blimps
and planes.

The distance record which
balloonists will seek to better to-
morrow is 1,595 miles, made by
Berliner of Germany in 1914,
although the 1,334 miles flown in a
Gordon Bennett race in 1912 from
Stuttgart to Moscow is sometimes
considered the record.

The chief prize in the Gordon
Bennett Trophy, but cash prizes
amounting to \$3,000 or more will
be given winners of the first five
places. Winner of first place not
only becomes the trophy holder but
receives \$1,000 and a half of the
entry fees and forfeits. Other win-
ners share prizes and fees accord-
ingly. Foreign competitors, also
receive \$300 to \$500 in expense
bonus.

The Gordon Bennett races were
begun in 1906, and are sponsored
by the Federation Aeronautique
Internationale as well as the Ameri-
can Aeronautic Association. The
committee for the contest is head-
ed by Orville Wright, inventor of
the first power-driven airplane.
The present trophy for which
balloonists will compete to-morrow
is the third which has been offered,
since the races began, the first hav-
ing been won for permanent posses-
sion by the Belgians in 1904 and the
second by the United States in
1908.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

The following passengers arrived
yesterday by s.s. Pres. Cleveland:
Miss Marie C. Bragg, Miss Mabel
C. Beers, Miss Winifred S. Cane,
Mr. Frank V. Chamberlain, Mr. V.
H. Donnelly, Dr. E. M. Gross, Mr.
E. H. Marsh (Jr.), Mr. Loring
Pickering, Mr. G. W. Beeve, Mr.
T. G. Sutter, Miss Constance B.
Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Stat-
terheim, Mr. J. N. Sweeney.

The following passengers arrived
yesterday by R.M.S. Empress of
Canada: Mr. and Mrs. H. G.
Stower, Mr. G. McMurdo, Miss K.
Suhse, Mrs. H. Widmann, Master
D. Widmann, Mr. Phau Say Yui,
Mr. E. O. Gochicoa.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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CHINA AND GENEVA.

SEAT ON LEAGUE COUNCIL
WANTED.

CHINESE CLAIMS SET OUT.

China's efforts to get a seat on
the League of Nations Council will
come to a head at the next meeting
of the League Assembly. The fol-
lowing article by Mr. Kuangson
Young, Special Commissioner of
the Foreign Ministry at Nanking,
presents the nation's case, to be
judged by all League members this
autumn:—

It is an indisputable fact that
even the National Government, fac-
ed as it now is with the Northern
Rebellion, has not yet been able to
bring peace and unification back
to China, after almost fifteen years
of unrest and regionalism.

Mercenary Wars.

Throughout this whole period,
and in spite of the seemingly hope-
less sectional divisions, there is one
compensating factor that means the
strength of China as a nation—the
national consciousness of the peo-
ple as a unit, as an entity. The
civil wars have been fought by
Generals with mercenaries; there
has never existed the sort of animos-
ity between the inhabitants of the
various sections of the country as
that brought about by the Civil
War in America.

United Front to the World.

Chinese national consciousness
crystallizes in a consistent and uni-
form Chinese foreign policy, what-
ever be the channel through which
it is expressed. When expressed,
it represents the consensus of opin-
ion of all Chinese. Internation-
ally, therefore, China must needs be
regarded as a single unit, with a
singleness of purpose. The singleness
of purpose—that Chinese for-
eign policy—is the acquisition of
a position in the society of na-
tions commensurate with her im-
portance by virtue of her territory,
population, and potential economic
power, if nothing else.

The instrumentality that ex-
presses the policy and purpose of the
four hundred millions must be in-
ternationally recognized as the
official organ. This instrumentality
is the National Government.

It will be extremely difficult to
refute the claims of the delegates
of the National Government of
China when put forward to be vot-
ed re-eligible for the non-permanent
seat on the League of Nations
Council, three of which will fall
vacant this fall.

Is China Competent?

In the minds of many delegates
who will be present at the Assem-
bly whom the question of re-eligibility
will be decided, there is certain
to be one common query:—"Is
China in a position to take and
discharge the responsibilities of
membership on the League Council
at the present moment?" Their
assuaging sequel will be:—"Had
the National Government's author-
ity remained unchallenged during
the last two years, it would have
been different."

The existence of a united nation-
al consciousness, and foreign policy
nullifies the validity of this argu-
ment. Even granting that China,
geographically at any rate, is di-
vided, under the present circum-
stances, between the North and the
territories under the direct control
of the Central Government, the ex-
tent of these territories that are
within the pale of government au-
thority—their wealth, population,
and power—alone justifies the re-
cognition by the League of the im-
portance of that part of China as
represented by the National Gov-
ernment; and as such, it should be
given active participation in the
activities of an international or-
ganization whose avowed object is
peace and understanding among
all the nations and peoples.

Brazil and Spain withdrew from
the League because their *animo*
propre was hurt in being refused
a permanent seat on the League
Council. China and Poland felt
justified in applying for the same
position. China was satisfied with
a compromise of a non-permanent
seat on the Council. In taking
even that away from her, the Leag-
ue has injured its own cause in
China; for it has given the enemies
of the League ground for more ad-
verse criticisms, the neutrals re-in-
forced dubiousness, if not hostile
indignation, and deprived the ad-
vocates the reasons to advocate.

Impossible to Ignore China.

The visits of Mr. Aynol and Dr.
Rachman of last year have allay-
ed the fears of a *tabula rasa* in
China; the fact that she might be
compelled to follow Brazil and
Spain, in pursuing that unfortunate
path, China realizes, that she gains
nothing, but nor does she lose anything, while
(Continued on next Column.)

CAPTAIN BARNARD'S
RECORD.

RETURN FROM MALTA.

Recently at 6.15 in the even-
ing, Captain C. D. Barnard
arrived at Croydon Aerodrome
from Malta after a record flight
from England to Malta and
back in two days, a total flying
distance of 2,300 miles. He left
Malta at 4.45 the previous morning.

His record-breaking flight con-
stitutes another triumph for British
aviation. The previous longest
non-stop distance flown in a British
light plane was by Squadron
Leader Hinkler, who flew a light
plane from London to Riga, a dis-
tance of 1,300 miles. The record
British non-stop flight is that made
by the late Squadron Leader Jones-
Williams, who piloted a long-range
monoplane from Cranwell to India.

"I do not feel a little bit tired.
I have merely done this to show the
possibilities of solo flying in the
future," said Captain Barnard
when he landed. "It was on the
whole a delightful journey and al-
most without adventure. From the
time I left England I was compell-
ed to fly over the clouds, and did
not see ground until I sighted
Genoa. There was a good deal of
wind and rain, and over the Alps
there was a mistiness which com-
pelled me to rise to about 14,000ft.
When I reached Genoa the weather
had become fine, and I was able to
trace out my course without the
least difficulty."

Over Stricken Italy.

Captain Barnard said he flew
over that part of Italy recently
devastated by earthquake, but was
flying so high that he was unable
to get any idea of the damage that
had been done. "I certainly had a
great reception at the Malta aero-
drome," he went on, "and spent
one of the happiest times of my life
renewing acquaintance with some
of my flying friends there." Capt.
Barnard recalled that he was the
first British aviator to land at
Malta—in 1923.

Referring to the return journey,
Captain Barnard said: "I got off
very well, with good weather on the
whole, but on reaching the Alps it
was again necessary to fly high,
and my barograph indicated that
at times I reached at least 16,000ft."

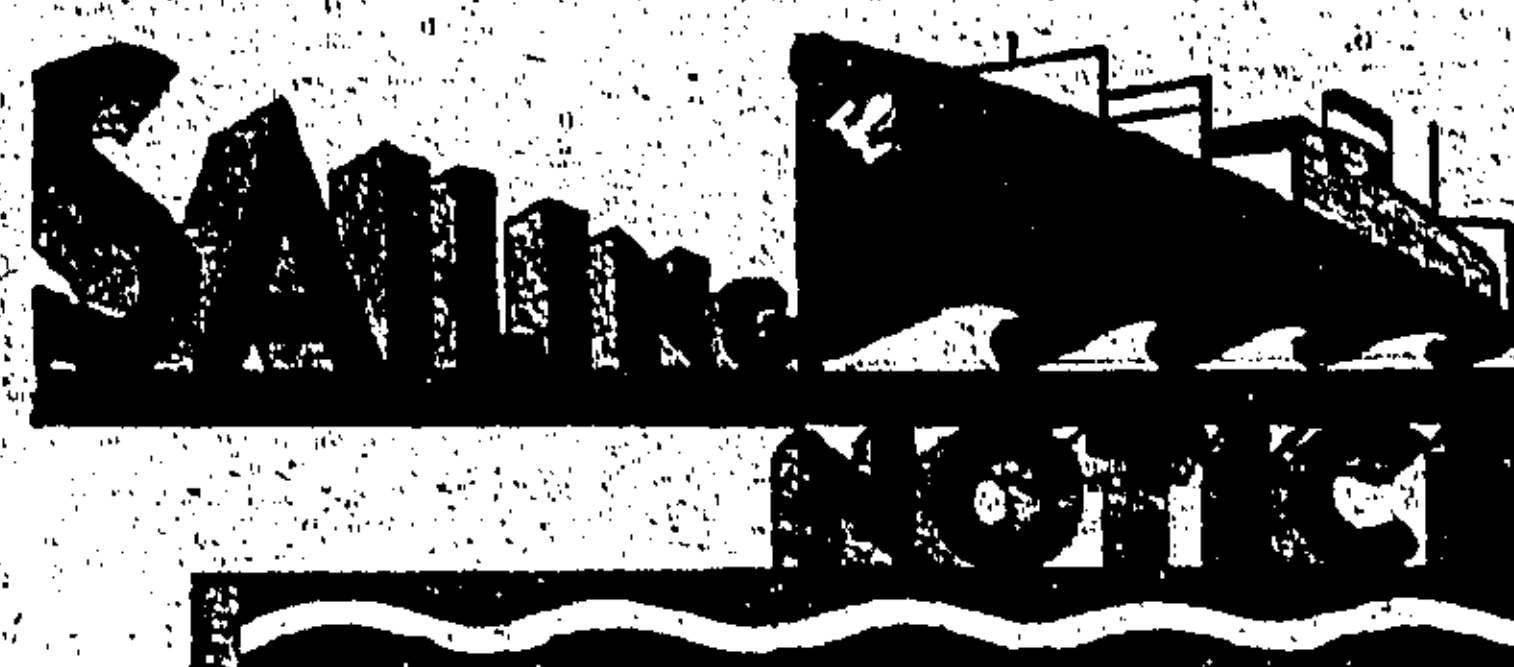
Captain Barnard was first greet-
ed on landing by his wife, from
whom he turned to receive the
congratulations of Sir Sefton
Branker, Director of Civil
Aviation, while from many of his
friends among the crowd came cries
of, "Well done, Charlie." His
machine, a De Havilland "Puss"
Moth monoplane, also attracted con-
siderable attention, partly no doubt
because it is similar to the latest
acquisition of the Prince of Wales.
Sir Sefton Branker, discussing
the flight, said: "On the whole it
appears to me to have been a very
nice simple journey, but at the
same time it is a fine demon-
stration of what can be done with a
small machine without wireless. I
feel sure that as the efficiency of
aircraft grows it will be quite pos-
sible for men and women to under-
take a journey like this just as
easily as Captain Barnard has
done."

for the League, it would mean slip-
ping away of the Far East. What-
ever be the unsettled political and
economic conditions in China, it is
impossible for the League to ignore
a population that constitutes one-
fourth of the human race and a ter-
ritory that is larger than the whole
of Europe.

Two Possible Difficulties.

There are two other possible dif-
ficulties, but they are far from be-
ing insurmountable. First, none of
the non-permanent Council seats
that will fall vacant this fall is
within the geographical division
which includes China. Though
"like succeeds like" has been fol-
lowed as a convenience, it is not
at all a hard and fast rule, for in
1922 China herself was succeeded
by a European nation on the Coun-
cil.

Secondly, China this year must
apply for re-eligibility, this being
the first time since 1922 that she
has to do so. The passage of this vote
entirely depends upon the ability
of the delegates at Geneva, and
their home Governments, to see the
importance of China and the ad-
visability of her election to the
Council.



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Pres. Harrison Sept. 13 Pres. Fillmore Oct. 19

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Pres. Pierce Sept. 9 Pres. Taft Sept. 23
Pres. Jackson Sept. 13 Pres. McKinley Sept. 27

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TJISONDARI	SHANGHAI & AMOY	In Port	2nd Sept.	MANILA, M'RAAS, & SOERABAYA
TJISAROE	DARREN & AMOY	7th Sept.	9th Sept.	BATAVIA

NORTH BOUND.

STEAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJIKARANG	BATAVIA	1 Sept.	4th Sept.	AMOY & SHANGHAI
TJIMANOEK	JAVA, MAKASSAR	10th Sept.	12th Sept.	SHANGHAI & AMOY

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Agents

Money and Markets

GOSSIP FROM THE SHARE MARKET.

FIRMER TONE PREVAILS: TURNOVER SMALL.

FREE ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

Gossip often moves the market, but no investor should either buy or sell on market gossip only.

The share market showed distinct signs of improvement after the August Settlement but the steady tone was not maintained throughout the week and although rates advanced here and there, the demand fell away, in some cases, rather badly, by Friday and Saturday. On the whole, however, the indications are that we should see more improvements in the present month and that there should be an all round rise before September Settlement. The extent of the rise, however, depends entirely on speculators, as from an investor's point of view, there is no real reason for any improvement at all.

September Settlement, is, from all accounts, the biggest settlement that the brokers have had this year, which means since 1923, as during the years in between there was practically no business to speak of. There has been many "ups and downs" in several stocks during the past few months and the effect of the settlement on the prices of a few of the favourite counters of local speculators will be interesting to follow.

HONG KONG BANKS—A slight improvement was registered and several small lots changed hands at \$1.465.

UNION INSURANCES—At \$4.43 probably a few shares can be placed. During the week under review several lots were sold at this figure and at \$4.41.

CHINA UNDERWRITERS showed an improvement during the week and finished up with buyers offering \$2.90. Quite a number of shares changed hands during the week.

CANTON FIRES have buyers at \$9.00 and **HONG KONG FIRES** at \$1,000. Both are scarce.

DOUGLASES continue to improve and finished up with buyers offering \$28.50 for shares and no sellers in the market.

STEAMBOATS—A small business was done at \$24.50 to \$24.75 and at the close there were still buyers at the latter figure. Sellers are plentiful but their ideas are round about \$25.

STAR FERRIES—Buyers are offering \$93 for this stock, but the figure does not seem to attract sellers at all and little business can be done until buyers come up in their idea.

HONG KONG HOTELS—There were a few buyers in the market for these shares and quite a good number were sold at \$10.60 but at the close of business on Saturday, sellers were scarce and probably a little more will be paid this week.

HONG KONG LANDS—There are quite a few inquiries for Lands at \$79.50 cum rights.

HONG KONG REALTYS showed an improvement and were sold for \$9.25 and there still is a small demand at this figure.

HUMPHREYS are quiet with the the quotation standing at \$15.40 nominal. Shares could probably be had at \$15.

CHINA LIGHTS armed up somewhat during the week and shares were sold at as high a figure as \$24.60. They slid down gradually during the second half of the week and finished up at \$24.25. New shares are wanted at \$19.50.

CHINA PROVIDENTS were sold at \$5.25 to \$5.30 but towards the close of the week they eased off somewhat and buyers were only offering \$5.10 for shares.

HONG KONG ELECTRICS stood very much firmer during the week under review and buyers were offering as much as \$78 after sales had taken place at \$75 to \$76.

HONG KONG ROPES—A few small lots were sold at \$10.60 and \$10.70.

HONG KONG AMUSEMENTS are wanted at \$24 but sellers are holding out for a little more.

EWOS—No local business was reported and the market closed at \$11.90 buyers.

REPLIES TO READERS.

Every week in this column "Kufan" replies to correspondents who may have questions to put regarding the prospects of any stock quoted in Hong Kong, Shanghai or Singapore. Questions regarding principles, practice, and custom can also be dealt with.

Correspondents are asked to fill up the coupon appearing elsewhere and address their queries to "Kufan," care of the Editor of this paper, and to give their names and address. It is desirable that a *nom de plume* be also included, in order that readers can readily identify the answers intended for them.

Every effort will be made to give as full and detailed a reply as possible, but no responsibility whatever is admitted by the writer in so doing.

Those who have written for information last week will find answers to their queries below:—

A.B.C.—Good for investment as the return is steady. 2. Same remarks apply here, but I think these shares will be cheaper in December. 3.—No use at all as an investment. 4.—Not for a man with small capital. The shares are very good but how many can be bought for \$2,500?

SUMMERTIME—Yes, I agree with all you write and wish you good luck.

PROCEDURE—Get your money back at once. You are entitled to it.

FLY WHEEL—I do not advise you to buy because there is nothing substantial about these shares. Moreover they are not fully paid. Leave it alone and ignore all talk of a rise.

BLUE SKY—Not worth \$12 to say nothing of the figure you mention. No chance of a rise at all.

SAIGON RICE MARKET.

SMALL SHIPMENTS TO HONG KONG.

The following report, dated August 23, has been issued by the Société Indo-Chinoise de Commerce, Saigon:—

The market has been quiet. No demand at all from foreign countries and/or from France.

Some small shipments have been effected to Hong Kong owing to favourable exchange, also to Singapore, but on the whole transactions have been poor.

Prices however did not recede. They remain firm on or about 7.45 for No. 1 Rice, with few sellers. In fact millers have nearly consumed their stocks of paddy and arrivals from the interior are still very small. It is difficult to ascertain the exact quantity of paddy available for export in the interior.

On the other hand Cambodia paddy is beginning to arrive, owing to very favourable weather, early rice will be marketed sooner than usual. It seems from this that prices must recede for shipment October/December or will not exceed largely the present limits unless a big demand arrives.

Market closes "sellers," with no buyers at the following prices:—

No. 1 Long 25 per cent.—123 francs per 100 kg.; 7.35 guilders per Java pikul; 6.25 yen per picul; 10/9 shillings per cwt.

No. 2 Japan 40 per cent.—119 francs per 100 kg.; 7.40 guilders per Java pikul; 6.05 yen per picul; 10/4 shillings per cwt.

Broken 1 and 2—146 francs per 100 kg.; 7.25 guilders per Java pikul; 5.75 yen per picul; 9/10 shillings per cwt.

Ship August/September. F.O.B. Saigon.

Paddy.—Unchanged. Weather is very favourable for new crop which is growing everywhere in very good condition.

ANGLO-GERMAN MINE OWNERS TO MEET.

London, August 23. The British Ministry of Labour has invited the German Mine-owners' Federation to an important conference in London with the corresponding British interests in order to come to a regulation of the vexed question of overtime in the mines, a problem which the recent conference at Geneva failed to solve. Moreover, an attempt is to be made to establish an international cartel for fixing coal prices as a counter measure to dumping.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

HEAVY SELLING OF OILS.

MARKET CLOSED LOWER WITH TRADING QUIET.

[UNITED PRESS.]

New York, August 23.—Declines of upwards of six points in Vanadium and Goodyear, combined with heavy selling in the oils, unsettled the New York Stock Exchange after advances early in the session to-day, says the daily review of the Dow Jones Financial News Agency.

The break in Vanadium was due to poor business report, and this stock closed down 8 1/2 to 83. Goodyear closed at 53, off 5 1/2, with Goodrich off 1/2 to 2 1/2 and U.S. Rubber off a quarter to 90.

Among the oils, Texas Corp. was down 1/2 to 51 1/2; Standard Oil of New Jersey was down 1/2 to 62 1/2; Standard Oil of New York was down 1/2 to 30 1/2; Shell Union was off a half to 14 1/2; and Continental Oil was down a point to 15 1/2, with Phillips Petroleum likewise off a point to 31.

Decline on the Whole General.

Few issues survived the decline, and the market closed lower with trading quiet. Call money remained at 2 per cent. Sales for the day totalled 1,600,230 shares.

U.S. Steel was off a point to 16 1/2, and the Dow Jones average for 30 industrials was off 2.90 to 231.52. Bethlehem was off a quarter to 80 1/2; American Rolling Mill was down 1/2 to 34; Westinghouse E. & M. was off 1/2 to 14 1/2; Eastman Kodak was down 1/2 to 210; General Electric was off a point to 70; Du Pont was off 1/2 to 112 1/2; and Johns Manville was off 1/2 to 14 3/8.

Rails and Utilities Lower.

The Dow Jones average for 30 rails was off 1/2 to 137.14; Pennsylvania was off half a point to 7 1/2; New York Central rose half a point to close at 160 1/2; Erie closed at 37 1/2; B. & O. was up 1/2 to 97 1/2; and Union Pacific closed at 216 1/2.

Utilities were also off, by 48 to 83.58. International Tel. & Tel. was off 1/2 to 44; American Tel. & Tel. was off a point to 210 1/2; Columbia Gas was off 1/2 to 59 1/2; Consolidated Gas was off 1/2 to 104 1/2; Standard Gas was off 1/2 to 101 1/2; on the Kern, Electric Bond & Share was off 1/2 to 23.

Transamerica closed off 1/2 to 90 1/2; Anaconda Copper was off 1/2 to 44 1/2; with Kennecott off 1/2 to 34 1/2. General Motors closed off a point to 44 and Chrysler was off a quarter to 23. United Aircraft was down a point to 61 and Curtiss Wright common was off an eighth to 7 1/2.

Exchange Holidays.

The announcement was made to-day that the New York Stock Exchange will be closed on Saturday, August 30, and Monday, September 1.

QUOTATIONS.

Market weak. New York, Aug. 23.

Business done, 1,600,230 shares.

Adam Express	129	127 1/2
American Can	71 1/2	71 1/2
American & Foreign Power	55 1/2	54
American Rolling Mill	80 1/2	80 1/2
American Smelting	211 1/2	210 1/2
American Tel. & Tel.	207 1/2	207 1/2
American Tobacco	45 1/2	44 1/2
American Waterworks	35 1/2	34
Anaconda Copper	90 1/2	89 1/2
Atlantic Refining	35 1/2	34
Baltimore & Ohio	90 1/2	89 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	81 1/2	80 1/2
Borg Warner	45 1/2	44 1/2
Calumet & Hecla	173 1/2	172 1/2
Canadian Pacific Railway	173 1/2	172 1/2
Chicago Rock Island	111 1/2	110 1/2
Chrysler	23 1/2	23
Cities Service Common	27 1/2	27
Columbia Gas & Electric	60 1/2	59 1/2
Columbia Graphophone	14 1/2	14
Commonwealth & Southern	12 1/2	12
Consolidated Gas of N. Y.	106 1/2	104
Continental Oil	18 1/2	18 1/2
Corn Products	90 1/2	90
Curtiss Wright Common	71 1/2	71 1/2
Du Pont de Nemours	114 1/2	113 1/2
Eastman Kodak	210 1/2	209 1/2
Electric Bond & Share	81 1/2	80 1/2
Erie Railway	37 1/2	37 1/2
Fox Film "A"	44 1/2	44
General Electric	71 1/2	70 1/2
General Foods	55 1/2	55
General Motors	44 1/2	44 1/2
Gold Trust	40 1/2	40 1/2
Goodrich Rubber	23 1/2	23
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	80 1/2	80 1/2
Granby	22 1/2	22 1/2
Hershey Chocolate	87 1/2	87 1/2
International Cement	51 1/2	51 1/2
International Combustion Eng.	79 1/2	79
International Harvester	23 1/2	23
International Nickel	44 1/2	44 1/2
International Tel. & Tel.	210 1/2	210 1/2
Johns Manville	14 1/2	14 1/2
Kennecott Copper	34 1/2	34 1/2
Kroger & Roll	23 1/2	23 1/2
Kroger Grocery	23 1/2	23 1/2
Liggett & Myers "B"	90 1/2	90 1/2
Loew's Inc.	74 1/2	74 1/2
Ludlum Steel	22 1/2	22 1/2
Montgomery Ward	82 1/2	82 1/2
Nevada Consolidated Copper	107 1/2	106 1/2
New York Central	160 1/2	160 1/2
Pacific Lighting	70 1/2	70 1/2
Packard Motor Car	18 1/2	18 1/2
Paramount Public Corp.	58 1/2	58 1/2
Pennsylvania Railway	72 1/2	72 1/2
Pittsburgh Courier	114 1/2	113 1/2
Phillips Petroleum	31 1/2	31 1/2
Public Service of N. Jersey	40 1/2	40 1/2
Radio Corporation	34 1/2	34 1/2
Radio Keith Orpheum	52 1/2	52 1/2
Raymond Tobacco "B"	52 1/2	52 1/2
Sears Roebuck	63 1/2	63 1/2
Shell Union	15 1/2	15 1/2
Shell Union	15 1/2	15 1/2
Stimmons Company	147 1/2	147 1/2
Union Pacific Railway	97 1/2	97 1/2
United Aircraft & Transport	61 1/2	61 1/2
United Gas & Improvement	34 1/2	34 1/2
United States Rubber	20 1/2	20 1/2
United States Steel	103 1/2	103 1/2
Vanadium	83 1/2	83 1/2
Warner Bros. Pictures	23 1/2	23 1/2
Westinghouse E. & M.	147 1/2	147 1/2
Woolworth	60 1/2	60 1/2

8 1/2 prem.

DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE. SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION.

Buyers Sellers Sales Nominal SATURDAY, AUGUST 30.

Bank of East Asia

Bank of China

Bank of Communications

Bank of India

Bank of Japan

Bank of Korea

Bank of London

Bank of Mexico

Bank of New York

Bank of Paris

Bank of Portugal

Bank of Russia

Bank of Spain

Bank of Sweden

Bank of Switzerland

Bank of the Netherlands

Bank of the United States

Bank of the West

Bank of the World

Bank of the East

Bank of the South

Bank of the North

Bank of the Middle

Bank of the West

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Bank of the East

Bank of the South

Bank of the North

Bank of the Middle

Bank of the West

FOREIGN MAILS

RADIO NOTICE.

Individuals and firms are recommended to register their telegraphic address at the Radio Office. No charge is made for this.

ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

ALEXANDRIA

Pres. Adams, Dollar, Sept. 7.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Sept. 21.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Oct. 5.

AMOI.

Haiching, Douglas, Sept. 2.
Tsinan, B. & S., Sept. 3.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Haiyang, Douglas, Sept. 5.
Antung, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Takada, B.I., Sept. 7.
Yuenang, Jardine's, Sept. 9.
Haining, Douglas, Sept. 9.
Tjimanok, J.C.J.L., Sept. 12.
Kwangtung, B. & S., Sept. 14.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Sept. 19.
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 25.
Suisang, Jardine's, Sept. 26.

ANTWERP.

Asia, Manners, Sept. 5.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 6.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 6.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.
Kashgar, P. & O., Sept. 27.
Afrika, Manners, Oct. 5.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Tanda, E. & A., Sept. 5.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 23.
Taiping, B. & S., Sept. 23.
St. Albans, E. & A., Oct. 3.

BALTIC PORTS.

Asia, Manners, Sept. 5.
Afrika, Manners, Oct. 5.

BALTIMORE.

Loesbank, Bank, Sept. 17.
Machon, B.F., Sept. 19.

BANGKOK.

Kiangsu, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Helios, Thoresen, Sept. 8.
Kaying, B. & S., Sept. 14.

BARCELONA.

Sauerland, Jensen, Sept. 13.

BELOWAN-DELI.

Cremer, J.C.J.L., Sept. 11.

BOMBAY.

Fiume-L, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.
Carignano, Dodwell's, Sept. 9.
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 13.
Alipore, P. & O., Sept. 17.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 27.

BOSTON.

Malayan Prince, Furness, Sept. 7.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Sept. 7.
Loesbank, Bank, Sept. 17.
Machon, B.F., Sept. 19.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Sept. 21.
Taketo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 23.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Oct. 5.
Toba Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 6.

BREMEN.

Lahn, Melchers, Sept. 11.
Derfingler, Melchers, Sept. 18.
Isar, Melchers, Oct. 4.

BRINDISI.

Fiume-L, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.
Carignano, Dodwell's, Sept. 9.

CALCUTTA.

Hakodate Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 8.
Katsang, Jardine's, Sept. 9.
Taima, B.I., Sept. 13.
Morioka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 15.
Shirala, B.I., Sept. 18.
Hosang, Jardine's, Sept. 20.
Yuenang, Jardine's, Sept. 23.
Takada, B.I., Sept. 30.

CASABLANCA.

Menelaus, B.F., Sept. 18.

CEBU.

Machon, B.F., Sept. 19.

CHEFOO.

Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 5.
Huichow, B. & S., Sept. 16.

COLOMBO.

Glengarry, Jardine's, Sept. 2.
Sarpedon, B.F., Sept. 3.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 6.
Fiume-L, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Sept. 7.
Carignano, Dodwell's, Sept. 9.
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 13.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 16.
Alipore, P. & O., Sept. 17.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Sept. 21.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 27.
General Metzinger, M.M., Sept. 30.
Patroclus, B.F., Oct. 1.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Oct. 5.

COPENHAGEN.

Asia, Manners, Sept. 5.
Afrika, Manners, Oct. 5.

DALNY.

Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 5.
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 20.

DUTCH PORTS.

Glengarry, Jardine's, Sept. 2.
Sarpedon, B.F., Sept. 3.
Ramses, Jensen, Sept. 4.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 5.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 6.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 6.
Royal Star, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.
Lahn, Melchers, Sept. 11.
City of Lille, Bank, Sept. 13.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 13.
Menelaus, B.F., Sept. 16.
Derfingler, Melchers, Sept. 19.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.
Kashgar, P. & O., Sept. 27.
Patroclus, B.F., Oct. 1.
Isar, Melchers, Oct. 4.
Afrika, Manners, Oct. 5.

FOOCHOW.

Haiching, Douglas, Sept. 2.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Sept. 5.
Haiyang, Douglas, Sept. 5.
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 5.
Haining, Douglas, Sept. 9.
Huichow, B. & S., Sept. 16.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Sept. 18.

GENOA.

Ramses, Jensen, Sept. 4.
Fiume-L, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Sept. 7.
Carignano, Dodwell's, Sept. 9.
Sauerland, Jensen, Sept. 13.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.
Derfingler, Melchers, Sept. 19.
Oania, B.F., Sept. 20.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Sept. 21.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Oct. 5.

GLASGOW.

Sarpedon, B.F., Sept. 3.
Nelus, B.F., Sept. 4 p.m.
Oania, B.F., Sept. 20.
Patroclus, B.F., Oct. 1.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

Tean, B. & S., Sept. 6.
Kweiyang, B. & S., Sept. 8.

HAMBURG.

Glengarry, Jardine's, Sept. 2.
Ramses, Jensen, Sept. 4.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 5.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 6.
Royal Star, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.
Lahn, Melchers, Sept. 11.
City of Lille, Bank, Sept. 13.
Sauerland, Jensen, Sept. 13.
Menelaus, B.F., Sept. 16.
Derfingler, Melchers, Sept. 19.
Isar, Melchers, Oct. 4.
Afrika, Manners, Oct. 5.

HAYRE.

Asia, Manners, Sept. 5.
Nelus, B.F., Sept. 5 p.m.
Oania, B.F., Sept. 20.
Afrika, Manners, Oct. 5.

HONOLULU.

Asama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 28.

ILOILO.

Tandán, E. & A., Sept. 5.

JAPAN PORTS.

Autolycus, B.F., Sept. 2.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 2.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Isar, Melchers, Sept. 6.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 6.
Teucer, B.F., Sept. 6.
Takada, B.I., Sept. 7.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Sept. 8.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Muensterland, Jensen, Sept. 9.
St. Albans, E. & A., Sept. 9.
Yuenang, Jardine's, Sept. 9.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 10.
Malwa, P. & O., Sept. 12.
Perseus, B.F., Sept. 12.
Nanking, Gilman's, Sept. 13.
Andre Lebon, M.M., Sept. 15.
Leverkusen, Jensen, Sept. 15.
City of Hereford, Bank, Sept. 16.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Sept. 17.
Asama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Sept. 18.
Nagapore, P. & O., Sept. 23.
Hikawa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 25.
Khyber, P. & O., Sept. 25.
Orestes, B.F., Sept. 26.
Suisang, Jardine's, Sept. 26.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 28.
Glenluc, Jardine's, Sept. 29.
Pothos, M.M., Sept. 29.
Telemachus, B.F., Sept. 29.
Saarlund, Jensen, Sept. 30.
Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., Oct. 2.
Aller, Melchers, Oct. 4.
Nellore, E. & S., Oct. 7.

JAVA PORTS.

Tjisonari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 2.
Tjisanroa, J.C.J.L., Sept. 9.

LIVERPOOL.

Nelus, B.F., Sept. 5, 4 p.m.
Royal Star, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.
Oania, B.F., Sept. 20.

LONDON.

Glengarry, Jardine's, Sept. 2.
Sarpedon, B.F., Sept. 3.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 6.
Royal Star, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.
City of Lille, Bank, Sept. 13.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 13.
Menelaus, B.F., Sept. 16.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.
Kashgar, P. & O., Sept. 27.
Patroclus, B.F., Oct. 1.

LOS ANGELES.

Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Sept. 6.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 23.

MANILA.

Tjisonari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 2.
Tanda, E. & A., Sept. 5.
Nelus, B.F., Sept. 6.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Sept. 7.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 9.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 13.
Derfingler, Melchers, Sept. 19.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Sept. 21.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 23.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Sept. 23.
Taiping, B. & S., Sept. 23.
Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., Sept. 24.
St. Albans, E. & A., Oct. 3.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Oct. 5.

MARSEILLES.

Sarpedon, B.F., Sept. 3.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 5.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 6.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Sept. 7.
Lahn, Melchers, Sept. 11.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 13.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.
Menelaus, B.F., Sept. 16.
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 16.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Sept. 21.
General Metzinger, M.M., Sept. 30.
Patroclus, B.F., Oct. 1.
Isar, Melchers, Oct. 4.
Afrika, Manners, Oct. 5.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Oct. 5.

NAPLES.

Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 6.
Malayan Prince, Furness, Sept. 7.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Sept. 7.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Sept. 21.
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 23.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Oct. 5.
Toba Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 6.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Malayan Prince, Furness, Sept. 7.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Sept. 7.
Loesbank, Bank, Sept. 17.
Machon, B.F., Sept. 19.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Sept. 21.
Taketo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 23.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Oct. 5.
Toba Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 6.

NEWCHWANG.

Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 5.

NORTH CHINA PORTS.

Antenor, B.F., Sept. 20.
Saarlund, Jensen, Sept. 24.

PANAMA.

Taketo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Toba Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 6.

PENANG.

Sarpedon, B.F., Sept. 3.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 6.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Sept. 7.
Hakodate Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 8.
Katsang, Jardine's, Sept. 9.
Cremer, J.C.J.L., Sept. 11.
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 13.
Taima, B.I., Sept. 18.
Kwangtung, B. & S., Sept. 14.
Morioka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 15.
Menelaus, B.F., Sept. 16.
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 16.
Alipore, P. & O., Sept. 17.
Asama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.
Machon, B.F., Sept. 19.
Hosang, Jardine's, Sept. 20.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.
Oania, B.F., Sept. 20.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Sept. 21.
Kashgar, P. & O., Sept. 27.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 27.
Yuenang, Jardine's, Sept. 23.
Takada, B.I., Sept. 30.
Patroclus, B.F., Oct. 1.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Oct. 5.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Kawachi Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

Kawachi Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.

SWATOW.

Haiching, Douglas, Sept. 2.
Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Sept. 5.
Haiching, Douglas, Sept. 5.
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 5.
Antung, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Kiangsu, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Yatsing, Jardine's, Sept. 7.
Helios, Thoresen, Sept. 8.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Tjimanok, J.C.J.L., Sept. 12.
Chakung, Jardine's, Sept. 14.
Kwangtung, B. & S., Sept. 14.
Huichow, B. & S., Sept. 16.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Sept. 18.

TIENTSIN.

Chipshing, Jardine's, Sept. 5.
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 5.
Huichow, B. & S., Sept. 16.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Sept. 18.

TRIESTE AND VENICE.

Fiume-L, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.
Carignano, Dodwell's, Sept. 9.

TSINGTAO.

Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Yatsing, Jardine's, Sept. 7.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Chakung, Jardine's, Sept. 14.
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 20.

VANCOUVER, B.C.

Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Teucer, B.F., Sept. 12.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Sept. 17.
Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., Oct. 2.

VICTORIA, B.C.

Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Sept. 2.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Teucer, B.F., Sept. 12.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 18.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Sept. 17.
Hikawa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Sept. 30.

SHANGHAI.

Autolycus, B.F., Sept. 2.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 2.
Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Tsinan, B. & S., Sept. 3.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Sept. 8.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 8.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Muensterland, Jensen, Sept. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 10.

SHANGHAI.

Autolycus, B.F., Sept. 2.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 2.
Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Tsinan, B. & S., Sept. 3.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Sept. 8.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 8.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Muensterland, Jensen, Sept. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 10.

SHANGHAI.

Autolycus, B.F., Sept. 2.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 2.
Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Tsinan, B. & S., Sept. 3.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Sept. 8.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 8.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Muensterland, Jensen, Sept. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 10.

SHANGHAI.

Autolycus, B.F., Sept. 2.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 2.
Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Tsinan, B. & S., Sept. 3.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Sept. 8.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 8.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Muensterland, Jensen, Sept. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 10.

SHANGHAI.

Autolycus, B.F., Sept. 2.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 2.
Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Tsinan, B. & S., Sept. 3.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Sept. 8.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 8.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Muensterland, Jensen, Sept. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 10.

SHANGHAI.

Autolycus, B.F., Sept. 2.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 2.
Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Tsinan, B. & S., Sept. 3.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Sept. 8.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 8.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Muensterland, Jensen, Sept. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 10.

SHANGHAI.

Autolycus, B.F., Sept. 2.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 2.
Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Tsinan, B. & S., Sept. 3.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Sept. 8.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 8.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Muensterland, Jensen, Sept. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 10.

SHANGHAI.

Autolycus, B.F., Sept. 2.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 2.
Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Tsinan, B. & S., Sept. 3.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Sept. 8.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 8.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Muensterland, Jensen, Sept. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 10.

SHANGHAI.

Autolycus, B.F., Sept. 2.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 2.
Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Tsinan, B. & S., Sept. 3.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Sept. 8.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 8.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Muensterland, Jensen, Sept. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 10.

SHANGHAI.

Autolycus, B.F., Sept. 2.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 2.
Nanchang, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Sunning, B. & S., Sept. 2.
Hangsang, Jardine's, Sept. 3.
Tsinan, B. & S., Sept. 3.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Sept. 4.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 5.
Suiyang, B. & S., Sept. 7.
Glenbeg, Jardine's, Sept. 8.
Linan, B. & S., Sept. 8.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.
Muensterland, Jensen, Sept. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Sept. 9.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 10.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 10.

EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS.

Adrastus due from Manila Sept. 6.
Alipore due from Japan Sept. 17.
Allor due from Europe Oct. 4.
Antenor due from Europe Sept. 19.
Autolycus arrived from Europe Aug. 31.
Benavon due from Straits Sept.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

14 DAYS FROM CHINA AND 9 DAYS FROM JAPAN TO CANADA AND U.S.A.

Empress of Canada	Sept. 4	Sept. 7	Sept. 9	Sept. 11	Sept. 19
Empress of Japan	Oct. 2	Oct. 5	Oct. 7	Oct. 9	Oct. 17
Empress of Asia	Oct. 15	Oct. 18	Oct. 21	Oct. 23	Nov. 1
Empress of Canada	Oct. 30	Nov. 2	Nov. 4	Nov. 6	Nov. 14
Empress of Russia	Nov. 12	Nov. 15	Nov. 18	Nov. 20	Nov. 29
Empress of Japan	Nov. 27	Nov. 30	Dec. 2	Dec. 4	Dec. 12
Empress of Asia	Dec. 10	Dec. 13	Dec. 16	Dec. 18	Dec. 27
Empress of Canada	Dec. 25	Dec. 28	Dec. 31	Jan. 1	Jan. 9
Empress of Russia	Jan. 7	Jan. 10	Jan. 13	Jan. 15	Jan. 24
Empress of Japan	Jan. 22	Jan. 25	Jan. 28	Jan. 30	Feb. 7
Empress of Asia	Feb. 5	Feb. 8	Feb. 11	Feb. 13	Feb. 22
Empress of Canada	Mar. 19	Mar. 22	Mar. 25	Mar. 27	Mar. 36
Empress of Russia	Mar. 25	Mar. 28	Mar. 31	Apr. 2	Apr. 11
Empress of Japan	Apr. 4	Apr. 7	Apr. 10	Apr. 12	Apr. 21
Empress of Asia	Apr. 17	Apr. 20	Apr. 23	Apr. 25	May 4

HONG KONG-MANILA

EMP. OF JAPAN	Leave Hong Kong	Arrive Manila
EMP. OF ASIA	Sept. 24	Sept. 35
	Oct. 7	Oct. 9

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Passenger Dept. 20752
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SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu

TAIYO MARU ... Thursday, 18th September

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.

HONKAWA MARU ... Wednesday, 24th September

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.

KATORI MARU ... Saturday, 6th September

KASHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 20th September

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Peking.

ATSUTA MARU ... Tuesday, 23rd September

AKI MARU ... Tuesday, 21st October

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

KAGA MARU ... Thursday, 11th September

MAIACCA MARU ... Saturday, 27th September

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore Cape Town & Ports.

KAWACHI MARU ... Tuesday, 9th September

NEW YORK, BOSTON via PANAMA.

TAKETOYO MARU ... Sunday, 21st September

TOBA MARU ... Monday, 6th October

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Stamboul (Constantinople), Genoa & Marseilles.

LYONS MARU ... Tuesday, 16th September

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

BAKODATE MARU ... Monday, 8th September

MORIOTA MARU ... Monday, 15th September

SHANGHAI KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

AKITA MARU ... Friday, 5th September

SUWA MARU ... Saturday, 6th September

HAKATA MARU (Kobe direct) ... Tuesday, 9th September

SIBERIA MARU ... Wednesday, 10th September

For further information, apply to—

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NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, (Private exchanges to all Dept.)



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Sailings from Hong Kong

To Marseilles via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port Said.

SPHINX ... 16th Sept.

G. METZINGER ... 30th Sept.

ANDRE LEBON ... 14th Oct.

ORTHOS ... 28th Oct.

CHENONCEAUX ... 11th Nov.

ATHOS II ... 25th Nov.

DARTAGNAN ... 9th Dec.

ANGERS ... 23rd Dec.

To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.

ANDRE LEBON ... 15th Sept.

PORTHOS ... 29th Sept.

CHENONCEAUX ... 12th Oct.

ATHOS II ... 26th Oct.

DARTAGNAN ... 10th Nov.

ANGERS ... 24th Nov.

SPHINX ... 8th Dec.

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Straits, Japan, East Africa, India, Ceylon, and all ports on the Indian Ocean.

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Shipping News Daily Statement, Waterfront News, etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS

IMPORTS 9,000 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO
10,350 TONS.

The returns, shown at the Harbour Office, of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday, were:—

Cargo for Through Ports

British
Emp. of Canada, Manila 146

Berrima, Singapore 1,037 1,280

Benavon, Manila 100 5,000

Sunning, Canton 200

Tainan, Shanghai 375 500

Haiching, Foochow 350

Waishing, Swatow 453 605

American
Pres. Cleveland, Manila 113 812

French
General Metzinger, Saigon 240 1,141

Dutch
Tjissondari, Amoy 3,224

Portuguese
Wing Wo, Fort Bayard 210 210

Japanese
Menado Maru, Hoihow 813

Tacoma Maru, Moji 713 3,044

Genmei Maru, Takao 120

Shinsei Maru, Hongkong 2,650 2,400

Kojun Maru, Shanghai 1,871 1,900

Total 9,048 10,552

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:—

British 10 8

American 1 0

French 1 0

Dutch 1 0

Portuguese 1 0

Japanese 6 3

Chinese 0 3

Italian 0 1

Norwegian 0 1

Total 21 18

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:—

Empress of Canada (Br.) Vancouver, Manila 71

Tainan (Br.) Shanghai, Amoy 184

Haiching (Br.) Foochow, Swatow 221

General Metzinger (Fr.) Marseilles 64

Tjissondari (Dutch) Shanghai, Amoy 130

Menado Maru (Jap.) Haiphong, Hoihow 163

Total 833

ARRIVALS

August 31.

Clara Jebben, Danish str., 1,145 tons, Capt. J. Davidson, from Macao, buoy No. C45.—Jebben & Co.

Genmei Maru, Japanese str., 1,814 tons, Capt. T. Takata, from Swatow, buoy No. A25.—N.Y.K.

Kaiapoi, British str., 1,346 tons, Capt. J. Balwin, from Canton, Stonecutters.—Williamson & Co.

Kojun Maru, Japanese str., 1,305 tons, Capt. Y. Nishimoto, from Dairen, Yaumati.—M.B.K.

Tacoma Maru, Japanese str., 5,856 tons, Capt. H. Kanegae, from Moji, Kowloon Wharf.—N.Y.K.

Tjissondari, Dutch str., 5,039 tons, Capt. J. J. Duit, from Amoy, buoy No. A4.—J.C.J.L.

Tainan, British str., 2,100 tons, Capt. J. Tinson, from Amoy, buoy No. B12.—B. & S.

Wing Wo, Portuguese str., 495 tons, Capt. I. de Lemos, from Kwang Chow Wan, buoy No. S41.—Wg Hop & Co.

September 1.

Berrima, British str., 7,012 tons, Capt. K. C. Dene, from Singapore, Naval buoy No. A6.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.

Benavon, British str., 3,723 tons, Capt. J. J. Fairweather, from London and ports, Kowloon Wharf.—Gibb, Livingston & Co.

Chang Chow, British str., 1,203 tons, Capt. W. J. Anderson, from Swatow, buoy No. C18.—B. & S.

Chenan, British str., 1,355 tons, Capt. R. T. Stephens, from Canton, buoy No. B38.—B. & S.

Empress of Canada, British str., 21,516 tons, Capt. A. J. Hailey, from Manila, Kowloon Wharf.—C.P.R.

General Metzinger, French str., 9,345 tons, Capt. Y. Brun, from Marseilles, Kowloon Wharf.—M.M.

Halvard, British str., 1,257 tons, Capt. W. Lee, from Canton, buoy No. C35.—Wo Fat Sing.

Kwaiyong, British str., 1,580 tons, Capt. C. P. Miller, from Hoihow, buoy No. B21.—B. & S.

President Cleveland, American str., 14,123 tons, Capt. George W. Yardley, from Manila, Kowloon Wharf.—Dollis S.S. Line.

Sancho Maru, Japanese str., 694 tons, Capt. M. Tsuge, from Canton, Kowloon Bay.—M.B.K.

Shun Chih, Chinese str., 1,251 tons, Capt. T. Torbjornsen, from Saigon, buoy No. C45.—Chong Tong Ha.

Shinsei Maru No. 6, Japanese str., 2,127 tons, Capt. S. Ozawa, from Hongkong, buoy No. B48.—M.B.K.

Sunning, British str., 1,370 tons, Capt. W. Shaw, from Canton, buoy No. B34.—B. & S.

CLEARANCES

September 1.

An Lee, for Chefoo.

Benavon, for Shanghai.

Changchow, for Canton.

Chenan, for Foochow.

Clara Jebben, for Hoihow.

General Metzinger, for Shanghai.

Genmei Maru, for Takao.

Hydrangea, for Swatow.

Kaiapoi, for Hongkong.

President Cleveland, for Shanghai.

Sancho Maru, for Takao.

Sunning, for Swatow.

Tainan, for Canton.

THE "BERRIMA" HERE.

FORMER P. & O. STEAMER FOR JAPAN.

The former P. & O. s.s. Berrima made her first visit to this port when she arrived from London and Singapore yesterday under the command of Capt. Dene.

It will be recalled that the Berrima, together with three other vessels of the same company, were sold to a concern in Japan, and the Berrima is now on her way there to be delivered to her purchasers. She has a net tonnage of 7,012 tons and carried 1,037 tons of general cargo for this port and 1,280 tons in transit.

Her crew consists of 85 British seamen and 11 Asiatics.

SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following merchant ships were in harbour yesterday:—

Wharves:—Kowloon: Tacoma Maru, General Metzinger, Benavon, Empress of Canada; Holt's: Autolycus; Jardine Matheson's: Waishing; O.S.K.: Menado Maru; Douglas Lapraik: Haiching; Chiu On: Hydrangea.

Docks:—Kowloon: Seistan, Isis, Adamastor, Yatshing; Taikoo: New Mathilde, Crenatula, Hong Keng, Soochow.

Buoys:—A4 Tjissondari, A10 Kiangsu, B11 Chiah Lee, B12 Tainan, C19 Hiram, A25 Genmei Maru, A23 Neleus, B34 Sunning, C35 Halvard, B36 Hang Sang, B38 Chenan, C39 An Lee, C40 Kweichow, C41 Wing Wo, C42 Bremerhaven, C43 Clara Jebben, C44 Hellas, C47 Hin Sang, C48 Shinsei Maru.

WARSHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following warships were in port yesterday:—

Basin:—Tamar.

South Wall:—Serapis, Seraph.

East Wall:—Cicala, Oswald, Ouiris.

North Arm:—Sepoy.

Foreign Men of War:—Portuguese cruiser Adamastor, French gunboat Argus.

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S.S. "CITY OF MOBILE" ... London, Rotterdam & Hamburg ... 6th October

NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE

S.S. "CITY OF CHESTER" ... 7th October

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ANDREW WEIR & CO.

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M.V. "LOSSIEBANK" ... 17th September

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA

S.S. "TINHOW" ... 6th November

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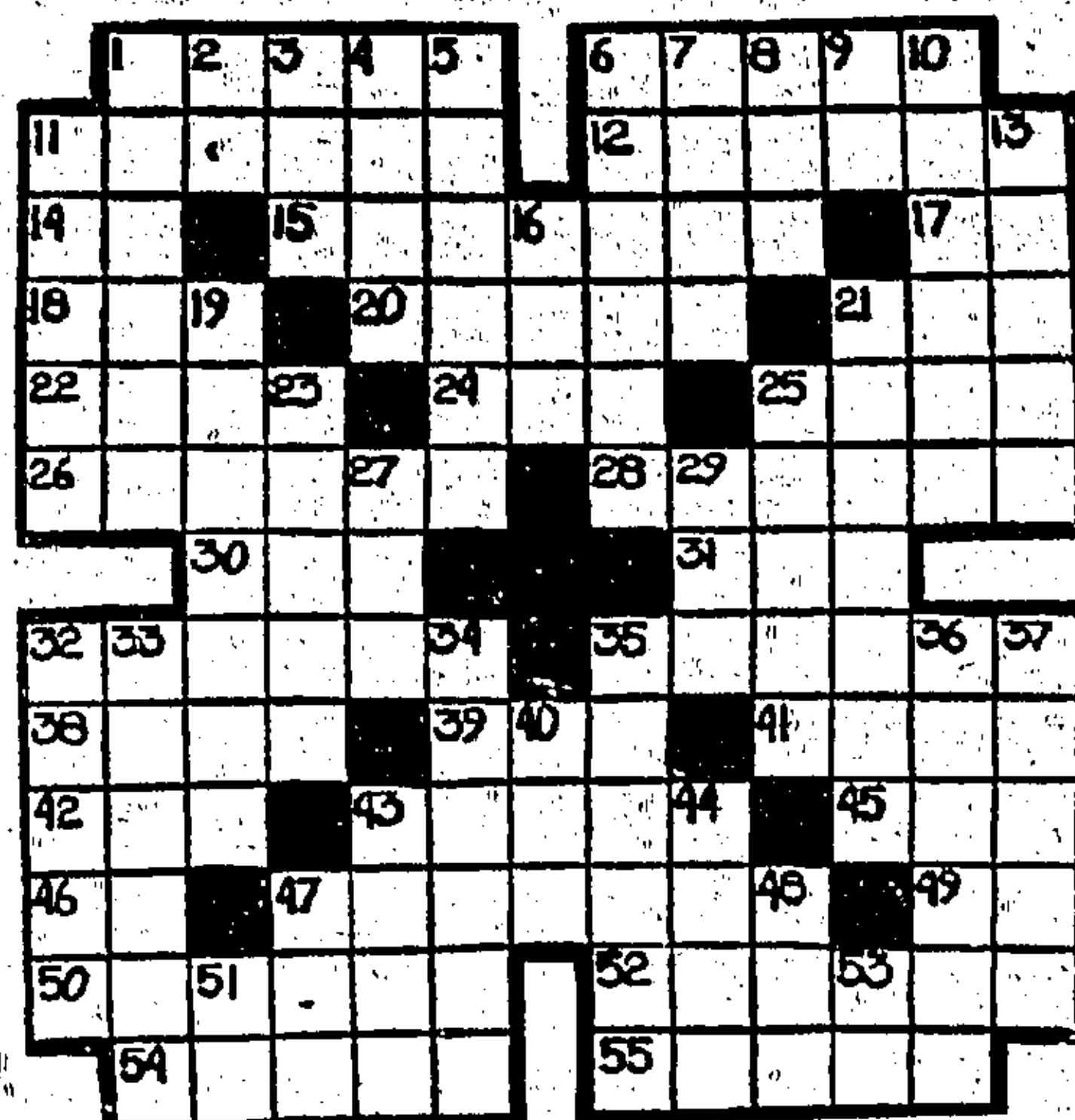
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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL PORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(Under Contract with H.M. Government)

Steamship	Tons.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"MANTUA"	10,946	18th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"ALPHEUS"	8,273	17th Sept.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"KAREGAR"	9,005	27th Sept.	Mars. L'don, Hull, R'dm. & A'warp.
"MALWA"	10,980	11th Oct.	Marseilles & London.
"KEYBER"	9,114	25th Oct.	Mars. L'don, Hull, R'dm. & A'warp.
"MACEDONIA"	11,120	8th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"NAGPORE"	5,283	15th Nov. [Mars.]	L'don, Hull, R'dm. & A'warp.
"KARMALA"	9,128	22nd Nov.	do.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,619	6th Dec.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KALYAN"	1,144	20th Dec.	Mars. L'don, Hull, R'dm. & A'warp.
"LAHORE"	5,304	27th Dec.	Marseilles & London.
		1931	
"RANCHI"	16,650	3rd Jan.	Marseilles & London.
"KASHMIR"	8,883	17th Jan.	Mars. L'don, Hull, R'dm. & A'warp.
"COMORIN"	15,133	31st Jan.	Marseilles & London.
"KAREGAR"	9,005	14th Feb.	do.
"MALWA"	10,980	28th Feb.	do.
"MACEDONIA"	11,120	14th Mar.	do.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,619	28th Mar.	do.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE AND YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.



HORIZONTAL

- 1.—Aches.
- 2.—Killed.
- 3.—Scoundrel.
- 4.—Social ranks.
- 5.—Conjunction.
- 6.—Tombstone inscription.
- 7.—By.
- 8.—Globe.
- 9.—Till.
- 10.—To look sneakingly.
- 11.—Jutting rocks.
- 12.—Conclusion.
- 13.—Celt.
- 14.—Part of dynamo.
- 15.—Long step.
- 16.—Moving truck.
- 17.—Poetic: even.
- 18.—Risks.
- 19.—Shortened sail.
- 20.—To load.
- 21.—Part of shoe.
- 22.—Top.
- 23.—In the past.
- 24.—Grows tiresome.
- 25.—Part of mouth.
- 26.—In this way.
- 27.—An explosive.
- 28.—Toward.
- 29.—State of excitement.
- 30.—Musical instrument.
- 31.—Wearies.
- 32.—Rate of progress.

VERTICAL

- 1.—Tropical bird.
- 2.—While.
- 3.—Cool dessert.
- 4.—Back of neck.
- 5.—Small splinter.
- 6.—Burns with fluid.
- 7.—Drinks with tongue.



HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Authorized Capital\$50,000,000
 Issued & Fully Paid-up.....\$30,000,000
 Reserve Funds:—
 Sterling£3,800,000
 Silver\$9,500,000
 Reserve Liability of Pro-
 prietors\$30,000,000

Head Office: Hong Kong.

Board of Directors:
 J. A. FLEMING, Esq., Chairman.
 Hon. Mr. C. G. S. MACRAE, Deputy Chairman.

W. H. Bell, Esq.,
 A. H. Campbell, Esq.,
 B. Lander Lewis, Esq.,
 G. Miskin, Esq.,
 Hon. Mr. J. J. Paterson,
 T. E. Pearce, Esq.,
 T. H. R. Shaw, Esq.,
 J. P. Warren, Esq.,
 Chief Manager:
 V. M. GRAYBURN, Esq.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in Local Currency and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods in Local Currency and Sterling on terms which will be quoted on application.
 Hong Kong, 18th July, 1930. [28]

HONG KONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.
 For the Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation,
 V. M. GRAYBURN,
 Chief Manager.
 Hong Kong, 16th July, 1930. [2]

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Authorized Capital.....Gldrs. 150,000,000
 (\$12,500,000)

Paid-Up Capital.....Gldrs. 80,030,000
 (\$6,402,400)

Reserve Fund.....Gldrs. 40,015,000
 (\$3,201,200)

Head Office: Amsterdam.
 BRANCHES:—Batavia, Bencoolen, Birmah, Borneo, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Penang, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

London Branches:—
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Correspondents all over the world.
 Banking Business of every description transacted.
 A. STOKKINK,
 Acting Manager.
 Hong Kong, 18th May, 1930. [30]

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Head Office: Hong Kong.

Hong Kong Currency.
 AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....\$11,000,000
 PAID-UP CAPITAL.....5,665,000
 RESERVE FUND.....1,000,000

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Foreign Exchange and General Banking Business transacted.
 CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. H. FERGUSON,
 Manager.
 Hong Kong, 28th Jan., 1929. [30]

BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE

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 London: Midland Bank, Ltd.
 New York: American Exchange, Irving Trust Co., Banca Commerciale Italiana.
 San Francisco: Bank of Italy.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
 Correspondents throughout the World.

A. BOLLIN,
 Manager.
 Hong Kong, 1st July, 1929.

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HEAD OFFICE:
 18, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital£3,000,000
 Subscribed Capital£1,300,000
 Paid-up Capital£1,060,000
 Reserve Fund and Res.£1,648,508

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HONG KONG BRANCH:
 Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
 Travellers Cheques issued.
 Trustees and Executorships undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at Rates that may be ascertained on application.

F. THOROUGHGOOD,
 Acting Manager.
 7, Queen's Road Central,
 Hong Kong, 10th Apr., 1930. [29]

BANK OF CHINA.

Reorganised October 26, 1928, under special charter of The National Government as an

INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK.

Subscribed Capital\$25,000,000.00
 Paid-Up Capital\$24,710,800.00
 Reserve Funds\$3,820,503.83

HEAD OFFICE: SHANGHAI.

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SHOU J. CHEN,
 Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

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Subscribed Capital Frs. 72,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital Frs. 66,400,000.00

Reserve Fund Frs. 103,000,000.00

BRANCHES:
 Bangkok, Hong Kong, Quinhon, Battambang, Hue, Saigon, Cantho, Mengtze, Shanghai, Canton, Nam-Dinh, Singapore, Djibouti, Noumea, Thanhhoa, Fort Bayard, Papeete, Tientsin, Haiphong, Peking, Tourane, Hankow, Pnom-Penh, Vinh, Hanoi, Pondicherry, Yunnanfu.

BANKERS:

IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Société Générale.

IN LONDON: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

IN NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan & Co.; French-American Bank and Corporation; Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
 Safe Deposit Boxes to let.
 A. LECOT,
 Manager.
 Hong Kong, 2nd May, 1929. [23]

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Capital (fully paid-up) Yen 100,000,000

Reserve Fund Yen 111,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:
 Alexandria, Kai Yuen, Rangoon, Batavia, Karachi, Saigon, Bombay, Kobe, Soerabaya, Calcutta, London, San Francisco, Canton, Lyons, Shanghai, Chongchun, Los Angeles, Seattle, Dairen, Manila, Semarang, (Dairen) Nagasaki, Singapore, Fongtien, Nagoya, Shinjoh, (Mukden) Newchwang, Shimonoseki, Hankow, New York, Sydney, Hankow, Osaka, Tientsin, Harbin, Peking, Tokyo, Hong Kong, Rio de Janeiro, Tientsin, Honolulu.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd.,
 Interest allowed on Current Accounts.

Deposits received for Fixed Periods at rates to be obtained on application.

H. MORI, Manager.
 Hong Kong, March 10, 1930. [16]

THE HO HONG BANK, LTD.

(Established 1917.)

CAPITAL:—

Authorized\$20,000,000

Issued\$5,000,000

Paid-up\$4,000,000

Shareholders\$4,000,000

Surplus\$2,528,000

HEAD OFFICE: SINGAPORE.
 Branches, Agencies and Correspondents in the principal cities of the world.
 Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

TANJENG HOOL,
 Manager.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, INC.

HEAD OFFICE:
 35, BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Capital.....U.S.\$6,000,000

Surplus.....U.S.\$1,572,454

Reserves.....U.S.\$1,803,209

BRANCHES:—
 Amsterdam, Constantinople, Lyons, Palermo, Antwerp, Edinburgh, Legona, Rotterdam, Athens, Florence, Livorno, Rome, St. Petersburg, Berlin, Geneva, St. Gallen, Zurich, Basle, Garmisch, Monte Carlo, Shanghai, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Canton, Hongkong, Singapore, Yokohama, Kobe, Manila, Cebu, Batavia, Bencoolen, Birmah, Borneo, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Delhi, Hongkong, Howrah, Ipoh, Kanton, Kowloon, Madras, Malacca, Penang, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Branches of AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY in Principal Cities of United States of America and Canada.

All classes of Commercial Banking Transactions undertaken.

Personal investment accounts handled.

The Company offers to intending Travellers the use of its "Travelers' Cheques" and Letters of Credit and, in addition, the world wide services of its thoroughly equipped Travel Department.

Affiliated with
 THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK
 ResourcesOver \$2,500,000,000

For freight, passage rates, and information apply to—
 Butterfield & Swire,
 Agents.

EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

August 30, 1930.

On LONDON:—
 Telegraphic Transfer... 1/3 13/16
 Bank Bills, on demand 1/3 13/16
 Bank Bills, 4 months' sight 1/3 15/16
 Credits, 4 months' sight 1/4
 Documents, 4 months' sight 1/4 1/4

On PARIS:—
 Bank Bills, on demand 816
 Credits, 4 months' sight 856
 On NEW YORK:—
 Bank Bills, on demand 39 3/4
 Credits, 60 days' sight 39 3/4
 On HONGKONG:—
 Telegraphic Transfer } 88 1/2
 Bank, on demand } 88 1/2

On CALCUTTA:—
 Telegraphic Transfer } 88 1/2
 Bank, on demand } 88 1/2

On SHANGHAI:—
 Bank, at sight 11 1/2
 On YOKOHAMA:—
 On demand 6 1/2
 On SINGAPORE:—
 On demand 57
 On BATAVIA:—On demand... 79 1/2

On HAIKONG:—
 On demand 82
 On SAIGON:—On demand... 82
 On BANGKOK:—
 On demand 138 1/2

SOVEREIGNS, Bank's Buying
 Rate 1/4 7/16
 BAR SILVER, per oz. 18 7/16

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LIMITED.
 HEAD OFFICE: HONG KONG.
 No. 10, DES VOUX ROAD CENTRAL, HONG KONG.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL\$10,000,000
 PAID-UP CAPITAL5,000,000
 RESERVE1,750,000

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—
 Batavia, London, Penang, Singapore, Bombay, Manila, Rangoon, Sourabaya, Calcutta, Melbourne, Saigon, Sydney, Canton, Nagasaki, San Francisco, Haiphong, New York, Cebu, Tientsin, Honolulu, Osaka, Seattle, Tokyo, Kobe, Paris, Semarang, Kowloon, Peking, Shanghai.

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